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FOR ANALYZING  
BATTERY PERFORMANCE DATA**

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BY

**G. HALPERT**

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**ABSTRACT**

N67-13164

A system of computer programs (routines) for processing and analyzing battery and other time-dependent data is presented. The first sections describe the format of the data on punched cards and the mechanism for converting the cards to magnetic storage tape. The third and major section describes the individual analysis routines, instructions to the analyst and computer operator on their use, and the type of output from each. These routines include a means for reducing data, performing mathematical operations, listing, plotting in graphical form, and statistically analyzing the data. Programmers information is found in the Appendices.

*Author*

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INTRODUCTION

A System of Battery Analysis Programs (SBAP) has performed satisfactorily in the processing and the analyzing of battery performance data. This report which describes the programs was specifically written so that the battery engineer or analyst with little or no knowledge in computer operations can put the system into practical use.

The need for the SBAP became evident when evaluating the test results of the nickel-cadmium battery research project (NAS-5-3027) initiated by GSFC in 1963. In this project twelve 10-cell nickel cadmium batteries were tested for prolonged periods in related but different types of operations. Performance characteristics such as current, cell voltages and average power were measured during the charge and discharge phases. Because of the complexity of the test, an IBM 1710 computer was used to control the operations and record the measurements. To reduce the volume of data, measurements made during the charge and discharge phases were recorded only when certain parameters were exceeded. Measurements representing compiled data were recorded at the end of every phase.

The mathematical and statistical data evaluation using the SBAP assists in the determination of relationships between battery operation and battery life, which is the primary objectives of the Battery Research Project. In writing the SBAP, an effort was made to make it flexible enough to be used by anyone with battery data or for any data of a similar time-dependent nature.

The first part of this report describes the arrangement (format) of the battery test data on the punched cards. The information provided in this section should be considered by the battery engineer before designing a battery test if he intends to utilize a computer program for subsequent analysis of the resulting data. The second part describes the SBAP, the five routines comprising it, what the functions of the routines are, how they are used, and what instructions should be given

to the computer operator in order to process them. Appendix A supplies information needed to transfer raw data from cards to magnetic tapes. Appendices B and C contain programming information such as source statements and flow charts for all routines mentioned.

The programs were written for the IBM 7094 computer system at GSFC and are usable with other computers containing a comparable storage capacity, and the ability to utilize FORTRAN II language. The computer time required for each processing depends on the routines used, the quantity of data extracted from the raw data tapes, and the operations to be performed. The average time for each routine is given under operator instructions.

#### INPUT DATA AND FORMAT REQUIRED

In order to analyze battery performance or similar types of time-dependent data, the data must be punched onto cards in a specific order (format) so the computer can process and store the data on magnetic storage tape. In the process, the data is sorted, edited, and brought up to date. The raw data on tape in binary form are then ready to be used as input data to the SBAP.

There are two types of data available from a performance test: outcard data, obtained during the charge and discharge phase, and endcard data, taken at the end of the phase and representing a compilation of the data. A separate tape is required for each type. Depending on the analyst's request an endcard raw data tape, an outcard raw data tape, or a combination of the two is supplied as input to the battery analysis program.

#### Outcard Format

An outcard is divided into 21 groups, and each represents a specific measurement. The name of the group, the number of digits allowed, the location of the decimal point, and a sample and its meaning are given in Figure 1. An important consideration for those who are designing a test is to decide which information should be included. Any outcard type measurement can be punched into the card in a space allotted for a group with an asterisk, provided that the number of digits and the position of the decimal point are the same as in the group it replaced. For example, if ten temperature measurements are made on one cell using thermocouples, the millivolt values can be punched into the spaces reserved for V0 to V9.

#### Endcard Format

Examples of endcards are given in Figures 2 and 3. Two endcards are provided to accommodate additional data. Included are the group names, the number of digits allowed, the location of the decimal point, and the sample and its meaning. As with outcards, any measurements of endcard data can be punched into the spaces reserved for the asterisked groups. The number of digits and decimal point restrictions must be taken into account.

Battery Number	Cycle Number	Year	Date	Time	Delta Time	Average Power*	Cycle Phase	Current*	Pressure*	V0	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	Daily Sequence Number
CELL VOLTAGE																				

OUTCARD

No.	Groups	Digit and decimal designation	Sample	Units or meaning
1	Battery No.	XX	01	Battery 1
2	Cycle No.	XXXX	2765	Cycle 2765
3	Year	X	6	1966
4	Day	XXX	365	Dec. 31
5	Time	XX.XXXX		Hours
6	Delta Elapsed Time	X.XXXX		Hours
7	Avg. Instantaneous power*	XX.XXX		Watts
8	Phase	X	0	Charge
9	Current*	XX.XXX		Amperes
10	Pressure*	XX.XX		Millivolts
11	Voltage of cell 0*	X.XXX		Volts
12	Voltage of cell 1*	X.XXX		Volts
13	Voltage of cell 2*	X.XXX		Volts
14	Voltage of cell 3*	X.XXX		Volts
15	Voltage of cell 4*	X.XXX		Volts
16	Voltage of cell 5*	X.XXX		Volts
17	Voltage of cell 6*	X.XXX		Volts
18	Voltage of cell 7*	X.XXX		Volts
19	Voltage of cell 8*	X.XXX		Volts
20	Voltage of cell 9*	X.XXX		Volts
21	Sequence No.	XXXX	0032	32nd Card.

Note 1: Each of the groups labeled with an asterisk can be replaced by another group if the new data has the same number of digits and the same decimal point location. The new group must also be an outcard data group (described in text).

Note 2: The sequence numbers for outcards must start with "0000" or "3000." The card to tape editing program checks these numbers to assure that outcard data is put on an outcard data tape.

Figure 1—Format of Outcards

Battery Number	Cycle Number	Year	Date	Time Duration	Ampere Minutes*	Watt Minutes*	Energy Efficiency	Ampere Hours*	Watt Hours*	Average Current*	Minimum Current*	Maximum Current*	Average Power*	Minimum Power*	Maximum Hours*	Current Efficiency*	Endcard No.	Cycle Phase	Daily Sequence Number

ENDCARD NO. 1

Groups	Digit and decimal designation	Sample	Units or Meaning
Battery No.	XX	01	Battery 1
Cycle No.	XXXX	2765	Cycle 2765
Year	X	6	1966
Date	XXX	365	Dec. 31
Time duration	XX.XXXX		Hours
Ampere minutes*	XXX.XXX		Amp. minutes
Watt minutes*	XXX.XXX		Watt minutes
Efficiency (Energy)*	XX.X		
Ampere hours*	XX.XXX		Amp hours
Watt hours*	XX.XXX		Watt hours
Average current*	XX.XXX		Amperes
Minimum current*	XX.XXX		Amperes
Maximum current*	XX.XXX		Amperes
Average power*	XX.XXX		Watts
Minimum power*	XX.XXX		Watts
Maximum power*	XX.XXX		Watts
Efficiency (Current)*	XX.X		Amperes
Endcard No.	X	1	Endcard 1
Phase	X	1	Discharge
Sequence No.	XXXX	6004	9th card

Note 1: Each of the groups designated with an asterisk can be replaced by another group if the new data has the same number of digits and same decimal point location. The new group must be endcard data.

Note 2: The sequence numbers for endcards must start with "6000" or "8000." The card to tape editing program checks these numbers to assure that the endcard data is put on an endcard data tape.

Figure 2—Format of endcard 1

Battery Number	Cycle Number	Year	Date	E/I Ratio	*	C0	C1	*	C2	*	C3	*	C4	*	C5	*	C6	*	C7	*	C8	*	C9		Max. Variance	C0	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	C9	*	Real Time	*	Endcard No.	Cycle Phase	Daily Sequence Number
					*			*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*																			

CELL CYCLE COUNT

CELL ACTIVITY

ENDCARD NO. 2

<u>Group</u>	<u>Digit and decimal designation</u>	<u>Sample</u>	<u>Unit or Meaning</u>
Battery No.	XX	05	Battery 5
Cycle No.	XXXX	2765	Cycle 2765
Year	X	6	1966
Date	XXX	365	Dec. 31
E/I ratio = $\frac{V_{\text{average}}}{I_{\text{average}}}$ coefficient*	X.XXX		Coef. Resistance
Cycle count cell #0*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #1*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #2*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #3*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #4*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #5*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #6*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #7*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #8*	XXXX.		
Cycle count cell #9*	XXXX.		
Maximum variance	XX.XXX		
Cell activity	XXXXXXXXXXXX		All cells
Real time phase completion*	XX.XXX	1322	Hours
Endcard No.	X	2	Endcard 2
Phase	X	0	Charge
Sequence No.	XXXX	8004	4th Card

Note 1: Each of the groups labeled with an asterisk can be replaced by another group if the new data has the same number of digits and the same decimal point location.

Note 2: The sequence numbers for endcards must start with a "6000" or "8000." The card to tape editing program checks these numbers to assure that the endcard data is put on an endcard data tape.

Figure 3—Format of endcard 2

## CARD TO TAPE CONVERSION

In order to use the data on outcards and/or endcards in the SBAP, it must be stored on magnetic storage tape in a binary form. This is done by processing the outcards and endcards separately, using a set of card-to-tape editing routines. The routines are listed in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1  
Card to tape editing program for outcards.

A-1	Card to tape - rough routine
B-1	Sort routine
C-1	Alpha check routine
D-1	Preliminary analysis
E-1	Delete and duplicator elimination routine
F-1	BCD to binary routine
G-1	Binary merge routine

Table 2  
Card to tape editing program for endcards.

A-2	Card to tape - rough routine (Endcard 1 and endcard 2 separately)
B-2	Sort routine (Endcard 1 and 2 separately)
C-2	Alpha check routine (Endcards 1 and 2 separately)
D-2	Preliminary analysis routine (Endcard 1 only)
E-2	Delete and duplication elimination routine (Endcard 1 only)
F-2	BCD to binary routine (Endcard 1 and 2 separately)
G-2	Binary merge routine (Endcard 1 and 2 together)

The objective of these routines is to transfer the data to magnetic tape, sort it, arrange it in the proper sequence, test it for validity, code the invalid or incomplete data, and merge the data in binary form with existing data. The routines, instructions, flow charts, and source deck statements appear in appendix A.

### Outcard Raw Data Tape Format

When the conversion from outcards to an outcard raw-data tape is completed, the tape will contain the same information as the cards but in a slightly different arrangement of groups and in a particular sequence as illustrated in Figure 4.

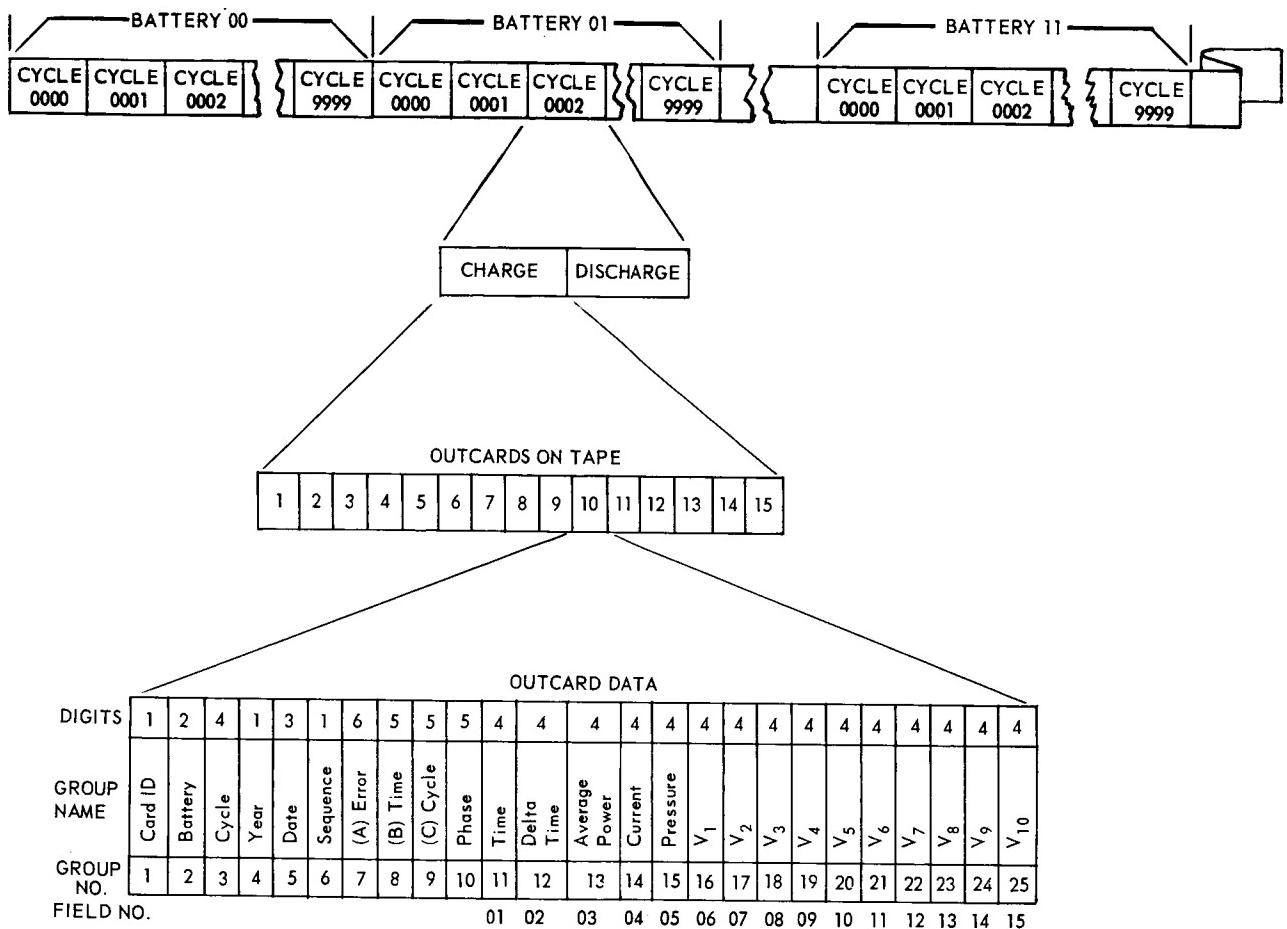


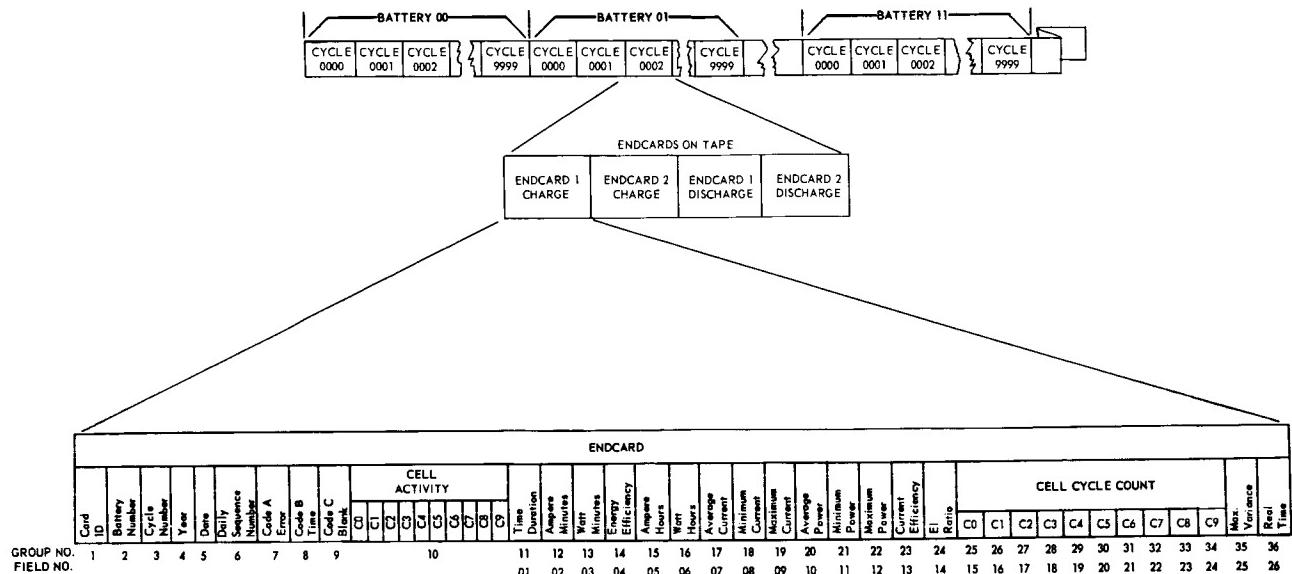
Figure 4—Outcard data tape format

The tape at the top of the page shows the data arranged in sequence by battery. Thus, all data pertinent to the first battery (battery 00) is recorded first on the tape, all data pertinent to the second battery (battery 01) is recorded next, and etc. Data recorded for each battery are divided into cycles; each cycle is subdivided into a charge or discharge phase. The data from each phase are subdivided into approximately 25 data groups. Groups 11 to 25 (designated fields 1 to 15) are abstracted from the outcard raw-data tape at the request of the analyst and used in the analysis.

Groups 1-10 are only checked as the computer processes the data and are never abstracted from the tape.

## **Endcard Raw Data Tape Format**

The endcard data is arranged on the endcard raw-data tape by battery, by cycle, and by phase, respectively (Figure 5).



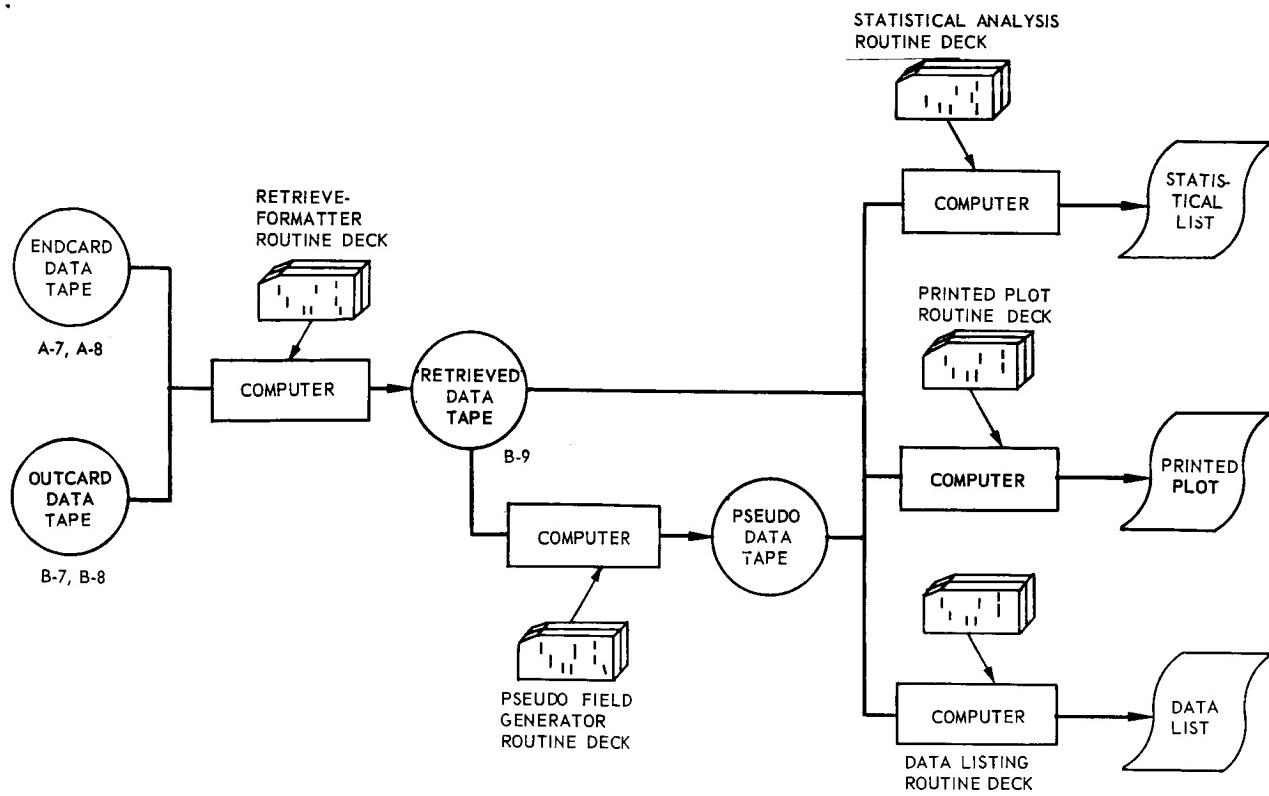
**Figure 5—Endcard data tape format**

The data from endcard 1 and endcard 2 were merged to form one large endcard on the tape. There are 36 groups on this endcard, and each group contains one item of information. As in the case of outcards, the first 10 groups are checked by the program while the computer is processing the data but never retrieved. The rest of the groups (11-36) are designated fields 1 to 26. These fields are specified by the analyst when requesting data to be abstracted from the raw-data tapes and are used in the analysis.

## SYSTEM OF BATTERY ANALYSIS PROGRAMS (SBAP)

The SBAP consists of five programs which are used to process raw data input and to print-out desired information in a suitable form. The overall program sequence is illustrated in Figure 6.

As pointed out in the first part of this volume, raw data input consists of outcard and endcard data tapes which contain encoded measurements made during battery charge and discharge cycles. Outcard data are obtained during a charge or discharge phase, endcard data are taken at the end of each charge and discharge phase.



\*MOUNT PSEUDO DATA INPUT TAPE AT B-9 FOR LIST ROUTINE ONLY.

Figure 6—Battery analysis program functional flow diagram

The five routines are:

1. A Retrieve-Formatter Routine to extract specified data from the endcard and outcard data tapes, and to record it in a more suitable form on a retrieved-data tape.
2. A Pseudo Generator Routine for mathematical operations on the retrieved-formatted data which records the results on a pseudo-data tape.
3. A Data List Routine to obtain a listing (printout) of the data as it appears on the retrieve or pseudo tape.
4. A Statistical Analysis Routine for the data using such results as mean, variance, standard deviation, linear correlation, and multiple stepwise linear regression.
5. A Printed Plot Routine which presents data in graphical form.

In order to process a routine, a tape containing the data and the routine card deck must be supplied. The decks are complete except for control cards which must be added by the program user. The control cards determine the results obtained by specifying the type of data to be abstracted, and the statistical and mathematical operations to be performed.

Recorded data which might be incomplete because the cycle was cut short or might contain errors but are still usable can be requested and will be coded with a flag word describing what the problem is. However, it will not be supplied unless specifically requested.

The time required for a run of one routine depends on the amount of data requested and the operations to be performed. The average request for one routine is 2 minutes.

#### Data Retrieve-Formatter Routine

The retrieve-formatter routine whose functional diagram appears in Figure 7 is the first step in the analysis. The purpose is to select specific data fields from endcard or outcard raw data tapes and record this data on a retrieved data tape. The format of the retrieved data will be suitable for processing in the other routines of the program. An off-line history tape is simultaneously prepared which can be listed — to ascertain error or data loss.

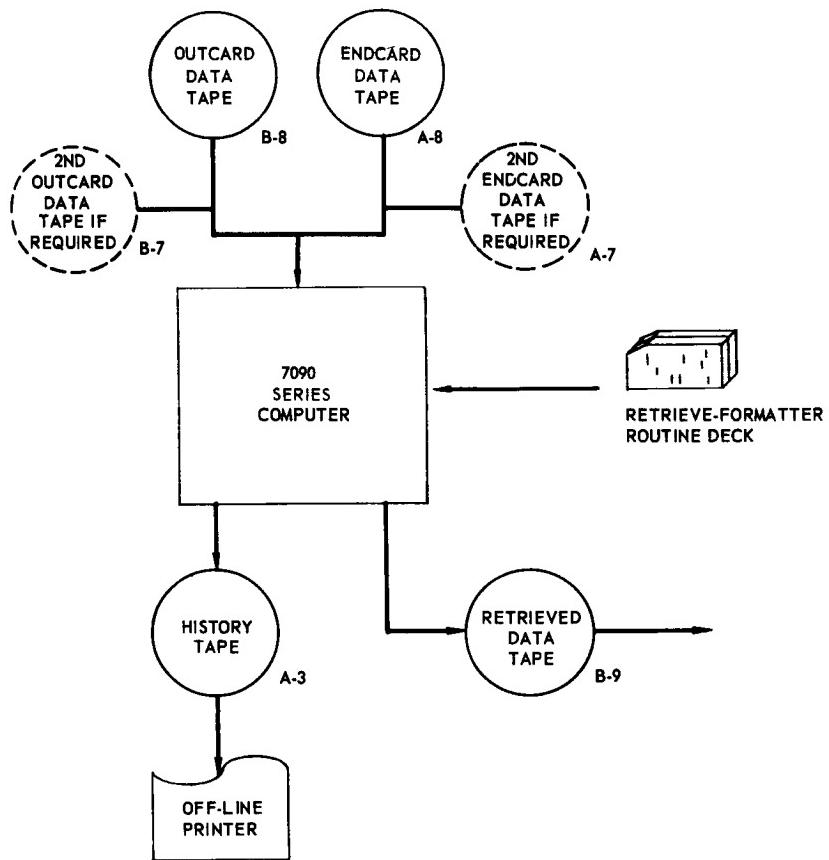


Figure 7—Retrieve formatter routine functional flow diagram

An endcard raw data tape is the only input tape required as an input when the endcard data is desired in the analysis. If outcard data is desired, both tapes are required because the outcard data on a particular phase (charge or discharge) is referenced to the total number of ampere hours (field 9) and the total time duration (field 5) of that phase appearing on the endcard data tape. If total ampere hours and total time duration are identical for the same phase on every cycle, an additional control card with the proper information can be added to the routine deck and only the outcard raw data tape is needed.

The retrieve-formatter routine deck, with one or more control cards added, is used to control the computer program so that only the fields requested are retrieved from the input data (raw data) tape. If one raw data endcard or outcard tape does not contain all the data available, a second tape of each can be used provided the cycle numbers on the outcard tapes and endcard tapes correspond.

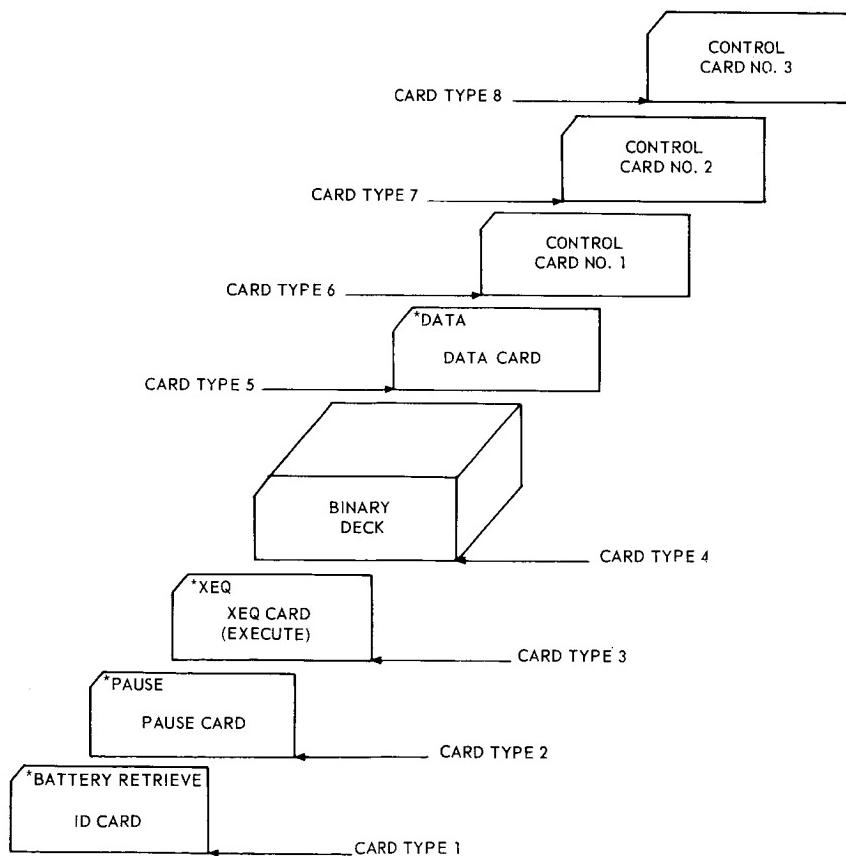


Figure 8—Retrieve formatter routine card deck arrangement

Card deck arrangement. The cards are arranged in the sequence shown in Figure 8. The cards types are:

<u>Card Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Analyst identification card — asterisk in column 1 and any appropriate statement in columns 7-72
2	Pause card — asterisk in column 1 and the letters PAUSE in columns 7-11
3	Execute card — asterisk in column 1 and the letters XEQ in columns 7-9
4	Binary routine deck
5	Data card — asterisk in column 1 and the letters DATA in columns 7-10
6	Control card 1
7	Control card 2
8	Control card 3

Types 2-5 are the same for every retrieve-formatter request. Type 1 can be changed at the discretion of the analyst. Types 6-8 contain the request, and will control the routine.

Control cards. Each request requires from one to three control cards. The first card selects the batteries and fields to be retrieved, the cycle range and increments, and raw data input tape. The second card provides six additional cycle ranges, and the third is used when the outcard raw data tape is processed by itself. In order to process more than one request on a single computer run, additional sets of control cards can be added to the end of the deck. A description of each control card is given below.

Control card 1. The information punched into this card contains the request of the analyst for abstracting data from the endcard data and/or outcard data tape. It can be used without control card 2 if no additional cycle ranges are required, and without control card 3 if the outcard data tape only is not required.

#### Control Card No. 1 (Figure 9)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card columns</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	1	A "1" punch in column 1 of the control card will select endcard data. A "0" punch in this column will select outcard data. Figure 9 shows the selection of outcard data.
2	2-13	A selection of data on one or more batteries is obtained by entering a "1" punch in the appropriate battery identification columns 2-13. The illustration shows the selection of batteries 4, 8 and 9.
3	14-17	Items 3, 4, and 5 are listed separately but are used in conjunction with one another. Item 3 specifies the first cycle number requested. Cycle 2500 is selected in the illustration.

<u>Card Type</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Outcard or endcard data
2	Battery identification
3	Starting cycle
4	Interval between cycles
5	Number of increments
6	Phase
7	Time code
8	Field definition
9	Outcard data tape only
10	Least square fit - % of cycle
11	Statistical or non-statistical
12	Additional cycle range
13	Invalid data request
14	Cell cycle (outcard only)
15	Expired day

The diagram illustrates a control card structure. On the left, a rectangular frame contains 32 numbered fields (1 through 32) arranged in four columns of eight. Fields 1 through 5 are in the first column, 6 through 10 in the second, 11 through 15 in the third, and 16 through 32 in the fourth. Fields 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32 are represented by short vertical lines. Fields 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32 are represented by horizontal dashed lines. Fields 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 contain numerical values: 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 3, 9, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2; 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72; and 0, 3, 0 respectively. To the right of the card frame, a vertical list of 15 card types is provided, each with a corresponding number and a brief description.

Figure 9—Retrieve-formatter routine control card 1

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card columns</u>	<u>Description</u>
4	18-20	The minimum distance between cycles specifies the minimum number of cycles between the actual desired cycles. Starting with cycle 2500 and the minimum distance between cycles of 10, the following cycles if found would appear on the retrieved data tape: 2500, 2510, 2520 . . . when a cycle cannot be found the closest higher cycle is used.
5	21-24	Item 5 specifies the maximum number of cycles desired. As illustrated, 21 increments of 10 cycles each would appear on the retrieved data tape: 2500, 2510, 2530 . . . 2690, 2700. The cycle range is between 2500 and 2700. The program will extract data only within this range, even though the data may be sparse and cycle 2700 is reached before 21 cycles have been retrieved.
6	25	The half cycle specification is actually a specification of charge or discharge phase. A "0" punch in this column denotes the charge phase of the cycle. A "1" punch denotes the discharge phase (Figure 9), and a "2" punch denotes that the requested fields will be extracted for both phases. A negative cycle appearing on the retrieval tape indicates data is extracted from the discharge phase.
7	26-28	The time code columns of the card, columns 26 through 28, apply only to the outcards. The digit in column 26 may be "0", "1", "2" or "3". A "0" specifies all data is requested for those cycles. A "1" specifies a request for a third order least squares polynomial fit of the selected fields corresponding to $Y = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D$ . Delta time will always be the x-coordinate and must never be one of the requested fields. The Y-coordinate may be any of the fields (maximum of 5), except delta time. The output from a least squares fit request will contain standard deviation and four coefficients (A, B, C and D) for each field requested. In order for this to occur a "1" must also be punched in column 65 (item 10). A "2" or "3" in column 26 is used in conjunction with columns 27 and 28. Columns 27 and 28 specify the actual percentage of the cycle (time duration) that data are desired. The illustration shows 91 percent of the cycle. A "2" in column 26 would specify the first 91 percent of the cycle and a "3" in this column would specify the last 91 percent of the cycle. A "0" in column 26 would specify 100 percent of data in the cycle. The last 91 percent of the cycle is illustrated. When there is a "1" in column 65 there will be a least squares polynomial fit of the specified percentage of the cycle requested.
8	29-62	The various fields of the endcard and outcard data tapes are called out by field number (Table 3). There are 15 separate outcard fields and

**Table 3**  
**Definition of field numbers for retrieve formatter routine**

Field numbers	Actual outcard field	Actual endcard field
F01	Time	Time duration
F02	Elapsed Time	Amp minutes
F03	Average Instant. Power	Watt minutes
F04	Current	Energy efficiency
F05	Pressure	Amp hours
F06	Voltage of cell 0	Watt hours
F07	Voltage of cell 1	Avg. current
F08	Voltage of cell 2	Min. current
F09	Voltage of cell 3	Max. current
F10	Voltage of cell 4	Avg. power
F11	Voltage of cell 5	Min. power
F12	Voltage of cell 6	Max. power
F13	Voltage of cell 7	Current efficiency
F14	Voltage of cell 8	<u>Avg. voltage</u>
F15	Voltage of cell 9	Avg. current
F16		Cycle of cell 0
F17		Cycle of cell 1
F18		Cycle of cell 2
F19		Cycle of cell 3
F20		Cycle of cell 4
F21		Cycle of cell 5
F22		Cycle of cell 6
F23		Cycle of cell 7
F24		Cycle of cell 8
F25		Cycle of cell 9
F26		Maximum variation
		R. time

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card controls</u>	<u>Description</u>
8 (continued)		26 endcard fields noted in the table. To select any parameter such as voltage, pressure or current it will be necessary to specify its two-digit numbered field. The first field illustrated on the sample control card is field 11, "voltage" for cell 5. All remaining fields desired, up to 16, are likewise selected by 2 digit numbers. The fields desired need not be sequentially numbered. Endcard fields differ from outcard fields and can only be distinguished in the retrieve-formatter routine by requesting the outcard raw data tape (0 in column 1 of control card 1) or endcard raw data tape (1 in column 1 of control card 1).

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card columns</u>	<u>Description</u>
9	64	A "0" in column 64 is required when only an outcard raw data tape is supplied as input. It requires that control card 3, which contains total ampere hours and total time duration for charge and discharge, be included in the deck. A "1" or blank in this column will require both endcard and outcard raw data tape input for an outcard data request, and an endcard raw data tape only as input for an endcard data request.
10	65	A "1" in column 65 is used in conjunction with item 7 (column 26) to specify a least squares polynomial fit. A "0" or blank in this column is a request for the actual raw data.
11	66	Column 66 can be used to describe a statistical ("1") or nonstatistical ("0") request. A "1" in this column will cause the retrieve routine to stop abstracting data when a blank or -0 value is found on the raw data tape. A "0" in this column will allow the routine to continue to abstract until the cycle range request is satisfied.
12	67	A digit "1" in column 67 indicates that additional "cycle ranges" are necessary. Control card 2 must be included with the routine deck. The illustration shows additional cycle ranges are necessary.
13	68	A digit "1" in column 68 of the control card will cause all invalid data within the request to be written on the retrieved data tape, otherwise, all invalid data will be bypassed.
14	69	In certain cases it may be desirable to specify a particular cell cycle instead of a battery cycle. A "1" punch in column 69 will give the analyst this option. The actual cell desired (01 - 09) will be punched in the first field definition (Columns 29 and 30).
15	70-72	To provide for later checking or sorting, the analyst will enter the expired day of the year in columns 70, 71 and 72.

#### Control card 2 (Figure 10)

The first cycle range is requested on control card 1 from columns 14-24 (items 3-5). Up to six additional ranges can be specified with control card 2 illustrated in Figure 10.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
16	Starting cycle
17	Increment
18	No. of increments
19	Starting cycle
20	Increment
21	No. of increments
22	Starting cycle
23	Increment
24	No. of increments
	25-27 Range 5 28-30 Range 6 31-33 Range 7

Diagram illustrating the layout of a control card. The card has 33 columns. The first four columns (1-4) are grouped under Item 16, columns 5-7 under Item 17, columns 8-11 under Item 18, columns 19-22 under Item 19, columns 23-26 under Item 20, columns 27-30 under Item 21, columns 31-33 under Item 22, and the last two columns under Item 24. Brackets above the card indicate the ranges for each item. Below the card, column numbers 1 through 33 are listed, along with row numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, 6, 7 above them.

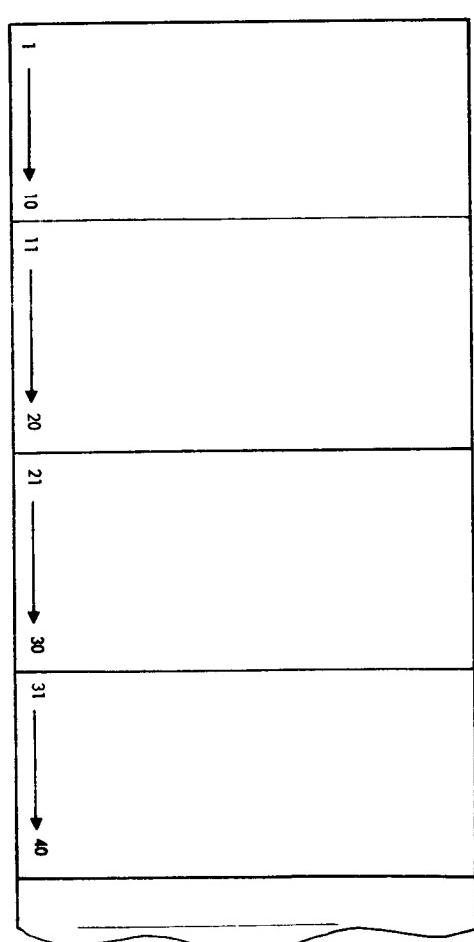
Figure 10—Retrieve formatter routine control card 2

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
16	1-4	This is the starting cycle number. It has the same description as item 3 on control card 1, except that it is the second range.
17	5-7	The increment desired is punched into columns 5-7. Item 17 has the same description as item 4 in control card 1, except that it refers to the second cycle range.
18	8-11	The number of increments is punched into columns 8-11. It has the same description as item 5 in control card 1 except that it is the second cycle range.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card columns</u>	<u>Description</u>
19-21	12-22	Same as items 16-18 except cycle range 3
22-24	23-33	Same as items 16-18 except cycle range 4
25-27	34-44	Same as items 16-18 except cycle range 5
28-30	45-55	Same as items 16-18 except cycle range 6
31-33	56-66	Same as Items 16-18 except cycle range 7

Control card 3 (Figure 11)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
34	Columns 1-10 contain the total ampere hours of charge. The value can appear anywhere in these columns but a decimal point must be included.



<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
34	Amp hrs charge
35	Amp hrs discharge
36	Time duration charge
37	Time duration discharge

Figure 11—Retrieve formatter routine  
control card 3

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
35	Columns 11-20. Same as Item 22 except for discharge.
36	Columns 21-30 contain total delta (elapsed) time — in hours of charge. The restriction is the same as item 23.
37	Columns 31-40. Same as item 24 except for discharge.

Instructions to computer operator. The following instructions are given to the operator when submitting the data tapes and routine card deck for processing.

1. Mount endcard binary data tape on logical tape setting of A-8. If an additional endcard tape is necessary to accommodate the raw data, the second tape is mounted on logical tape setting A-7.
2. Mount outcard binary data tape on logical tape setting B-8. If an additional outcard tape is necessary to accommodate the raw data, the second tape is mounted on logical tape setting B-7. Caution — The second endcard and outcard tape must begin with the same cycle of the same battery.
3. The retrieved binary data tape has a logical tape setting of B-9 (Output).
4. The off-line (history tape) will have a logical tape setting of A-3. A printout of this tape is requested (the list routine is not required).
5. For additional requests the operator is instructed to press START upon completion of run.
6. Fortran II — EXECUTE
7. Average machine time for a run is 2 minutes.

#### Pseudo Generator Routine

The purpose of the pseudo generator routine is to enable the analyst to obtain cell, battery, and other related parameters not present on the retrieved or raw data tapes. The method of generating pseudo data tapes is illustrated in Figure 12. The input required is a retrieved data tape or another pseudo data tape. The pseudo generator routine deck including two sets of one to sixteen pseudo equation cards supplied by the analyst are used to control the routine. The resulting output is a pseudo data tape containing the defined pseudo fields appended to the original retrieved data fields. The original request of the retrieve-formatter routine and the defined pseudo equations are listed.

Card deck arrangement. The pseudo field generator deck arrangement appears in Figure 13. The card types appearing in the figure are described below.

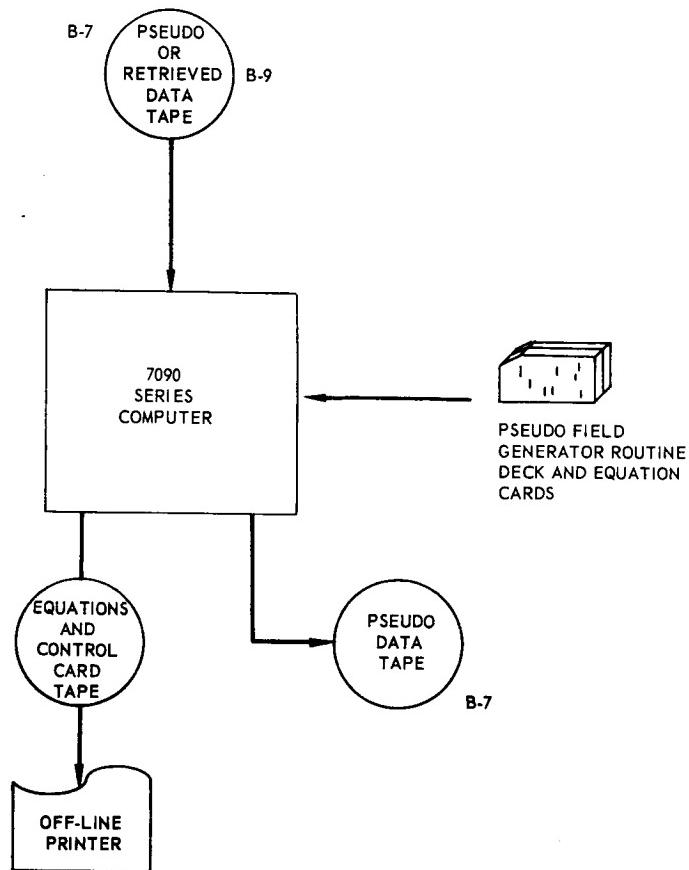


Figure 12—Pseudo field generator routine functional flow diagram

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Run identification card — must have an asterisk punched in column 1 — any other information may be punched in columns 2-72.
2	Pause card — has an asterisk punched in column 1 and the word PAUSE punched in columns 7-11.
3	Execute card — has an asterisk punched in column 1 and XEQ punches in columns 7-9.
4	This is a set of 7 cards which constitute the control information of the FORTRAN source language subroutine mentioned in the input section.
5	Pseudo equations start card — has a C punched in column 1 and the words PSEUDO EQUATIONS START HERE punched in columns 7-34. This card is used to indicate to the analyst where he must insert the pseudo field equation cards.

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
6	The set of pseudo field equation cards is to be inserted by the analyst.
7	Pseudo equations endcard — has a C punched in column 1 and the words PSEUDO EQUATIONS STOP HERE punched in columns 7-33. The card is used to indicate to the analyst where he must insert the pseudo field defining cards.
8	Return card — has the word RETURN punched in columns 7-12. This is another control card of the FORTRAN source language subroutine.
9	Endcard — has the word END punched in columns 7-9. This card is the terminal card of the subroutine.
10	A set of binary punched cards which constitute the main body of the pseudo field generator program.
11	Data card -- has an asterisk punched in column 1 and the word DATA punched in columns 7-10. This card is used to indicate where the analyst is to insert the second set of the pseudo field defining cards.

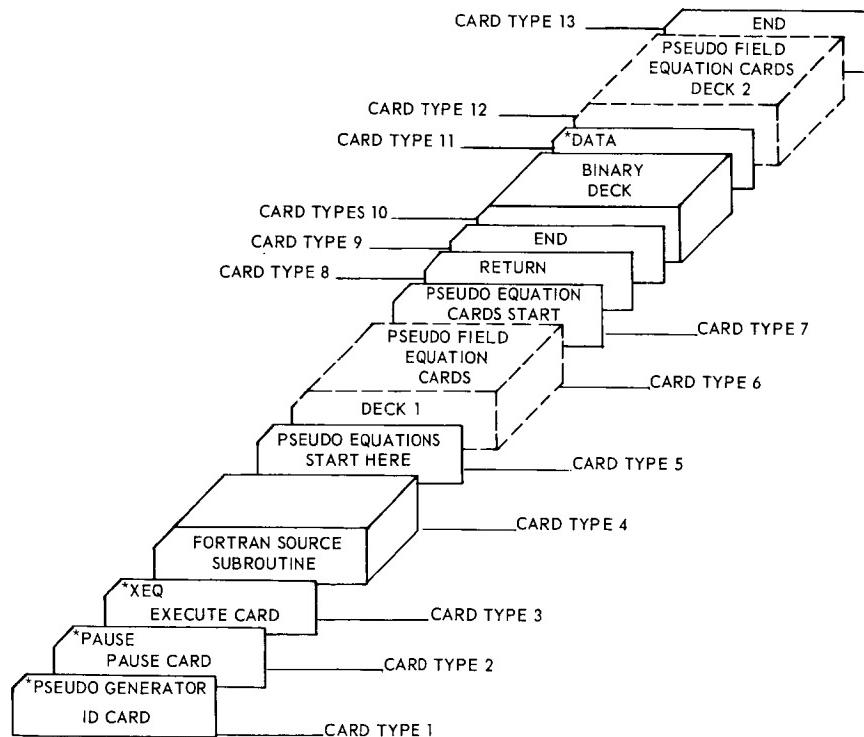


Figure 13—Pseudo field generator routine card deck arrangement

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
12	The second set of the pseudo field defining equations to be inserted by the analyst.
13	Endcard — has the word END punched in columns 7-9. This card is the terminal card of the entire program.

Card types 1, 6 and 12 are prepared by the analyst and put into the proper position in the card deck prior to submitting the routine deck to the computer operator. All other types remain unchanged for every run.

Card type 1 contains a statement which identifies the specific request for the analyst. It does not take part in the routine and is later printed out as punched.

Types 6 and 12 are identical sets of pseudo equation cards which must be defined by the analyst. A comment (identification) card may be inserted among the pseudo field equation cards.

Pseudo field equation cards. The analyst can request from one to sixteen pseudo fields using this routine. Each pseudo field equation must be punched on a separate card. Three examples of pseudo field equations are given in Figure 14. Note that columns 1 to 6 are blank. The letter P must appear in column 7 followed by the pseudo field number (1 in Example 1), an equal sign (=) and then the equation. Columns 73 to 80 may contain any identifying symbols or code desired by the analyst.

The equations are FORTRAN II statements which means that all operations valid for FORTRAN II can be used. Some of these are listed in Table 4 along with the symbolic language.

The fields available from the raw data tape and from the retrieve-formatter tape, together with their symbolic field names, appear in Table 3. The method used for referencing the desired retrieved data fields and pseudo fields in the pseudo field equations is described using the examples in Figure 14.

#### Example 1

After using an endcard raw data tape as input to the retrieve-formatter routine, a retrieved data tape was generated. This tape serves as input to the pseudo field generator routine. In the example, pseudo field 1 (PI) is set equal to the result of data field 2 (amp minutes) divided by the sum of data field 6 (watt hours) and data field 4 (energy efficiency). Pseudo field 1 (PI) will be calculated using these specific fields for every cycle on the retrieved data tape.

#### Example 2

This example is similar to example 1 except that in addition to the inclusion of a data field (F01) in the equation, a pseudo field, the value for cycle (cyc), and a constant (7.24) were included. In the equation pseudo field 2 (P2) is set equal to 7.24 plus the quotient of pseudo field 1 (P1) times

**Table 4**  
**Symbols Used in FORTRAN II Language**

Operation	Symbol
1. Exponentiation	**
2. Division	/
3. Multiplication	*
4. Addition	+
5. Subtraction	-
6. Sine (ARG)	SINF (ARG)
7. Cosine (ARG)	COSF (ARG)
8. Arctangent (ARG)	ATANG (ARG)
9. Natural Log (ARG)	LOGF (ARG)
10. $\log_{10}$ (ARG)	LOG10F (ARG)
11. $e^{(ARG)}$	EXPF (ARG)
12. $\sqrt{ARG}$	SQRTF (ARG)
13. $ ARG $	ABSF (ARG)

<p>NOTES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. If the operations used in the expression are not explicitly ordered by parentheses, the order of the first five operations will be as shown.</li> <li>b. The (ARG) above must be any legitimate arithmetic expression.</li> <li>c. For the availability and symbols of other operations see any FORTRAN II instruction manual.</li> </ul>
---

cycle number times data field 1 (time duration). Any constant may be used provided it contains a decimal point and is in the range of  $-1 \times 10^{-36}$  to  $+1 \times 10^{36}$ .

#### Example 3 - least squares fit of the data

An option of the retrieve-formatter routine allows the analyst to request a least squares polynomial fit of the outcard data. In this case, as noted earlier, the retrieved tape contains the standard deviation, the coefficients of the polynomial and the time duration for each cycle in place of the actual single-valued fields. The polynomial which uses the coefficients is

$$P = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D,$$

EXAMPLE #1

P1 = F02/(F06\*F04)


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 —————

EXAMPLE #2

P2 = P1 \* X \* F01 \* 7.24

|  
|  
|  
|  
|

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 —————

EXAMPLE #3

P16 = F01(2) \* X \*\* 3 + F01(3) \* X \*\* 2 + F01(4) \* X + F01(5)


7 8 9 10

EXAMPLE #4 Comment Card

C Any comment desired

|  
|  
|

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Figure 14—Examples of pseudo field equation cards

where A, B, C, D are the coefficients and X is the time described in Table 5. The field designations for these coefficients are included in the table.

In order to calculate the value for this polynomial at a given time, the pseudo equation card in example 3 must be supplied. In example 3 pseudo 16 (P16) is set equal to the result of the A coefficient of data field 1. (F01 (2)) times the time cubed ( $X^{**} 3$ ), plus the B coefficient, (F01 (2)) times the time squared ( $X^{**} 2$ ) and etc., X represents the total time. If the value of the field at a particular time were required, the specific time would be inserted in the place of X. If the value of the field were required at the midpoint of the cycle, the symbol ( $X/2$ ) would be inserted in place of X.

Table 5  
Symbolic names, least square fit data

Symbolic name	Actual outcard data
X	Time duration for all fields in a particular cycle
F01 (1)	The standard deviation of the polynomial fitted to the outcard data of field number 01
F01 (2) = A	The coefficient of the $X^3$ term of the polynomial
F01 (3) = B	The coefficient of the $X^2$ term of the polynomial
F01 (4) = C	The coefficient of the X term of the polynomial
F01 (5) = D	The constant term of the polynomial

F01 is the number of the data field requested for least square fit

#### Example 4 — comment Cards

Example 4 in Figure 14 illustrates the format of the comment card. The letter C must be inserted in column 1 and the actual comment begins in column 7. The comment card is similar to the run identification card because it has no functional use except to interject appropriate comments among the actual field-defining equations. It was noted that the use of this card was optional.

Because of the nature of the pseudo generator routine, the analyst is not bound to insert only pseudo field defining cards into the FORTRAN source language subroutine. Any legal FORTRAN statement with the exception of a COMMON statement could be used, which means that a subroutine could be written in FORTRAN II language, and submitted in place of or included among the pseudo field equations if desired.

The details of other type statements are not mentioned because they are not to be used by the analyst. However, they can be found in any FORTRAN II instruction manual.

Instructions to the operator. The following instructions are given to the computer operator when submitting the retrieve or pseudo data tape and the pseudo field generator card deck.

1. If a retrieved data tape is used as input, mount on a logical tape setting of B-9. If another pseudo field tape is used as input, mount on a logical tape setting of B-7.
2. The output tape of the pseudo field generator routine has a logical tape setting of B-7.
3. FORTRAN II — compile and execute.
4. The time required for computer usage depends on the number and type of pseudo field equations. The average request would probably be 2 minutes.

#### Data List Routine

The data list routine is used to print out the data in tabular form of either a retrieved data tape or pseudo data tape as in Figure 15. An example of a retrieved data tape with least squares fit option as shown in Figure 16. The listing of a pseudo data tape (Figure 17) is also shown. A non-least squares retrieved data list would be identical to the pseudo data list without the pseudo fields.

Card deck arrangement. The arrangement of the data list deck appears in Figure 18. The cards required are described. It will be noted that no control cards are required. The deck is the same for every request.

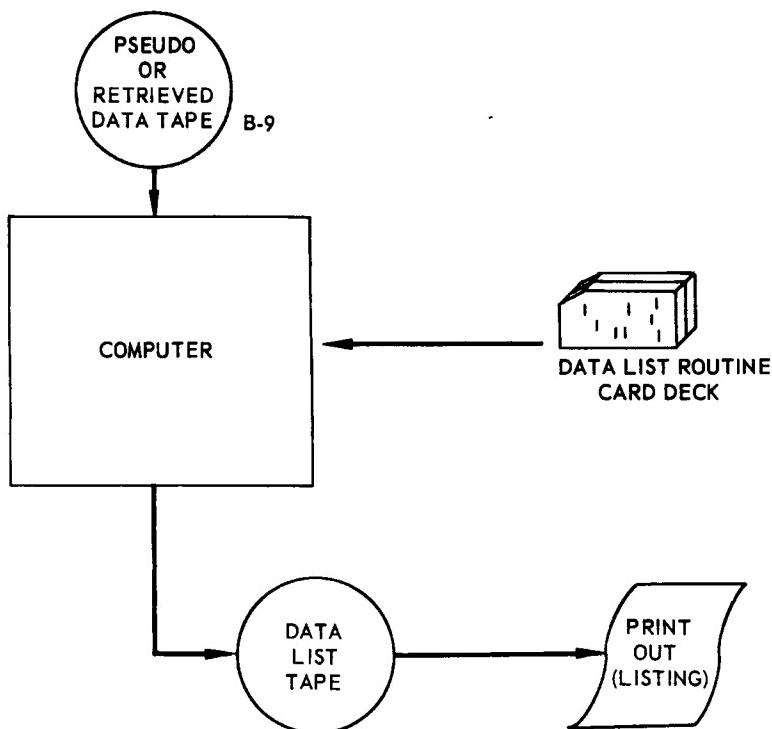


Figure 15—Data list routine functional flow diagram

B A T T E R Y      T E S T      D A T A										PAGE	28
BATT	CYC	FLD NA	STD. DEV.	X3	X2	X	C			TIME	DUR.
0	-1802	V 0	6.95535E-03	-6.73033E 00	4.11483F 00	-1.03752E 00	1.35755E 00			4.97200E-01	
		V 1	4.54547E-03	-5.68365E 00	3.58894E 00	-9.59844E-01	1.35496E 00				
		V 2	1.26264E-03	-2.30172E 00	1.69965E 00	-6.99512E-01	1.35754E 00				
		V 3	1.69028E-03	-4.22969E 00	2.63438E 00	-8.09082E-01	1.35938E 00				
		V 4	3.70210E-03	-5.67769E 00	3.55046E 00	-9.63330E-01	1.36563E 00				
		P1-8	4.89995E-01	4.92201E-01	4.98380E-01	4.95353E-01	4.94914E-01	1.80200E 03	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
0	-1803	V 0	6.92380E-03	-6.82923E 00	4.21276E 00	-1.06713E 00	1.36028E 00			4.97100E-01	
		V 1	4.94756E-03	-5.55977E 00	3.46991E 00	-9.31651E-01	1.35383E 00				
		V 2	6.67118E-04	-1.89820E 00	1.33945E 00	-6.07072E-01	1.35218E 00				
		V 3	1.96650E-03	-4.00127E 00	2.44929E 00	-7.63697E-01	1.35707E 00				
		V 4	4.49625E-03	-5.58380E 00	3.46785E 00	-9.38566E-01	1.36446E 00				
		P1-8	4.90071E-01	4.92065E-01	4.98425E-01	4.95575E-01	4.95251E-01	1.80300E 03	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
0	1895	V 0	1.88803E-03	6.49399E-03	-4.77360E-02	1.32626E-01	1.26768E 00			3.25620E 00	
		V 1	1.32841E-03	5.70716E-03	-4.30713E-02	1.25745E-01	1.26434E 00				
		V 2	1.96291E-03	5.56422E-03	-4.24840E-02	1.35146E-01	1.25665E 00				
		V 3	2.71783E-03	6.98752E-03	-5.10326E-02	1.47195E-01	1.25470E 00				
		V 4	2.50508E-03	7.48982E-03	-5.38947E-02	1.52183E-01	1.25548E 00				
		P1-8	3.57125E 00	3.55886E 00	3.58023E 00	3.57999E 00	3.58810E 00	1.89500E 03	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
0	-1895	V 0	8.91585E-04	-2.51162E 00	1.67053E 00	-6.49211E-01	1.34679E 00			4.97000E-01	
		V 1	1.05770E-03	-1.51446E 00	1.17984E 00	-5.68513E-01	1.34124E 00				
		V 2	8.61961E-04	-2.02348E 00	1.38570E 00	-6.09359E-01	1.35192E 00				
		V 3	3.07707E-03	-5.32061E 00	3.25845E 00	-8.95264E-01	1.36228E 00				
		V 4	5.65903E-03	-6.73805E 00	4.23C35E 00	-1.07461E 00	1.37012E 00				
		P1-8	4.95379E-01	4.97251E-01	4.97988E-01	4.94932E-01	4.94849E-01	1.89500E 03	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
0	1896	V 0	2.03353E-03	7.21893E-03	-5.16223E-02	1.38765E-01	1.26491E 00			3.25640E 00	
		V 1	1.70958E-03	5.75357E-03	-4.37436E-02	1.27491E-01	1.26246E 00				
		V 2	2.44696E-03	6.4C404E-03	-4.69150E-02	1.41908E-01	1.25359E 00				
		V 3	3.22428E-03	8.50101E-03	-5.89335E-02	1.58948E-01	1.25011E 00				
		V 4	2.66945E-03	8.51614E-03	-5.97418E-02	1.62291E-01	1.25051E 00				
		P1-8	3.57084E 00	3.55713E 00	3.57969E 00	3.57940E 00	3.58751E 00	1.89600E 03	1.00000F 36	1.00000F 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
0	-1896	V 0	5.00252E-04	-2.63359E 00	1.75197E 00	-6.66601F-01	1.34765E 00			4.96800E-01	
		V 1	1.03253E-03	-1.64912E 00	1.22165F 00	-5.68449E-01	1.34042E 00				
		V 2	5.74515E-04	-2.12428E 00	1.47056E 00	-6.30650E-01	1.35267E 00				
		V 3	2.61218E-03	-4.73674E 00	2.89647E 00	-8.35601E-01	1.35972E 00				
		V 4	4.26278E-03	-5.91396E 00	3.71922E 00	-9.93431E-01	1.36709E 00				
		P1-8	4.94971E-01	4.96464E-01	4.97548E-01	4.94911E-01	4.94820E-01	1.89600E 03	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	
		P9-16	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	

Figure 16 — Sample printout of pseudo data tape — least squares fit request

B A T T E R Y      T E S T      D A T A										PAGE	107			
BATT	CYC	1	D TIME	CUR	V 0	V 2	V 5	V 6	V 7	P1	P9			
2	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P10	P11	P12	P13	P14	P15	P16
0	-621	1	2.62300E-01	3.15500E 00	1.25300E 00	1.26100E 00	1.26000E 00	1.24800F 00	1.25800E 00	8.27556E-01	1			
		2	1.25300E 00	1.26100E 00	1.26000C 0	1.24800E 00	1.25800E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	2.89000E-01	3.15500E 00	1.24700E 00	1.25400E 00	1.25300E 00	1.24100E 00	1.25100E 00	9.11795E-01	1			
		2	1.24700E 00	1.25400E 00	1.25300E 00	1.24100E 00	1.25100E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	3.14800E-01	3.15500E 00	1.23800E 00	1.24700E 00	1.24600E 00	1.23600E 00	1.24400E 00	9.93194E-01	1			
		2	1.23800E 00	1.24700E 00	1.24600E 00	1.23600E 00	1.24400E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	3.46000E-01	3.15400E 00	1.23100E 00	1.24100E 00	1.23700E 00	1.22700E 00	1.23600E 00	1.07425E 00	1			
		2	1.23100E 00	1.24100E 00	1.23700E 00	1.22700E 00	1.23600E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	3.66500E-01	3.15500E 00	1.22300E 00	1.23300E 00	1.22800E 00	1.22000E 00	1.22800E 00	1.15631E 00	1			
		2	1.22300E 00	1.23300E 00	1.22800E 00	1.22000E 00	1.22800E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	3.92300E-01	3.15500E 00	1.21500E 00	1.22500E 00	1.21800E 00	1.21200E 00	1.22000E 00	1.22771E 00	1			
		2	1.21500E 00	1.22500E 00	1.21800E 00	1.21200E 00	1.22000E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	4.19000E-01	3.15500E 00	1.20600E 00	1.21900E 00	1.20900E 00	1.20900E 00	1.20500E 00	1.20900E 00	1			
		2	1.20600E 00	1.21900E 00	1.20900E 00	1.20500E 00	1.20900E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	4.44600E-01	3.15500E 00	1.19700E 00	1.20900E 00	1.19600E 00	1.19700E 00	1.20000E 00	1.40271E 00	1			
		2	1.19700E 00	1.20900E 00	1.19600E 00	1.19700E 00	1.20000E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	4.71200E-01	3.15500E 00	1.18700E 00	1.20100E 00	1.18200E 00	1.18200E 00	1.18900E 00	1.19000E 00	1			
		2	1.18700E 00	1.20100E 00	1.18200E 00	1.19000E 00	1.19000E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											
0	-621	1	5.00000E-01	3.15400E 00	1.17900E 00	1.19500E 00	1.16500E 00	1.16500E 00	1.18000E 00	1.17800E 00	1			
		2	1.17900E 00	1.19500E 00	1.16500E 00	1.18000E 00	1.17800E 00	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	1.00000E 36	2			
		3	1.00000E 36											

Figure 17—Sample printout of pseudo data tape — actual data request

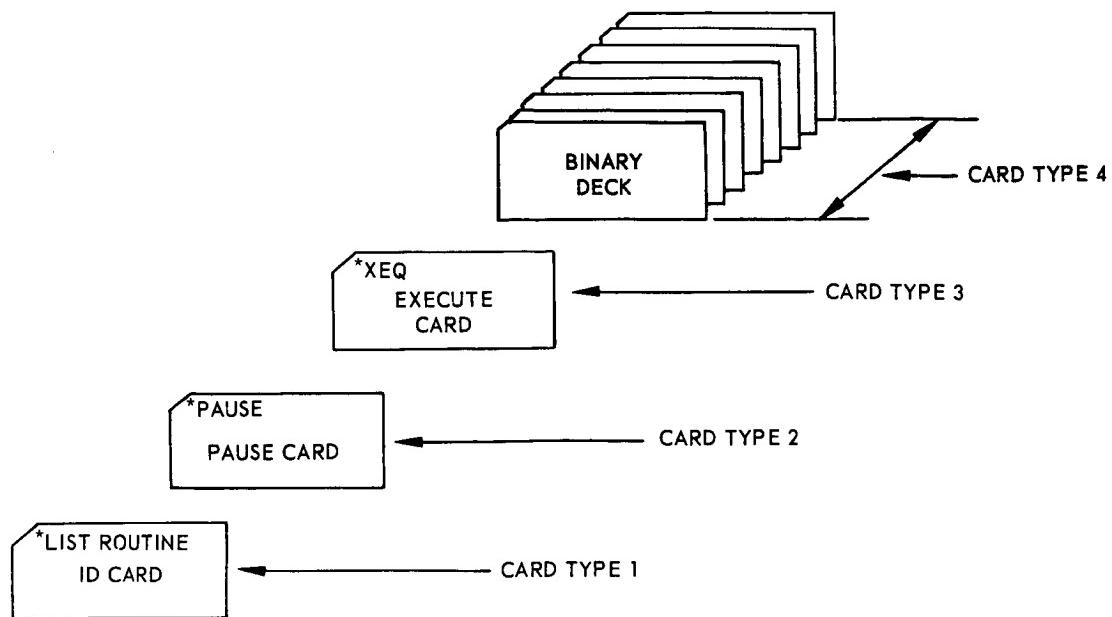


Figure 18—Data list routine card deck arrangement

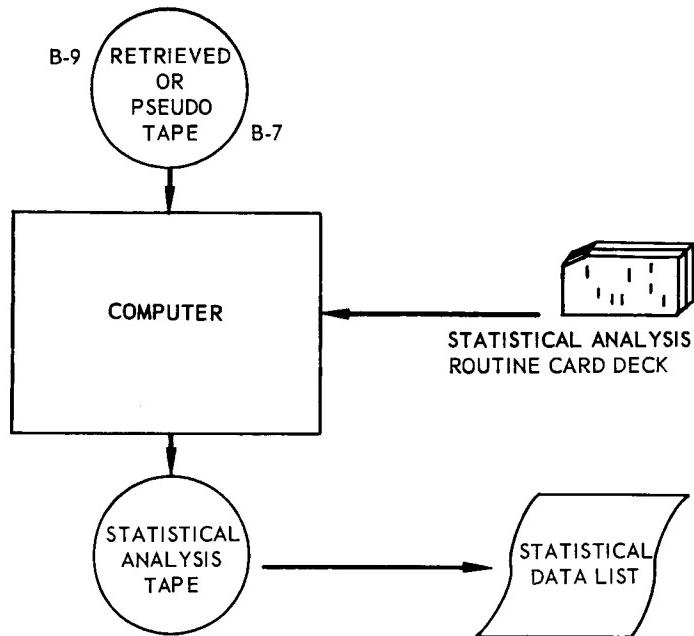
#### Instructions to the operator

1. Mount input tape (retrieve data or pseudo data) on logical setting of B-9.
2. Use 132 print position paper.
3. Multiple tapes may be printed by pressing start after completion of each run.
4. FORTRAN II — Execute.
5. Average machine time for a run is 2 minutes.

#### Statistical Analysis Routine

The statistical analysis routine is used to perform statistical calculations involving the fields and pseudo fields on the retrieved or pseudo field data tapes, and print out the results in suitable data listings (Figure 19). The analyst may select from a retrieved data or pseudo data input tape the fields and/or pseudo fields to be processed and the statistical calculations to be made.

Figure 19—Statistical analysis routine functional flow diagram



The routine card deck, with a control card added by the analyst, is used to control the computer operation. The selected fields are operated on statistically in three steps. In the first step, the mean, variance, and standard deviation of the selected fields are calculated. In the second step, a matrix of linear correlation coefficients is calculated. In the third step, the coefficients of the multiple linear regression equation expresses the dependence of one of the variables (the one specified by the analyst via input control card data), considered as the dependent variable on the others, considered as independent variables. The program computes the regression coefficients by "entering" the independent variables into the equation one at a time. At each "entrance," the program removes from the equation a variable whose contribution to the variance is insignificant, or, if no variable can be removed, enters into the equation that variable which produces the largest reduction in the "unexplained" variance of the dependent variables. The results of each step are printed out at the conclusion. Printed out as a heading are the retrieve request, the pseudo request, and the statistical request. Figure 20 is an example of a printout of a statistical analysis request when all three steps are requested. The headings are eliminated.

Card deck arrangement. The deck of input cards in proper order is illustrated in Figure 21. The cards types are:

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Identification card - asterisk in column 7 and run identifying comment in columns 7-72.
2	Pause card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters PAUSE in columns 7-11.
3	Execute card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters XEQ in columns 7-9.
4	Binary program deck.

DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 119

MEAN		VARIANCE	BATTERY 3	STD. DEV.	CYCLE RANGE 407- 716	MEAN	VARIANCE	STD. DEV.
FIELD	MEAN				FIELD	P7	1.25736E 00	2.2206CE-04
P2	1.27966E 00	3.32197E-04	1.82263E-02		P16	5.07042E 02	7.46838E 03	1.49017E-02
P12	-2.23062E-02	1.55646E-05	3.94520E-03					8.64198E 01

LINEAR CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS

FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.
P2	1.00000E 00	P7	9.91647E-01	P12	-8.73914E-01	P16	1.92040E-01	P1	COEFF.
FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.	FIELD	COEFF.
P7	1.00000E 00	P12	-8.04134E-01	P16	1.11489E-01				

STEPWISE REGRESSION

STEP	VAR. ENTERED	DEP. VAR.	P16	STD. ERROR	8.82785E 01	CONSTANT TERM
1	FIELD COEFFICIENT P12	F LEVEL STD. ERROR	6.10433E 00	STD. ERR. OF DEP. VAR.	7.98605E 01	MULTIPLE R
	-1.002088E 04	FIELD		COEFFICIENT STD. ERROR	4.66050E-01	2.79322E C2
STEP	VAR. ENTERED	F LEVEL				COEFFICIENT STD. ERROR
2	FIELD COEFFICIENT P7	7.02180E 00	7.07612E 01	STD. ERR. OF DEP. VAR.	6.42930E-01	CONSTANT TERM
	-4.32080E 03	FIELD STD. ERROR	P12	COEFFICIENT STD. ERROR	5.41937E 03	COEFFICIENT STD. ERROR
			-2.33326E 04		6.15895E 03	

TOLERANCE CHECK...REMAINING IND. VARS. HAVE TOO HIGH A CORRELATION WITH VARS. ALREADY IN REGRESSION EQUATION.

FIELD	FINAL VARIANCE	FINAL F LEVEL	FIELD	FINAL VARIANCE	FINAL F LEVEL	FIELD	FINAL VARIANCE	FINAL F LEVEL
P2	1.96092E-01	1.00418E 01	P7	-1.96156E-01	-7.02180E 01	P12	-4.00929E-01	-1.43520E 01

DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 21

Figure 20—Sample printout of statistical analysis tape

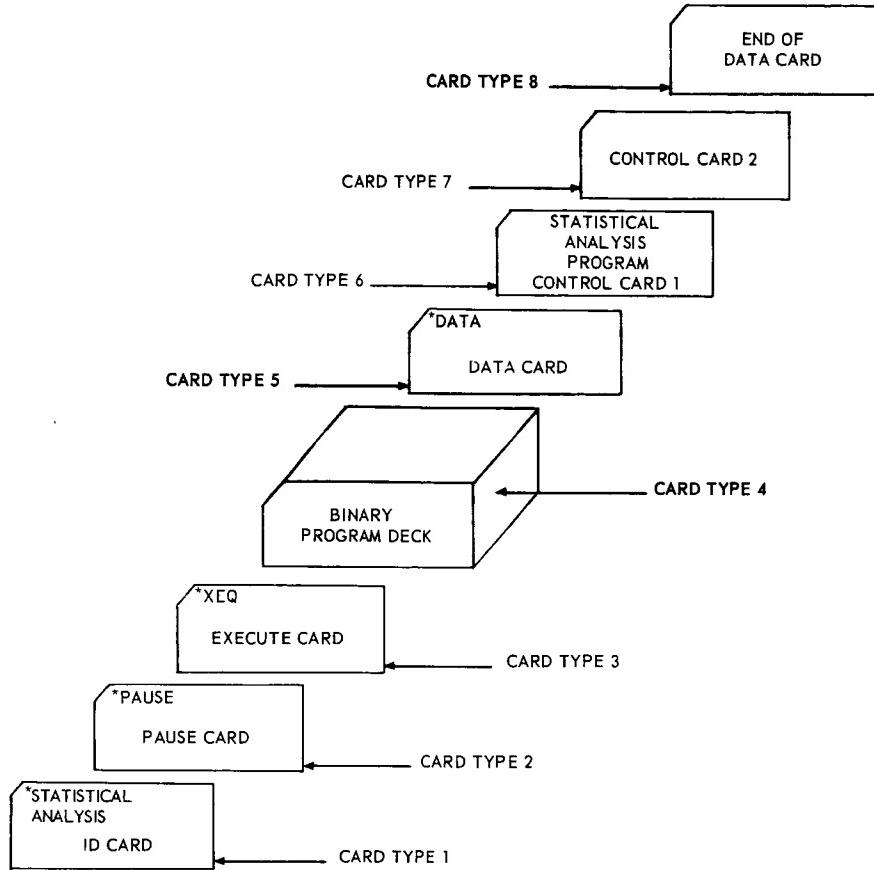


Figure 21—Statistical analysis routine card deck arrangement

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
5	Data card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters DATA in columns 7-10.
6	Statistical analysis control card No. 1.
7	Statistical analysis control card No. 2.
8	End of data card - a card with a 9 in column 1.

Card types 6 and 7 must be supplied by the analyst. The other types appear whenever a request for a statistical analysis is made.

Control cards. The first control card allows the analyst to select the fields to be processed and the statistical operations to be performed. At least one control card must be prepared by the analyst for the statistical analysis routine to work. To run multiple requests, an additional set of control cards must be added after control card 2 prior to the end of the data card.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
1 2	Run tape Data option
3	Dependent variable
4	Independent variable field and pseudo field specification
5	F level entry
6	F level removal
7	Addition field indicator

Figure 22—Statistical analysis routine control card

Control card 1

<u>Item</u>	<u>Column</u>	<u>Digit in column</u>	<u>Input tape</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Operations</u>
1	1			In column 1 is specified the type of statistical calculations, and the retrieved or pseudo data input tape. The following are the choices the analyst can make when requesting a statistical analysis:	
		1	Retrieved tape	Mean, variance, and standard deviation.	
		2	Retrieved tape	Mean, variance, standard deviation, and linear correlation.	
		3	Retrieved tape	Mean, variance, standard deviation, linear correlation, and multiple stepwise linear regression.	
		4	Pseudo field tape	Same as 1.	
		5	Pseudo field tape	Same as 2.	
		6	Pseudo field tape	Same as 3.	
2	2			Column 2 describes the fields or pseudo fields to be processed.	
				<u>Field - pseudo field continuation requested</u>	
		1		All fields and pseudo fields on input tape.	
		2		All fields and specified pseudo fields. (See items 3 and 4)	
		3		All pseudo fields and specified fields. (See items 3 and 4)	
		4		Only specified fields and specified pseudo fields. (See items 3 and 4)	
3	3-5			Columns 3-5 contain the field or pseudo field designated to be the dependent variable. It is specified in the form of a field number (F01) for retrieved data, and a pseudo field number (P01) for pseudo field data which is consistent with items 1 and 2.	
4	7-63			Columns 7 through 63 contain all fields and pseudo fields to be processed as independent variables in the statistical analysis routine. Columns 7-63 are divided into segments of three columns, each for fields specified by F01 and pseudo fields P01, etc.	
5	64-67			Columns 64 through 67 contain the "entry" F level value to be used in conjunction with a multiple regression type run (item 1 = 3 or 6).	
6	68-71			Columns 68 through 71 contain the "removal" F level value to be used in conjunction with a multiple regression type run (item 1 = 3 or 6).	
7	72			Column 72 contains the additional input control card indicator. A value of zero means no additional control card follows. A non-zero value indicates the presence of an additional control card.	

## Control card 2

Additional independent variable fields can be requested by using a second control card. Columns 1-60 of the second card are divided into segments of three columns each. The additional fields and pseudo fields are designated in the same manner as described in item 4.

### Instructions to the computer operator

- (1) Mount input retrieved tape on a logical setting of B-9. Input pseudo tape is mounted on a logical tape setting of B-7.
- (2) Use 132 print position paper.
- (3) Multiple tapes may be printed by pressing "START" after completion of each run.
- (4) FORTRAN II - EXECUTE.
- (5) Machine time for the average run is estimated at 2 minutes. (Since the nature of the program tends to produce considerable output, a cutoff limit of 500 pages per run was added to the program.)

### Printed Plot Routine

The printed plot routine is used to abstract the information requested by the analyst in the retrieve-formatter and pseudo field generator routines, and to present the results in a printed plot form (Figure 23). The routine card deck, with control cards included by the analyst, controls the

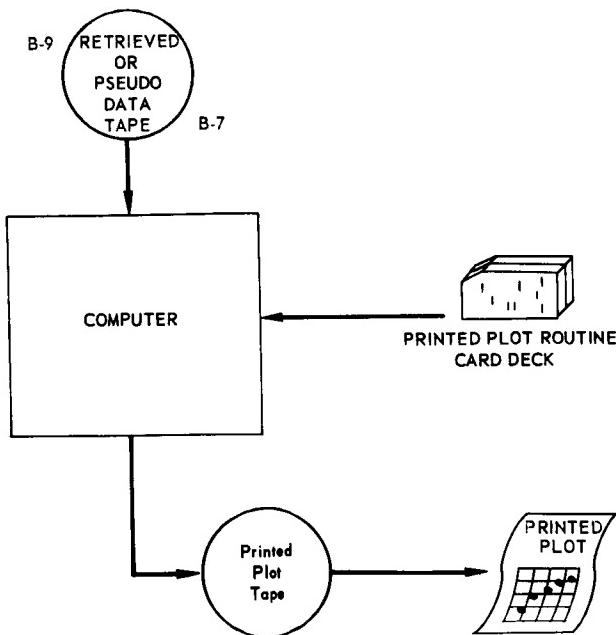


Figure 23—Printed plot routine functional flow diagram

computer so that the data is extracted from the input tape, recorded on an intermediate output tape, and then printed out in the plot form with dimensions. Also printed are the retrieve-formatter request statements, the pseudo generator request statements, and the printed plot request statements.

Figure 24 is a sample of a printed plot. The term printed plot refers to the fact that the data points are printed by an IBM 1460 computer which presents the curve in a discontinuous format similar to that of a multiprint recorder. Either numerals, letters or symbols can be used to designate data points.

Any five variables ( $Y_1, Y_2, Y_3, Y_4, Y_5$ ) corresponding to any retrieve or pseudo fields can be plotted vs. any other variable (X) which can be a retrieve or pseudo field. The analyst has the capability of defining the coordinates and their sensitivity, setting the size of the grid spacing, and the total width and length of the graph image. The maximum allowed for one continuous plot is 500 lines (8 pages).

Card deck arrangement. The card deck arrangement is illustrated in Figure 25. The following are the card types required and a brief description of each:

<u>Card type</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Identification card. Asterisk in column 1 and run identification numbers in columns 7-72.
2	Pause card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters PAUSE in columns 7-11.
3	Execute card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters XEQ in columns 7-9.
4	Binary routine deck.
5	Data card. Asterisk in column 1 and the letters DATA in columns 7-10.
6	Control card 1.
7	Control card 2.
8	Control card 3.

Card types 2-5 are always the same for every run in which a printer plot is requested. Type 1 is a statement defined by the analyst for identification purposes which does not affect the routine. Types 6-8 control the routine and are to be supplied by the analyst. The three control cards are required for each request of the printer plot. For successive requests, additional groups of the three control cards are placed behind the first group of three.

Control cards. Control card 1 chooses the input tape, selects the scale factors, and determines the X and Y variables to be plotted. Control card 2 sets the Y variable maximum and minimum and determines the direction of X and Y. Control card 3 sets the X variables maximum and minimum, and the number and value of ranges to be plotted.

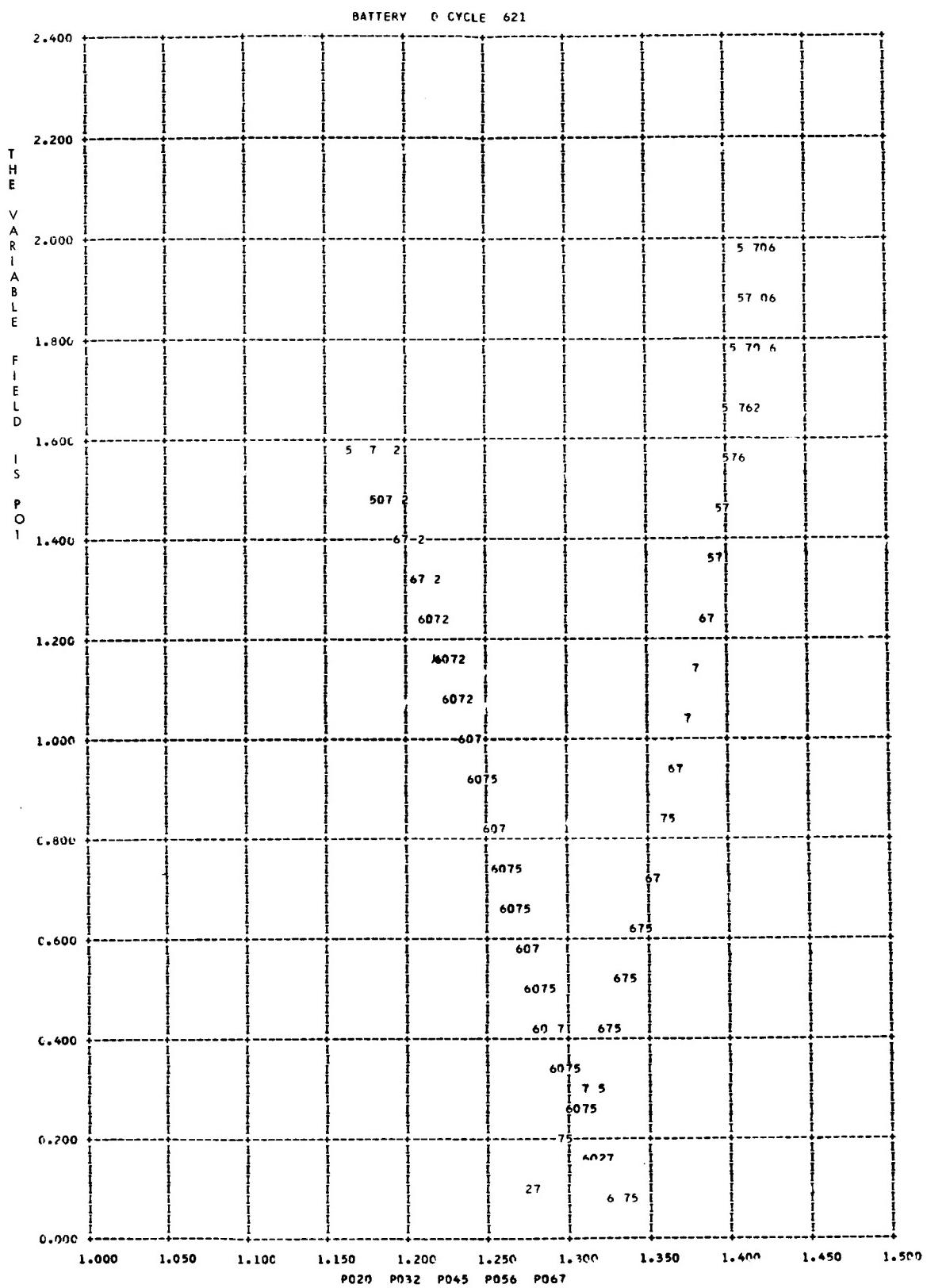


Figure 24—Sample printout of printed plot tape

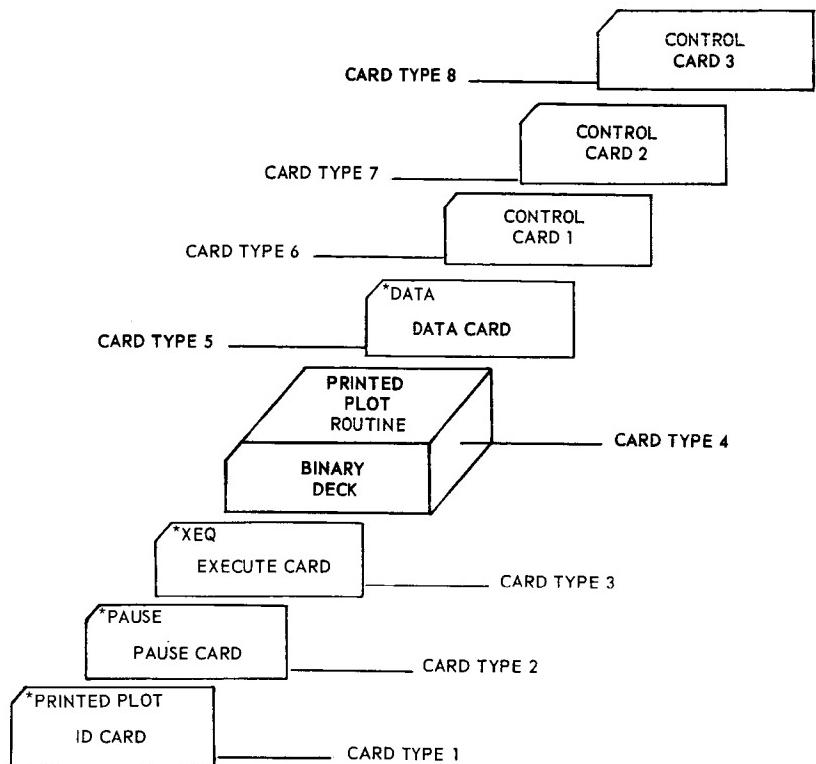
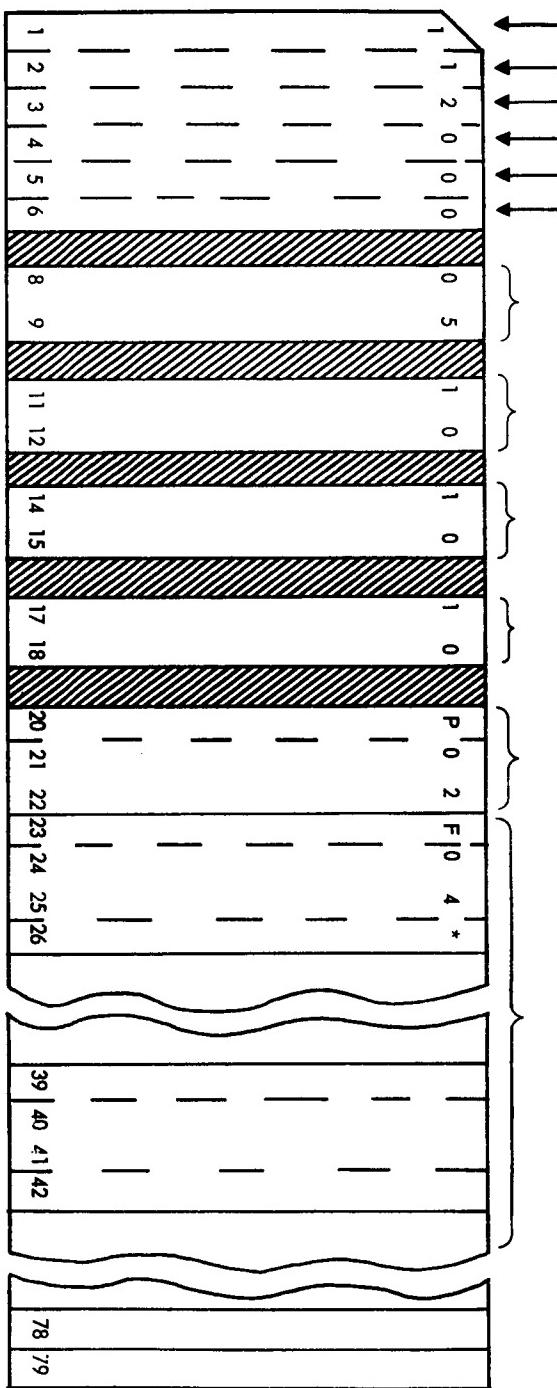


Figure 25—Printed plot routine card deck arrangement

#### Control card 1 (Figure 26)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	1	A "0" in column 1 selects a retrieved data tape. A "1" in column 1 selects a pseudo data tape.
2	2	To use actual scale factors and three places to the right of the decimal for both X and Y, punch a "0" in column 2, and ignore items 3-6 (columns 3-6). (A "0" punch means actual scale factors, and three places to the right of the decimal point corresponding to 0, 3, 0, 3 in columns 3-6). For any change punch a 1 in column 2.
3	3	The numeral punched in column 3 is equal to I where printed values of the ordinate (Y) are $10^I$ times the actual values. A zero in this column as shown in the figure means the actual values are to be printed along the ordinate.
4	4	The numeral punched in column 4 is equal to J where printed values of the ordinate (Y) will have J digits following the decimal point. A "2" punched in this column requires two places following the decimal so that the value along the ordinate will have two digits X.XX.



<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Run type
2	Actual scale factors
3	Y ordinate multiplier
4	Y ordinate decade
5	X abscissa multiplier
6	X abscissa decade
7	Horizontal lines
8	Horizontal spaces
9	Vertical lines
10	Vertical spaces
11	X Variable field
12	Y Variable fields

Figure 26—Printed plot routine control card

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
5	5	Column 5 is the same as item 3 except referenced to the abscissa (X). A "0" is shown in the figure.
6	6	Column 6 is the same as item 4 except references to the abscissa (X). A "0" is shown in the figure which indicates no digits to the right of the decimal point for X.
7	8-9	Columns 8 and 9 denote the number of horizontal grid lines in the graph image. The example shows 5.
8	11-12	Columns 11 and 12 are used to denote the number of spaces between the horizontal grid lines. The example shows 10. NOTE: Item 7 times item 8 is the number of horizontal lines for printing the value of a variable. For a one page plot the value is 50.
9	14-15	Columns 14 and 15 are used to denote the number of vertical grid lines in the graph image. The example shows 10.
10	17-18	Columns 17 and 18 are used to denote the number of spaces between the vertical grid lines. The example shows 10. NOTE: Item 9 times item 10 is the number of vertical lines for printing the value of the variable. For a 1 page plot the value is 100.
11	20-22	Columns 20, 21, and 22 are where the analyst places the X variable. Column 20 must be an "F" or "P" indicating a field or a pseudo field. Columns 21 and 22 contain the actual field number. The example shows that the "X" value is a pseudo field and for purposes of illustration was set equal to cycle in a pseudo field generator routine request.
12	23-26 27-30 31-34 35-38 39-42	The Y variables are placed starting in columns 23 through 26 for the first "Y," thru columns 39-42 for the last or 5th "Y". From one to five, "Y's" may be plotted. The format for the control card for Y values is the same as for the X value except that the last character of each "Y" field requested is the plotting character. The example shows that the value to be plotted for "Y <sub>1</sub> " is Field 4 (energy efficiency using an endcard data tape) and the plotting character is an asterisk.

#### Control card 2 (Figure 27)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
13	1-10	Y MINIMUM - columns 1-10 contain the minimum value of all the Y variables for a given run. The value does not have to start in column 1

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
13	$Y_{\min}$
14	$Y_{\max}$
15	No. of X limits
16	Reverse X and Y
17	Cycle range plot

The figure shows a control card with the following data:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	0 . 5 0
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1 . 0 0
21 22	0 6 0
23	0 0
24	0 0

Below the card is a wavy line representing a plotted curve.

Figure 27—Printed plot routine control card 2

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
13 (continued)		but must be contained in columns 1-10. A decimal point must be present. In the example, the minimum value of F04 (energy efficiency) is 0.50.
14	11-20	Y MAXIMUM - columns 11-20 contain the maximum value of all the Y variables for a given run. Format is the same as Y MINIMUM. The example shows Y MAXIMUM to be 1.00. Y MINIMUM and Y MAXIMUM will appear along the ordinate grid lines outside the edge of the graph.
15	21-22	Columns 21 and 22 contain the number of X coordinate limits to be read, from control card 3 (Figure 27). Every plot has two limits - an X maximum and X minimum. The sample control card in Figure 26 shows item 15 equal to 06 because there are 3 pairs of X maximum and X minimum

<u>Item</u>	<u>Control card column</u>	<u>Description</u>
15 (continued)		from control card 3 to be read. If a second control 3 were necessary for additional ranges, the number of fields used would be included in the count for item 15.
16	23	If column 23 contains a zero then the X variable will appear along the abscissa, and the y variables will appear along the ordinate. Any non-zero value in column 23 will reverse the above statement (Figure 28).
17	24	This is used only for endcard or outcard least square fit requests, where each plot is a cycle range.  If column 24 contains a zero as in the example then all the pairs of ranges on control card 3 are reduced to a single range.
		If column 24 contains a "1" punch, then each pair of ranges on control card 3 is equivalent to a complete range on the tape. All ranges on the tape to be plotted must appear on control card 3 if the "1" punch in column 24 option is used, and must be in the same sequence as requested in the retrieve-formatter-routine.

#### Control card 3 (Figure 29)

This control card describes the minimum and maximum values of X for each plot (range).

<u>Item</u>	<u>Columns</u>	<u>Description</u>
18	1-10	These columns contain the minimum value of X (X min) including decimal point for the first range.
19	11-20	These columns contain the maximum value of X (X max) including a decimal point for the first range.
20	21-30	Same as item 18 except it applies to range 2.
21	31-40	Same as item 19 except it applies to range 2.
22	41-50	Same as item 19 except it applies to range 3.
23	51-60	Same as item 19 except it applies to range 3.

The example in Figure 29 shows the first cycle range is 0 to 100, the second range is 100 to 200 and the third is 200 to 300.

An additional control card 3 can be used if additional ranges are required. A maximum of seven are allowed. In the sample control cards (Figures 25-27), a 1 appears in column 23 of

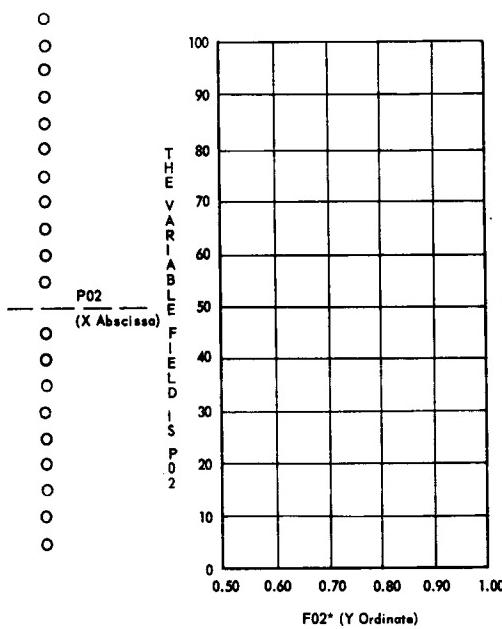
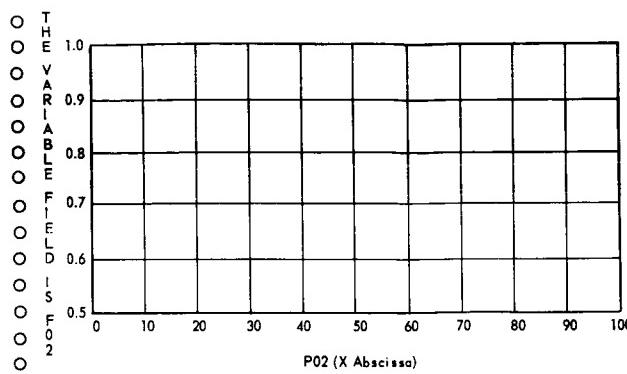


Figure 28—Printed plot routine coordinate arrangement

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
18	$X_{\min}$ range 1
19	$X_{\max}$ range 1
20	$X_{\min}$ range 2
21	$X_{\max}$ range 2
22	$X_{\min}$ range 3
23	$X_{\min}$ range 3

The diagram illustrates the mapping of control items to plot ranges. The ranges are defined by pairs of values:

- Range 1: Item 18 ( $X_{\min}$ ) and Item 19 ( $X_{\max}$ ) both map to the first pair (0. to 100.).
- Range 2: Item 20 ( $X_{\min}$ ) and Item 21 ( $X_{\max}$ ) both map to the second pair (100. to 200.).
- Range 3: Item 22 ( $X_{\min}$ ) and Item 23 ( $X_{\min}$ ) both map to the third pair (200. to 300.).

Figure 29—Printed plot routine control card 3

control card 2. Only one range is required with  $X_{\min}$  equal to 0 and  $X_{\max}$  equal to 300. Item 15 (control card 2) would have to be changed to 02.

There are certain restrictions in this routine which must be considered when the analyst is preparing a run:

1. When plotting endcard data, whether retrieved or pseudo, the program plots by cycle range. The number of cycles in a cycle range must not exceed 500.
2. A tape to be plotted with least square fit fields must be a pseudo tape, and only pseudo fields may be referenced.
3. The internal core image array is set at 7000 locations. Therefore, "N" must not exceed this limit.  
$$N = (\text{Item 9 times item 8} + 1) \times P,$$
 where  $P = (\text{Item 11 times item 10} + 1)/6$  rounded out to the nearest integer.
4. Items 8-11 cannot be set equal to 0.
5. Item 14 ( $Y_{\min}$ ) must be less than item 15 ( $Y_{\max}$ ).

Instructions to the operator. The following instructions must be given to the operator when submitting the routine card deck for analysis.

1. Mount retrieved data tape on logical tape setting B-9 or mount pseudo data tape on logical setting of B-7.
2. Use 132 print position paper.
3. Process multiple runs (additional sets of control cards 1-3) by pressing START after each run.
4. FORTRAN II - EXECUTE
5. Average machine time for a run is 2 minutes.
6. Request TONAP Carriage Tape

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## **APPENDIX A**

### **CARD TO TAPE EDITING PROGRAM**

## **APPENDIX A**

### **CARD TO TAPE EDITING PROGRAM**

The card to tape editing program will take the raw data cards and record them on magnetic tape. This is followed by a series of tests in which this data is sorted and checked for validity. Any cycles found to be invalid are then deleted or have special codes placed on them. The new data becomes the endcard and outcard raw data tapes, and are merged in binary form with the other data already on tape to become up-to-date endcard and outcard raw data tapes.

## Appendix A

### 1. Instructions for Use

General order of programs to run when merging new data with old data.

- A. Cards to tape
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcard #2
  - 3. Endcard #1
- B. Sort routine
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcard #2
  - 3. Endcard #1
- C. Alpha check routine
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcard #2
  - 3. Endcard #1
- D. Preliminary analysis routine
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcard #1
- E. Delete and duplication elimination routine
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcard #1
- F. BCD to binary routine
  - 1. Outcard
  - 2. Endcard #1 and Endcard #2
- G. Binary merge routine
  - 1. Outcards
  - 2. Endcards

Note: See Flowcharts for merging endcards and outcards on Pages 2 and 3.

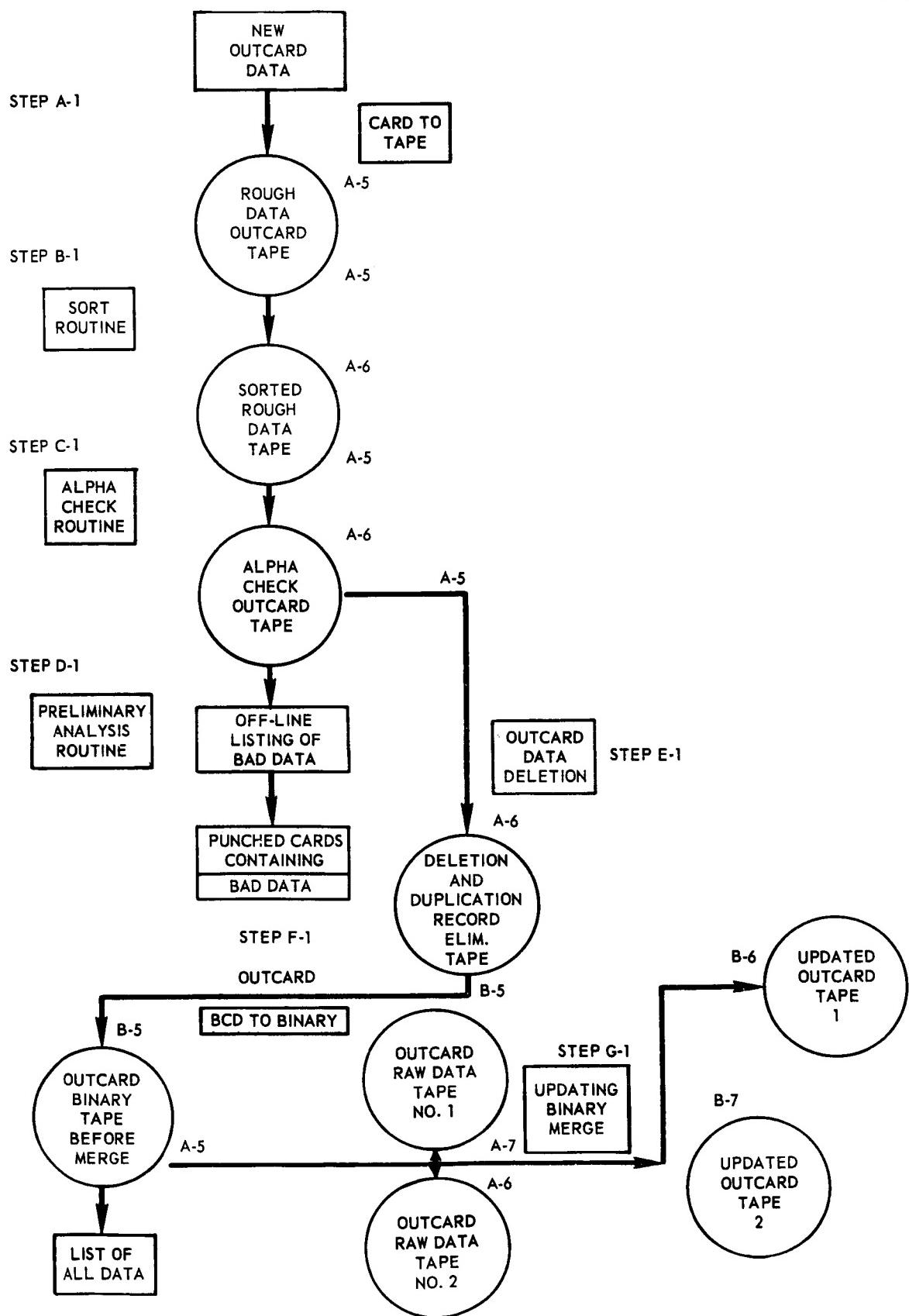


Figure A-1-Outcard Card to Tape Editing Programs

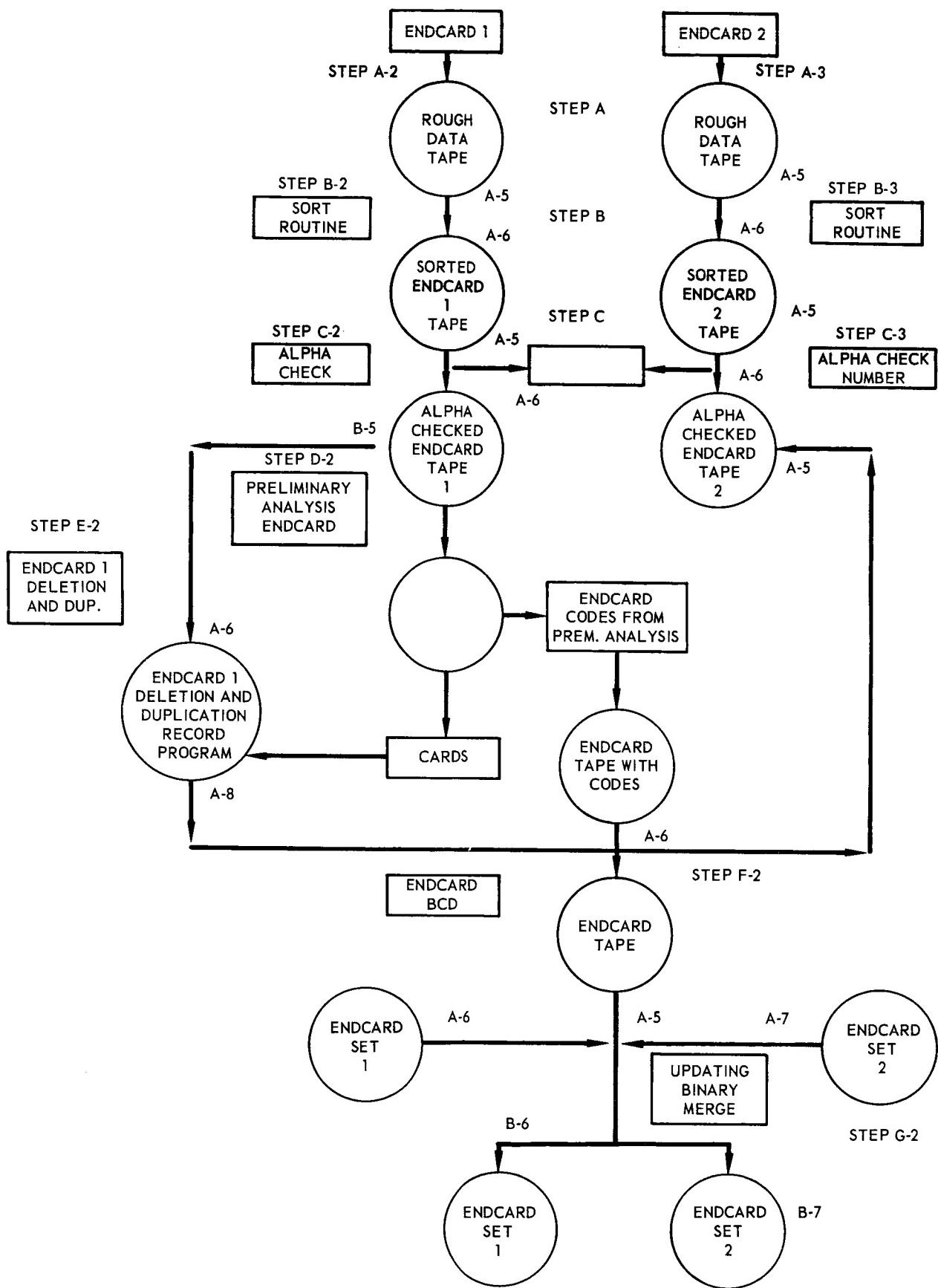


Figure A-2—Endcard Card to Tape Editing Programs

### Steps A-1, A-2 and A-3

1. Title: Preparation of data cards to be put on tape.
2. General description:
  - A. Data to be limited to a maximum of one 2400 foot tape or less. This is approximately 15 boxes of cards.
  - B. Use separate tapes for the following:
    2. Endcard #1
    3. Endcard #2
    1. Outcards
  - C. Make sure on update runs that no cycles from new data are already on the old data tape. Also make sure that the last cycle on each battery is complete for the new data to be merged.
  - D. See illustration on Page 7 of data card formats before recording on tape. Also see Pages 8, 9, 10 for more detail on the data card formats.

### 3. Operating Procedure: Cards are put on tape using an IBM 1401 Computer FARGO Program.

### Steps B-1, B-2 and B-3

1. Title: Data sort program
2. General description:

The purpose of the data sort program is to assure that all the data that has been put on tape is in order, according to battery number and cycle number.
3. Input:

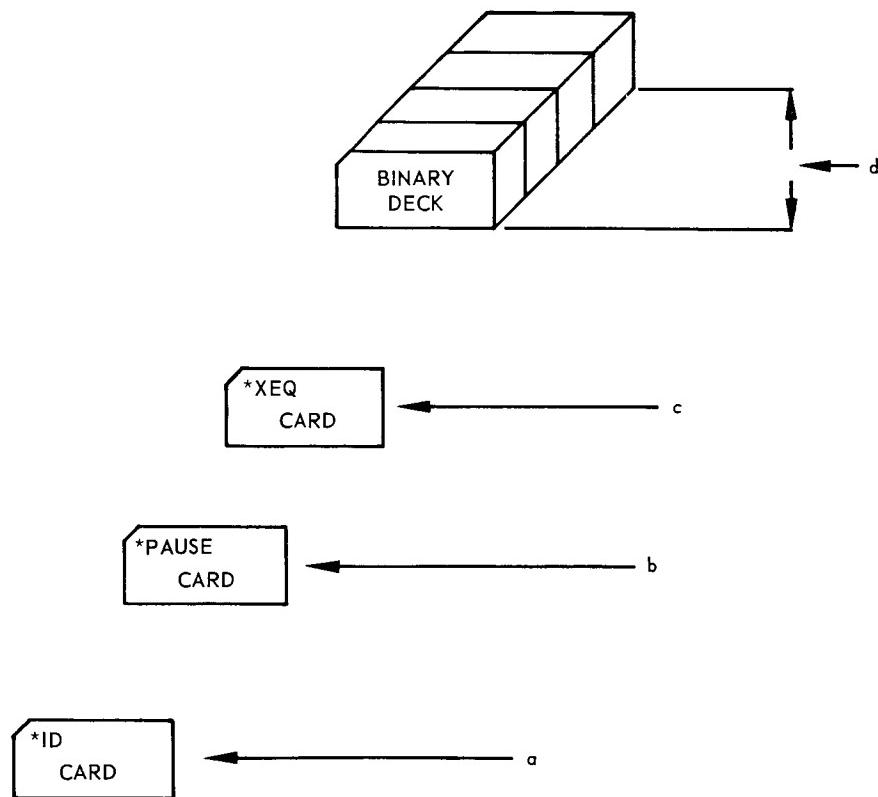
Use the raw data tape (A5), also use a 3 scratch tapes (A7), (B5) and (B6).
4. Output:

Generates output tape (A6). Examples of print out are attached.
5. Operating procedures:

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to front of binary deck.
6. Special considerations:
  - a. Call out on job card to use IBSYS system.

## 7. Sample deck set-up

- a. Identification card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and in columns 7-72 a program description is punched.
- b. Pause card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and PAUSE punched in columns 7-11.
- c. Execute card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and XEQ punched in columns 7-9.
- d. Binary deck.



NOTE: This setup is same for endcard #1, endcard #2 and outcards.

Figure A-3—Example deck setup – sort program

8. Example of on-line listing for SORT - B-1, B-2 and B-3:

\$ID

\$Pause

Oper. action pause

.. Continuing

Remark endcard 1 data sort

Prepare units as follows.. \*EP06

Unit A5	Input tape
Unit B5	Merge tape
Unit B6	Merge tape
Unit A6	Merge tape
Unit A7	Merge tape
Unit BO	Checkpoint tape

Press start when all units are properly prepared and in ready status.

Oper. action pause

.. Continuing

Unit A6 closing output reel No. 0001 \*OUO1

End of sort

Steps C-1, C-2 and C-3

1. Title: Alpha check program

2. General description:

This program will eliminate any card images that contain alpha characters. This program is used to place an additional record at very end of output tape that contains 999999 in columns 1-6. This is a last card signal for the next series of programs.

**3. Input:**

Use the tape generated from data sort (A5).

**4. Output:**

Generates output tape (A6). Examples of print-out are attached.

**5. Operating procedures:**

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to front of binary dec.

**6. Sample deck setup**

Same as for data sort, Page A-5.

Note: Endcard #1 tape and endcard #2 tape should be run separately.

**7. Example of on-line listing for alpha check - C-1, C-2 and C-3:**

\*Alpha check program for endcards 1

\*Pause

\*XEQ

Execution

Last A5. processing complete

999999

Prepare A6 if processing incomplete.

**Step D-1 (for Endcards - See Step D-2, page A-13)**

**1. Title: Outcard preliminary analysis program**

**2. General description:**

This program computes the following for analysis:

- a. Volts hours over a range of start and end time of half cycle.
- b. Number of cards present on a half cycle.

- c. Average voltage for first and last card on half cycle.
- d. Delta time of first and last card punched during half cycle.

3. Input:

Use tape generated from outcard alpha check (A5).

4. Output:

Generates an off line listing from tape (A3) to all outcard cycles.

5. Operating procedures:

Attach a job card to front of binary deck.

6. Special considerations:

- a. From the off-line listing that was generated it is possible to analyze any out-of-limit conditions. Also to determine if any cycles are invalid and should be deleted.
- b. An out-of-limit condition may actually be valid data. Cycles of this nature will be recorded according to the condition, coded and used later in the BCD to binary conversion program.

7. Sample deck setup:

Same as for data sort (Figure A-3).

8. Example of on-line listing preliminary analysis for outcards - D-1:

\* Preliminary analysis for outcards

\* Pause

\* XEQ

Execution

927 Lines output this job.

Also tape A-3 lists all cycles out of limits.

Step E-1

1. Title: Outcard delete and duplication record elimination program.

2. General description:

This program deletes any duplicate records which may have accidentally been loaded on the original magnetic tape, and deletes any invalid records located by the preliminary analysis routine.

**3. Input:**

- a. Use the outcard tape generated from outcard alpha check (A5).
- b. Any cycles to be deleted will be punched on IBM cards and placed directly behind a "data card." This is loaded directly behind the source program and the last card has a "99" punched in columns 5 & 6 to signal end of data. This card has to be loaded directly behind a "data card" even if no cycles are to be deleted. Below is example of card format.

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	X	0 Complete cycle 1 Half cycle
5 & 6	XX	Battery number
8 - 11	XXXX	Cycle number
14	X	Phase if needed
24	0	Signifies outcards

**4. Output:**

- a. Generates output tape (A6)
- b. Off-line listing from tape (A3) will list any duplicate records that were found and any records which were deleted.

**5. Operating procedure:**

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to the front of the binary deck. Same type as made out for endcards.

**6. Sample deck setup:**

This will be the same as used for endcards, (Figure A-4, Page A-16 for example of deck setup), (Page A-15 for explanation of this setup).

**7. Examples of on-line listing outcard delete and dup record elimination – E-1:**

\* Outcard delete and dup record elimination

\* Pause

\* XEQ

Execution

12539 Lines output this job.

## Step F-1

### 1. Title: Outcard BCD to binary program

### 2. General description:

This program generates a binary tape with batteries 0-11 on it. It records on this tape the format as shown on Page 41 for outcards. This program makes some final validity checks before writing the cycles up on binary tape. If the cycles do not meet the requirements, it will not write this cycle up on tape. Any cycles which are not accepted are listed on the output tape (A3) with the battery and the cycle number, also the reason for not being accepted. Below are some of the checks made.

- a. Checks to see if the card is an outcard by sequence number.
- b. Checks to see if there are 5 or more cards per half cycle.

This program puts codes on all cycles for which a code card was made. Also uses the endcard code tape and places the last bad endcard cycle number in code "C" on every outcard cycle until the next bad endcard cycle number is equal to or greater than the outcard cycle number and then this number is used in code "C".

### 3. Input:

- a. This program uses (3) input tapes.

- i. Output tape of outcard delete program (B5).
  - ii. Outcard tape with codes (A7).
  - iii. Endcard tape with codes (A6).

- b. Outcard codes which were made up from listing of outcard preliminary analysis program are written up on separate tape. Format for punched cards is as follows:

i.	<u>Column</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Description</u>
	5 & 6	XX	Battery number
	9 - 12	XXXX	Cycle number
	14 & 15	XX	Code number
	16 - 18	XXX	Time if any
	24	0	Signifies outcard

- ii. These cards have to be in order by battery and cycle number before going on tape.
  - iii. Last card has "99" punched in columns 5 & 6 to signal last card.

4. Output:
  - a. Generates binary output tape (A8) containing batteries 0-11.
  - b. Generates off-line listings from tape (A3) of all outcard data that is on this update run.  
Request (2) listings of this tape.
5. Operating procedures:

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to the front of the binary deck.
6. Special considerations:
  - a. Before running this program, a tape with endcard codes must be ready.
  - b. Include the last cycle coded from each battery from the last update run.
7. Sample deck setup

Same as for the data sort (Figure A-3).
8. Example of on-line listing outcard BCD to binary - F-1:
  - \* Outcard BCD to binary
  - \* Pause
  - \* XEQ

Execution

12691 Lines output this job.

#### Step G-1

1. Title: Outcard binary merge
2. General description:

This program will merge all the new data with the old. It generates (2) binary tapes, one with batteries 0-7, and the other with batteries 8-11.

**3. Input:**

This program uses (3) input tapes.

- a. Output tape of outcard BCD to binary (A5)
- b. Old binary outcard tape containing batteries 9-7 (B6)
- c. Old binary outcard tape containing batteries 8-11 (B7)

**4. Output:**

Generates (2) output tapes.

- a. Updated binary outcard tape with batteries 0-7 (B6)
- b. Updated binary outcard tape with batteries 8-11 (B7)

**5. Operating procedures:**

Attach a job card and (2) computer operations tape cards to the front of the binary deck.

**6. Special considerations:**

Duplicate the (2) binary tapes for spares, in case anything happens to the originals.

**7. Sample deck setup:**

Same as data sort (Figure A-3).

**8. Example of on-line listing outcard binary merge - G-1:**

- \* Outcard binary merge
- \* Pause
- \* XEQ

Execution

End of job

13 Lines output this job.

- \* End tape

## Step D-2

1. Title: Endcard #1 preliminary analysis program
2. General description:

This program summarizes any out of limit condition on any card image on the input tape. The following are the fields it will check and if they are not in limits of the parameters set up, they will be listed on tape A3 for off-line listings.

- a. Charge time
- b. Discharge time
- c. Energy efficiency
- d. Current efficiency
- e. Watt hours charge
- f. Watt hours discharge

Should it be necessary to modify the out of limit parameters, it can be easily accomplished by modification of the source program constants. See example with source program.

3. Input:

Use tape generated from alpha check (A5).

4. Output:

Does not generate any output tape, just an off-line listing from tape A3. See attached example of this listing.

5. Operating procedures:

Attach a job card to the front of the binary deck.

6. Special considerations:

- a. Do not use endcard #2 tape with this program.
- b. From the A3 listing, it is possible to analyze the out of limit conditions, to determine the validity of the information. Any invalid cycles will be recorded and are to be used in the delete program.
- c. An out of limit condition may actually be valid data. Cycles of this nature will be recorded according to the condition, and used later in the BCD to binary conversion program.

7. Sample deck setup:

Same as the data sort (Figure A-3).

8. Example of on-line listing for endcard preliminary analysis - D-2:

\* Preliminary analysis for endcards 1

\* Pause

\* XEQ

Begin compilation

Execution

1382 Lines output this job.

Step E-2

1. Title: Endcard #1 delete and duplication record elimination

2. General description:

This program deletes any duplicate records which may have accidentally been loaded on the original magnetic tape. Also deletes any invalid records located by the preliminary analysis routine.

3. Input:

a. Use the endcard #1 generated from the alpha sort (A5).

b. Any cycles to be deleted will be punched on IBM cards and placed behind a "data card."

The last card has a 99 in columns 5 and 6 to signal the end of the data. This card has to be the last card even if no cycles are to be deleted. Below is example of card format.

<u>Column</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	0	Identification
5 & 6	XX	Battery No.
8 - 11	XXXX	Cycle No.
24	E	Signifies endcard

4. Output:

Generates output tape (A-6). Examples of print out are attached.

5. Operating procedure:

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to the front of the binary deck.

6. Special considerations:

Do not use endcard #2 tape with this program.

7. Sample deck setup (Figure A-4):

- a. Identification card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and a program description punched in columns 7-72.
- b. Pause card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and PAUSE punched in columns 7-11.
- c. Execute card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and XEQ punched in columns 7-9.
- d. Binary deck.
- e. Data card. An asterisk punched in column 1 and DATA punched in columns 7-10.
- f. Delete cards.
- g. Last card with 99 punched in columns 5 and 6.

8. Example of on-line listing for endcard delete and dup record elimination – E-2:

- \* Endcard 1 delete and dup record elimination
- \* Pause
- \* XEQ

Execution

10732 Lines output this job.

Step F-2

1. Title: Endcard BCD to binary merge

2. General description:

This program merges endcard #1 and endcard #2 together and generates a binary tape with batteries 0-11. It records on tape the format as shown on Page 28 for endcards. This also makes some final validity checks before merging endcard #1 and endcard #2. If the cycle does not meet all the parameters shown below it will not write this cycle on tape. Any cycles which are not accepted are listed on A3 output by battery and cycle number and the reason not accepted.

- a. Checks to see if card is an endcard.
- b. Checks for (2) cards per half cycle.

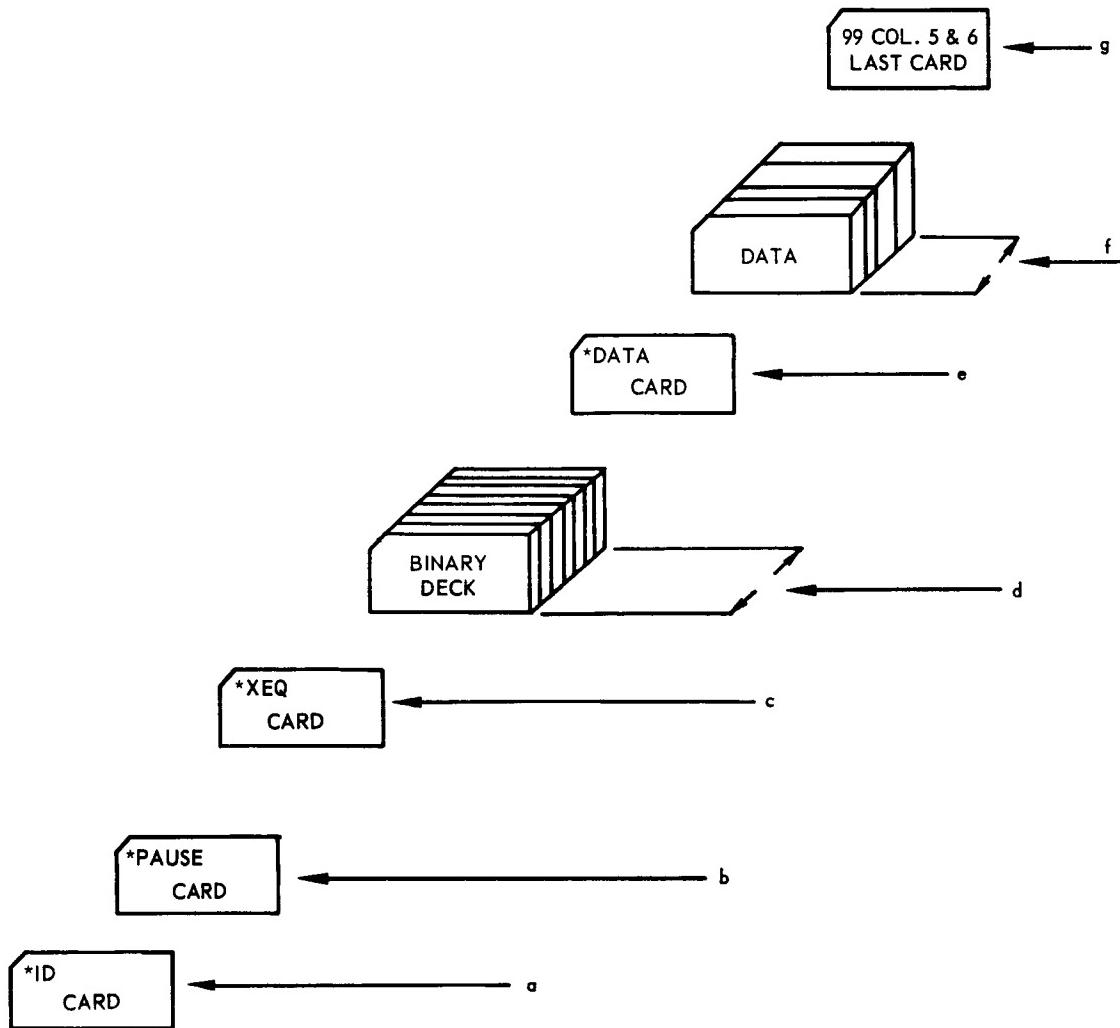


Figure 5.1—Sample deck setup — delete program endcard #1

- c. Checks for (4) cards per cycle and each (4) cards, checks for following:
  - 1. Same battery number.
  - 2. Same cycle number.
  - 3. Cell activity agrees on charge and discharge.
- d. Deletes cycle if there is zero efficiency on endcard #1
- 3. Input:
  - a. This program uses (3) input tapes.
    - i. Endcard #1 tape from output of delete and duplication record elimination (A8).

- ii. Endcard #2 alpha check tape (B5).
  - iii. Endcard tape with codes (A6).
- b. Endcard codes which were made up from listing of endcard analysis program are written up on separate tape. Format for punched cards to use on code is as follows:

<u>i. Column</u>	<u>Data</u>	<u>Description</u>
5 & 6	XX	Battery number
9 - 12	XXXX	Cycle number
14 & 15	XX	Code number
16 - 18	XXX	Time if any
24	E	Signifies endcard

- ii. These cards have to be in order by battery and cycle number.
- iii. Last card has 99 punched in columns 5 and 6 to signal last card.

**4. Output:**

- a. Generates binary output tape (A7) containing batteries 0-11.
- b. Generates off-line listing from tape (A3) of all endcard data that is up on tape. Example of print out are attached. Request (2) listings of this tape.
- c. Codes all endcard cycles that are requested.

**5. Operating procedures:**

Attach a job card and computer operations tape log card to the front of the binary deck.

**6. Sample deck setup:**

Same as for the data sort (Figure A-3).

**7. Example of on-line listing for endcard BCD to binary - F-2:**

- \* Endcard BCD to binary
- \* Pause
- \* XEQ

**EXECUTION**

Total number of cycles processed - 5202.

End of tape writing A3 . Change and push start.

31986 Lines output this job.

Step G-2

1. Title: Endcard binary merge program

2. General description:

This program merges all the new data with the old data. It generates (2) binary tapes, one with batteries 0-7, and the other binary tape with batteries 8-11.

3. Input:

This program uses (3) input tapes.

- a. Output tape of endcard BCD to binary (B8).
- b. Binard endcard tape containing old data from batteries 0-7 (A6).
- c. Binary endcard tape containing old data from batteries 8-11 (A7).

4. Output:

Generates (2) output tapes:

- a. Updated binary endcard tape with batteries 0-7 (B6).
- b. Updated binary endcard tape with batteries 8-11 (B7).

5. Operation procedures:

Attach a job card and (2) computer operations tape log cards to the front of the binary deck.

6. Sample deck setup:

Same as for the data sort (Figure A-3).

7. Special considerations:

Duplicate the (2) binary tapes for spares, in case anything happens to the originals.

**8. Example of on-line listing for endcard binary merge – G-2:**

- \* Endcard binary merge
- \* Pause
- \* XEQ  
Execution

End of job

13 Lines output this job.

**APPENDIX B**

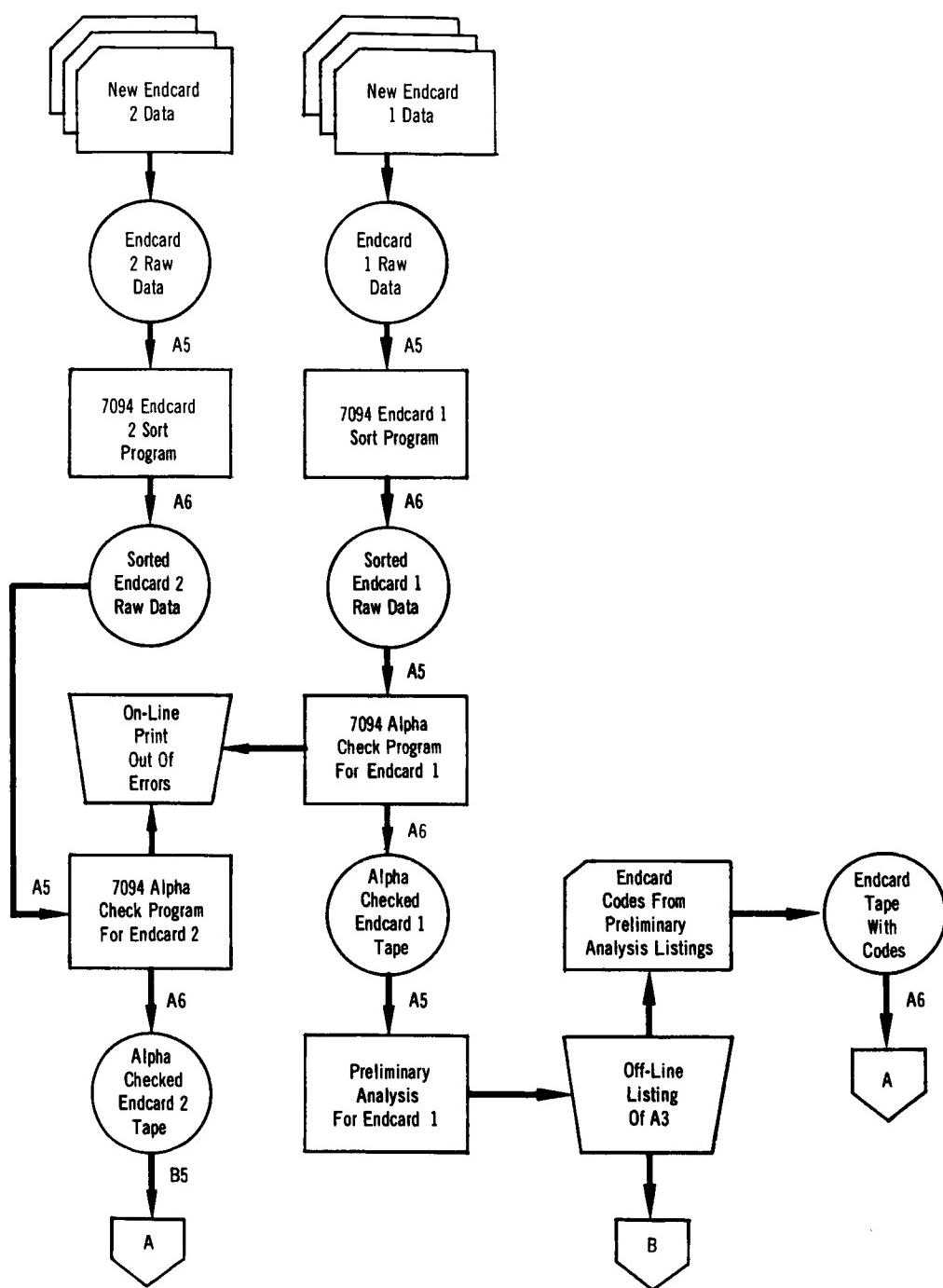
**FLOW CHARTS**

and

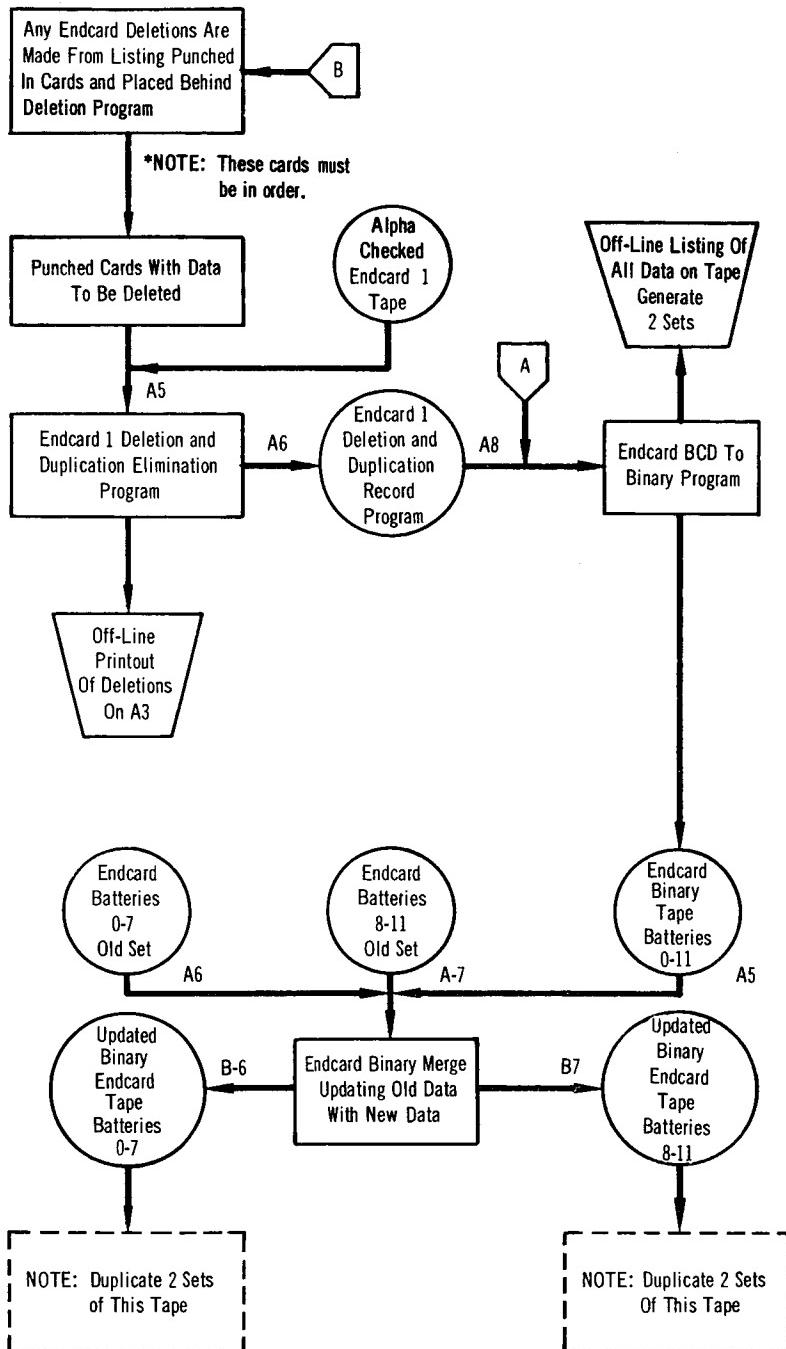
**SOURCE DECK STATEMENTS**

**FOR CARD TO TAPE EDITING PROGRAM**

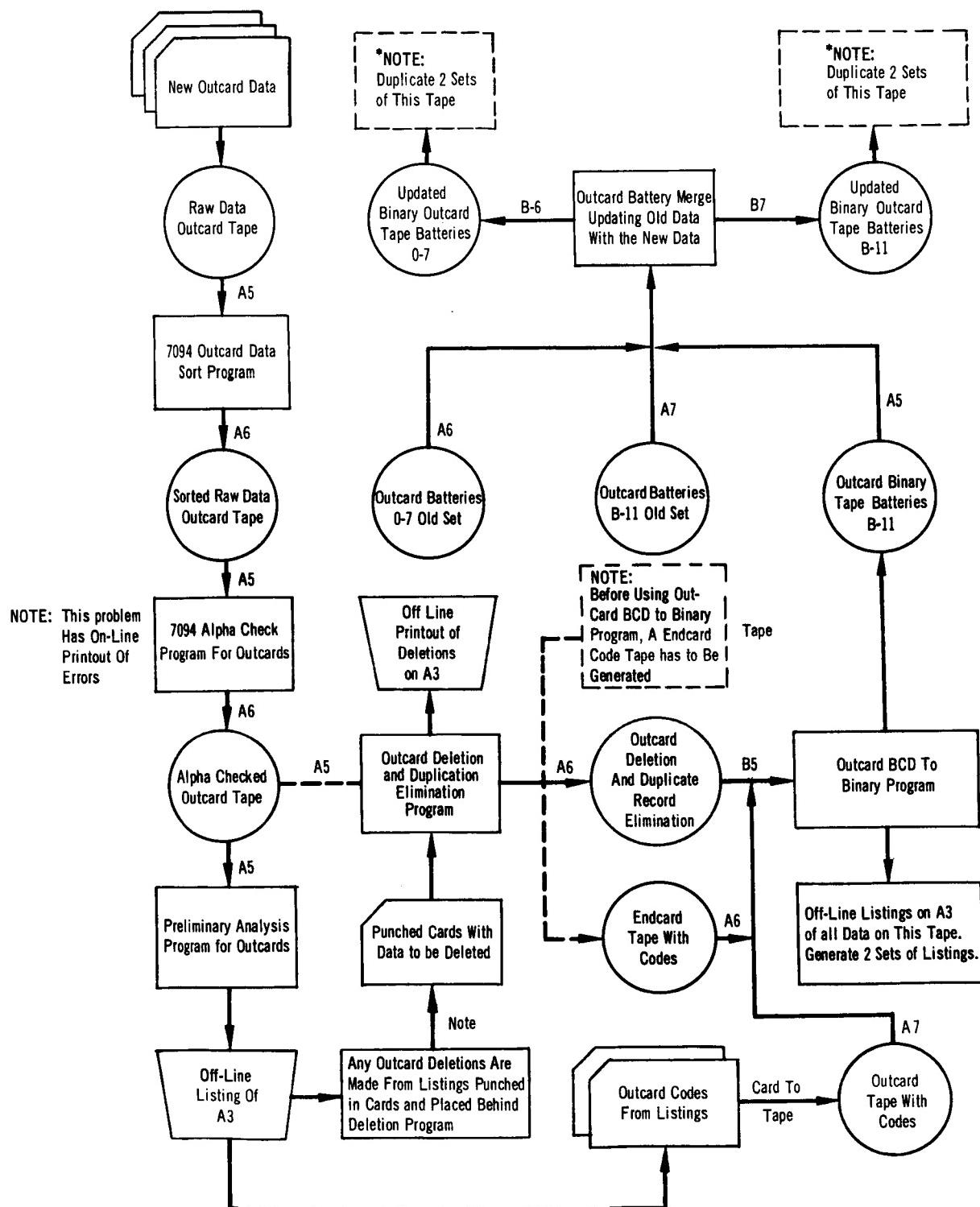
### NEW ENDCARD DATA MERGE



## NEW ENDCARD DATA MERGE



### NEW OUTCARD DATA MERGE



```

$IBSYS
$ID
$PAUSE
$EXECUTE      SORT
    FILE,INPUT/1,BLO/14,REE/1,MOD/D,DENSITY/H
    FILE,OUT,BLO/14,MOD/D,DEN/H
    RECORD,TYPE/F,LEN/(14),FIELD/(16,10,5,5,1)
    SORT,FILE/1,ORDER/2,FIE/(1A,5D,3A),SEQ/S
    CHANNELS,INP/A,MERGE/(A,B)
    OPT,TAP
    REMARK OUTCARD DATA SORT
    END
$FMSYS

```

STEP B-1

```

*      OUTCARD ALPHA TEST          STEP C-1
*      PAUSE
*      XEQ
*      CARDS COLUMN
*      FORMAP
*      FAP
INIT   ETTA
      NOP
      AXT    14,1
      STZ    WKAR+14,1
      TIX    *-1,1,1
READ   RTDA    5
      RCHA   COMM1
      TCOA   *
      TRCA   RDERR
      TEFA   ENDS
      TRA    VALCK
RDERR  AXT    9,2
RDBSP  BSRA   5
      RTDA   5
      RCHA   COMM1
      TCOA   *
      TRCA   **2
      TRA    RDERR-2
      TIX    RDBSP,2,1
      TSX    ${SPH},4
      PZE    MESSA,,1
      TSX    ${FIL},4
      CALL   SEXIT
VALCK  AXT    14,1
      AXT    6,2
      CAL    WKAR+14,1
      SLW    TEMP
CK1    ANA    MASK
      LAS    SIXTY
      TRA    ERROR
      TRA    CK2

```

	LAS	NINE
	TRA	ERROR
	TRA	CK2
CK2	CAL	TEMP
	ARS	6
	SLW	TEMP
	TIX	CK1,2,1
	TIX	VALCK+1,1,1
	TRA	WRITE
ERROR	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	CAL	TEMP
	SLW	MESSG+5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSB,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TRA	INIT
WRITE	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	ETTA	
	TRA	END6
	TRCA	WIERR
	TRA	INIT
END5	LXA	SAM,1
	TIX	*+2,1,1
	TRA	LAST
	SXA	SAM,1
	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSD,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	HTR	READ
LAST	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSE,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	AXT	1,1
	SXA	SAM,1
END6	CAL	CODE
	SLW	WKAR
	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	WEFA	6
	RUNA	6
	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSF,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	HTR	INIT
WIERR	AXT	9,2
WIBSP	BSRA	6
	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1

```

TCOA   *
TRCA   **2
TRA    INIT
BSRA   6
WTDA   6
TCOA   *
TRCA   WZ
TIX    WIBSP+1,2,1
WZ    TSX  ${SPH},4
      PZE  MESSC,,1
      TSX  ${FIL},4
      CALL  $EXIT
MESSA BCI  7,(35H READ ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSB BCI  7,(35H INVALID CHARACTER IN RECORD ABOVE.)
MESSC BCI  7,(36H WRITE ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSD BCI  7,(29H PREPARE NEW A5. PRESS START.)
MESSE BCI  7,(29H LAST A5.PEOCESSING COMPLETE.)
MESSF BCI  7,(37H PREPARE A6 IF PROCESSING INCOMPLETE.)
MESSG BCI  7,(35H )
WKAR  BSS  14
SIXTY OCT 60
CODE  OCT  111111111111
MASK  OCT  77
NINE  OCT  11
TEMP  PZE
SAM   PZE  1
COMM1 10CD WKAR,,14
END

```

```

*   PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS FOR OUTCARDS          STEP D-1
*
*   PAUSE
*   XEQ
*   CARDS COLUMN
C***  OUTCARD VALIDITY ANALYSIS
C***  INITIALIZATION
      DIMENSION V(10)
      1 ISW=1
      NSTNO=1
      ISTNO=1
      L=5
C***  FIRST INPUT TAPE DRIVE L
      REWIND L
C***  HEADINGS
      2 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,100
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,99
      LINE=3
      GO TO (3,10,14),NSTNO
C***  FORMAT STATEMENTS
      99 FORMAT (116HO     BAT     CYCLE    DAY     Y     SEQ    NO CARDS   V
                 1ULT-HOURS   START-TIM  END-TIM  START-ET  END-ET  PHASE)
      100 FORMAT (126H1    P R E L I M I N A R Y   O U T C A
                  1 R D     S U M M A R Y   A N D     A N A L Y S
                  2 I S)
      101 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,6X,F5.4,5X,I1,9X,10F4.3,I1)
      102 FORMAT (1H )
      103 FORMAT (1H ,3I8,I5,I6,I10,F15.4,F13.4,F11.4,F10.3,F11.3,6X,A3)
      104 FORMAT (12HO END OF JOB)
C***  READ RECORD
      3 READ INPUT TAPE L,101,NBAT,NCYC,NY,NDAY,TIME,NPHAS,V(1),V(2),V(3),
         V(4),V(5),V(6),V(7),V(8),V(9),V(10),NSEQ

```

```

        GO TO (15,4),ISTNO
4 IF (NBAT-99)5,21,21
5 IF (NPHAS-IPHAS)8,6,8
6 IF (NCYC-ICYC)8,7,8
7 IF (NBAT-IBAT)8,15,8
8 IF (LINE-55)10,9,9
9 NSTNO=2
GO TO 2
10 IF (IPHAS)50,50,60
50 FPHAS=3HCHG
GO TO 70
60 FPHAS=3HDIS
70 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,IBAT,ICYC,IDAY,IY,ISEQ,NOCD,VH,TINT,TAXT,
    1TINE,TAXE,FPHAS
    LINE=LINE+1
    IF (NBAT-IBAT)11,12,11
11 NSTNO=3
GO TO 2
12 IF (NCYC-ICYC)13,14,13
13 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102
    LINE=LINE+1
14 ISW=1
15 ATCEL=0.0
    AVER=0.0
    DO 17 I=1,10
    IF (V(I))16,17,16
16 ATCEL=ATCEL+1.0
    AVER=AVER+V(I)
17 CONTINUE
    AVER=AVER/ATCEL
C*** FIRST CARD OF PHASE OR HALF CYCLE
    IF (ISW)19,19,18
18 TINT=TIME
    TINE=AVER
    ISEQ=NSEQ
    IDAY=NDAY
    IBAT=NBAT
    ICYC=NCYC
    IY=NY
    NOCD=0
    VH=0.0
    IPHAS=NPHAS
    ISW=0
    GO TO 20
C*** REMAINING CARDS OF PHASE OR CYCLE
19 DELTI=TIME-TAXT
    VH=VH+DELTI*((TAXE+AVER)/2.0)
20 TAXT=TIME
    TAXE=AVER
    NOCD=NOCD+1
    ISTNO=2
    GO TO 3
C*** END OF TAPE ROUTINE
21 REWIND L
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104
    CALL EXIT
    END

```

\* OUTCARD DELETE AND DUP RECORD ELIMINATION      STEP E-1  
 \* PAUSE  
 \* CARDS COLUMN

```

C..... OUTCARD DELETE AND DUPLICATE RECORD ELIMINATION PROGRAM
C..... BELOW IS FORMAT EXPLANATION FOR RECORDS TO BE DELETED
C *1* COL 1 CONTAINS A 0 IF ENTIRE CYCLE IS TO BE DELETED
C *2* COL 1 CONTAINS A 1 IF PHASE OF CYCLE IS TO BE DELETED ONLY (OUTCARDS)
C *3* COL 5 AND 6 CONTAINS BATTERY NUMBER
C *4* COL 8 TO 11 CONTAINS CYCLE NUMBER
C *5* COL 14 CONTAINS PHASE (IF COL 1 CONTAINS 1),C=CHG,I=DISCHARGE
C *6* LAST CARD SIGNAL CONTAINS 99 IN COL 5 AND 6 (THIS ENDS ALL DELETIONS)
C *7* THIS DATA WILL BE PLACED BEHIND DELETE PROGRAM
C.... INITIALIZATION
      DIMENSION NN(21),MM(21)
2 READ INPUT TAPE 2,1C0,ID,IBAT,ICYC,IPHAS
1 REWIND 5
    REWIND 6
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103
    ISW=0
C.... FORMAT STATEMENTS
100 FORMAT (I1,I5,I5,I3)
101 FORMAT (I2,14,I1,I3,I5,1X,2I5,I1,I5,12I4)
102 FORMAT (27H0DUPLICATE RECORD DELETED ,I2,I4,I1,I3,I5,1X,2I5,I1,I5
1,12I4)
103 FORMAT (1H1,45X,32H0 E L E T I O N P R O G R A M)
104 FORMAT (13H0 END OF JOB)
105 FORMAT (27H0REQUESTED RECORD DELETED ,I2,I4,I1,I3,I5,1X,2I5,I1,I5
1,12I4)
106 FORMAT (36H0REQUEST FOR DELETION OUT OF ORDER ,4I6)
107 FORMAT (47H0COULD NOT LOCATE RECORD FOR DELETION REQUEST ,2I6)
3 READ INPUT TAPE 5,101,(NN(I),I=1,21)
4 READ INPUT TAPE 5,101,(MM(I),I=1,21)
DO 5 I=1,21
  IF (NN(I)-MM(I))9,5,9
5 CONTINUE
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102,(NN(I),I=1,21)
6 DO 7 I=1,21
  MM(I)=MM(I)
7 CONTINUE
  IF (MM(I)-99)4,8,8
8 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,101,(MM(I),I=1,21)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104
  GO TO 22
9 IF (IBAT-99)11,10,10
10 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,101,(NN(I),I=1,21)
  GO TO 6
11 IF (IBAT-NN(1))16,12,10
12 IF (ICYC-NN(2))16,13,10
13 IF (ID)15,15,14
14 IF (IPHAS-NN(8))10,15,10
15 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,105,(NN(I),I=1,21)
  ISW=1
  GO TO 6
16 IF ([ISW]21,21,17
17 READ INPUT TAPE 2,100,ID,IIBAT,IICYC,IPHAS
  ISW=0
  IF (IBAT-IIBAT)19,18,20
18 IF (ICYC-IICYC)19,20,20
19 IBAT=IIBAT
  ICYC=IICYC
  GO TO 9
20 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,106,IBAT,IIBAT,ICYC,IICYC
  GO TO 22
21 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,107,IBAT,ICYC
  GO TO 17

```

```

22 REWIND 5
END FILE 6
REWIND 6
CALL EXIT
END
DATA

*
* OUTCARD BCD TO BINARY
* PAUSE
* XEQ
* PAUSE
* CARDS COLUMN
C OUTCARD VALIDITY AND BINARY CONVERSION PROGRAM
C TAPE NO 3 IS FOR ERROR MESSAGES
C TAPE NO 6 IS FOR ENDCARD CODES
C TAPE NO 7 IS FOR OUTCARD CODES
C TAPE NO 8 IS FOR OUTCARD OUTPUT
C TAPE NO 15 IF FOR OUTCARD INPUT
DIMENSION IMOD(10),FMOC(16,350),FMOD(16,550),IA(21)
REWIND 8
NUBAT=0
REWIND 6
REWIND 7
REWIND 15
REWIND 6
IND=0
NOCHG=0
NODIS=0
ICNT=0
C.... TAPE A6 CONTAINS ENDCARD CODES
2 READ INPUT TAPE 6,101,KEDBAT,KEDCYC
101 FORMAT (I6,I6)
    READ INPUT TAPE 7,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KODTIM
102 FORMAT (I6,I6,I3,I3)
C.... TAPE B15 CONTAINS OUTCARD TAPE
6 READ INPUT TAPE 15,103,(IA(I),I=1,21)
103 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,I5,I8,2I5,I1,I5,1I4,I1)
C.... DETERMINE IF THIS IS AN OUTCARD
IF (IA(8)-1)3,3,4
3 IF (IA(21)-4)5,5,4
C.... ILLEGAL OUTCARD ROUTINE
4 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104
104 FORMAT (47HOCARD BELOW CONTAINS ILLEGAL PHASE OR SEQUENCE.)
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,105,(IA(I),I=1,21)
105 FORMAT (1H ,I4,I6,I3,I5,I8,2I7,I3,I7,1I6,I3)
GO TO 6
5 IMOD(9)=0
7 NUBAT=IA(1)
NUCYC=IA(2)
C.... DETERMINE IF CYCLE SHOULD HAVE OUTCARD CODE
8 IF (KODBAT-99)9,11,11
9 IF (KODBAT-IA(1))13,10,11
10 IF (KODCYC-IA(2))13,12,11
12 IMOD(7)=KOD
    IMOD(8)=KODTIM
    READ INPUT TAPE 7,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KODTIM
    GO TO 14
11 IMOD(7)=0
    IMOD(8)=0
    GO TO 14
13 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,106

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106 FORMAT (44HCOUTCARD DATA DOES NOT EXIST FOR CODE BELOW.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KODTIM
      READ INPUT TAPE 7,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KODTIM
      GO TO 8
C....   FILL IMOD ARRAY WITH BAT,CYC,YEAR,DAY AND SEQ
14 IMOD(1)=0
      DO 15 I=2,5
          IMOD(I)=IA(I-1)
15 CONTINUE
          IMOD(6)=IA(21)
C....   CHECK TO SEE IF OUTCARD SHOULD HAVE LAST PREVIOUS BAD ENDCARD
C....   CYCLE NUMBER CHANGED OR WROTE IN AT THIS TIME
16 IF (KEDBAT-99)17,21,21
17 IF (KEDBAT-IA(1))19,18,21
18 IF (KEDCYC-IA(2))20,20,21
19 READ INPUT TAPE 6,101,KEDBAT,KEDCYC
      GO TO 16
20 IMOD(9)=KEDCYC
      READ INPUT TAPE 6,101,KEDBAT,KEDCYC
      GO TO 16
21 IF ((IA(8))22,22,23
C....   PACKING ARRAY FOR CHARGE HALF
22 NOCHG=NOCHG+1
      FMOC(1,NOCHG)=IA(8)
      FMOC(2,NOCHG)=IA(5)
      FMOC(2,NOCHG)=FMOC(2,NOCHG)*.001
      FMOC(3,NOCHG)=IA(6)
      FMOC(3,NOCHG)=FMOC(3,NOCHG) .0001
      FMOC(4,NOCHG)=IA(7)
      FMOC(4,NOCHG)=FMOC(4,NOCHG)*.001
      FMOC(5,NOCHG)=IA(9)
      FMOC(5,NOCHG)=FMOC(5,NOCHG)*.001
      FMOC(6,NOCHG)=IA(10)
      FMOC(6,NOCHG)=FMOC(6,NOCHG)*.01
      DO 24 K=7,16
          FMOC(K,NOCHG)=IA(K+4)
          FMOC(K,NOCHG)=FMOC(K,NOCHG)*.001
24 CONTINUE
      GO TO 25
C....   PACKING ARRAY FOR DISCHARGE HALF
23 NODIS=NODIS+1
      FMOD(1,NODIS)=IA(8)
      FMOD(2,NODIS)=IA(5)
      FMOD(2,NODIS)=FMOD(2,NODIS)*.001
      FMOD(3,NODIS)=IA(6)
      FMOD(3,NODIS)=FMOD(3,NODIS)*.0001
      FMOD(4,NODIS)=IA(7)
      FMOD(4,NODIS)=FMOD(4,NODIS)*.001
      FMOD(5,NODIS)=IA(9)
      FMOD(5,NODIS)=FMOD(5,NODIS)*.001
      FMOD(6,NODIS)=IA(10)
      FMOD(6,NODIS)=FMOD(6,NODIS)*.01
      DO 26 K=7,16
          FMOD(K,NODIS)=IA(K+4)
          FMOD(K,NODIS)=FMOD(K,NODIS)*.001
26 CONTINUE
C....   READING NEW OUTCARD FROM TAPE
25 READ INPUT TAPE 15,103,(IA(I),I=1,21)
      IF ((IA(1)-99)27,41,41
C....   CHECK TO SEE IF CARD READ IN IS A OUTCARD
27 IF ((IA(8)-1)28,28,29
28 IF ((IA(21)-4)30,30,29

```

```

C... ILLEGAL OUTCARD ROUTINE
29 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,105,(IA(I),I=1,21)
    GO TO 25
C.... CHECK TO SEE IF A NEW BATTERY NUMBER IS ON OUTCARD
30 IF (IA(1)-NUBAT)33,31,33
31 IF (IA(2)-NUCYC)33,32,33
32 IF (IA(8))22,22,23
C.... NEW BATNO HAS BEEN READ IN, START VALIDITY CHECK
33 IF (NOCHG)60,61,60
60 IF (NOCHG-5)38,66,66
61 IF (IMUD(7)-21)38,66,62
62 IF (IMOD(7)-23)38,66,63
63 IF (IMOD(7)-26)38,66,38
66 IF (NODIS)67,68,67
67 IF (NODIS-5)38,39,39
68 IF (IMOD(7)-21)38,39,69
69 IF (IMUD(7)-23)38,39,70
70 IF (IMUD(7)-26)38,39,38
C.... ERROR ROUTINE FOR CYCLES WITH LESS THAN 5 CARDS
38 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,109
109 FORMAT (52HOLLOWING CYCLE HAS LESS THAN 5 CARDS AND NOT CODED)
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,IMOD(2),IMOD(3)
110 FORMAT (14HCBATTERY NO. ,I2,12H CYCLE NO. ,I4)
    GO TO 50
C.... TAPE 8 IS USED FOR OUTPUT TAPE
39 ICNT=NOCHG+NODIS
    IF (NOCHG)76,76,77
76 WRITE TAPE 8,IND,ICNT,(IMOD(I),I=1,9),((FMOD(I,J),I=1,16),J=1,NODI
    1S)
    GO TO 50
77 IF (NODIS)78,78,75
78 WRITE TAPE 8,IND,ICNT,(IMOD(I),I=1,9),((FMOC(I,J),I=1,16),J=1,NOCH
    1G)
    GO TO 50
75 WRITE TAPE 8,IND,ICNT,(IMOD(I),I=1,9),((FMOC(I,J),I=1,16),J=1,NOCH
    1G),((FMOD(K,L),K=1,16),L=1,NODIS)
50 ICNT=0
    NOCHG=0
    NODIS=0
    IF (IA(1)-NUBAT)42,43,42
42 IMOD(9)=0
43 IF (IND-1)7,44,44
C.... END OF JOB
44 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,111
111 FORMAT (16HEND OF PROGRAM.)
    REWIND 6
    REWIND 7
    REWIND 15
    END FILE 8
    REWIND 8
300 FORMAT (132HOID BAT CYC Y DAY S A B C P TIME DEL-TI AVEP
    1WR AVECUR PRESS V 0 V 1 V 2 V 3 V 4 V 5 V 6 V 7 V
    2 8 V 9 )
301 FORMAT (1H ,I2,I3,I5,I2,I4,I2,I3,I4,I5,F3.0,F7.3,F8.4,2F7.3,F6.2,
    11OF6.3)
    NUBAT=0
201 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,303
303 FORMAT (1H1,40X,41HBINARY TAPE CONVERTED TO BCD FOR OUTCARDS)
202 READ TAPE 8,IND,ICNT,(IMOD(I),I=1,9),((FMOD(I,J),I=1,16),J=1,ICNT)
    K=1
    IF (NUBAT-IMOD(2))203,204,203

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```

203 NUBAT=IMOD(2)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,303
204 IF (FMOD(1,1))205,205,208
205 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,300
      DO 207 I=1,ICNT
      K=I
      IF (FMOD(1,1))206,206,208
206 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,301,(IMOD(N),N=1,9),(FMOD(J,I),J=1,16)
207 CONTINUE
      GO TO 212
208 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,300
      DO 210 I=K,ICNT
209 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,301,(IMOD(N),N=1,9),(FMOD(J,I),J=1,16)
210 CONTINUE
212 IF (IND)202,202,213
213 REWIND 8
214 CALL EXIT
C.... LAST RECORD OF LAST TAPE HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED
41 IND=1
      GO TO 33
      END

```

```

*      OUTCARD BINARY MERGE                      STEP G-1
*      PAUSE
*      XEQ
*      CARDS COLUMN
C.... PLACE BINARY TAPE TO BE MERGED ON A5
C.... PLACE OLD DATA TAPE FOR BAT 0 TO 7 ON A6
C.... PLACE OLD DATA TAPE FOR BAT 8 TO 11 ON A7
C.... PLACE BLANK TAPE ON B6 FOR MERGED BAT 0 TO 7
C.... PLACE BLANK TAPE ON B7 FOR MERGED BAT 8 TO 11
C.... INITIALIZATION
10 ISW=C
      KSW=0
C.... II IS BINARY TAPE TO BE MERGED
      II=5
      REWIND II
C.... J1 IS BAT 0 TO 7 OLD DATA,J2 IS BAT 8 TO 11 OLD DATA
      J1=6
      J2=7
      REWIND J1
      REWIND J2
C.... M1 IS BAT 0 TO 7 MERGED NEW DATA,M2 IS BAT 8 TO 11 MERGED NEW DATA
      M1=16
      M2=17
      REWIND M1
      REWIND M2
      GO TO 11
C.... READ TAPE ROUTINES ***
C.... READ ROUTINE FOR TAPE TO BE MERGED
      DIMENSION IA(9),AA(16,400),IB(9),BB(16,400)
1 READ TAPE II,INB,ICB,(IB(N),N=1,9),((BB(N,M),N=1,16),M=1,ICB)
      GO TO (12,25,33,45),L1
C
C.... READ ROUTINE FOR OLD DATA
2 READ TAPE J1,INA,ICA,(IA(N),N=1,9),((AA(N,M),N=1,16),M=1,ICA)
      GO TO (13,20),L2
C
C.... WRITE TAPE ROUTINES ***
C.... WRITE ROUTINE FROM AA ARRAY
3 WRITE TAPE M1,INA,ICA,(IA(N),N=1,9),((AA(N,M),N=1,16),M=1,ICA)

```

```

      GO TO (19,30,35,39,48),L3
C
C.... WRITE ROUTINE FROM BB ARRAY
 4 WRITE TAPE M1,INB,ICB,(IB(N),N=1,9),((BB(N,M),N=1,16),M=1,ICB)
    GO TO (23,31),L4
C
C.... MAINLINE PROGRAM
 11 L1=1
    GO TO 1
 12 L2=1
    GO TO 2
 13 IABAT=IA(2)
 14 IF (ISW)15,15,27
 15 IF (INA)16,16,36
 16 IF (KSW)17,17,18
 17 IF (IABAT-IA(2))21,18,49
 18 L3=1
    GO TO 3
 19 L2=2
    GO TO 2
 20 GO TO 14
C.... NEXT BATTERY ENCOUNTERED ON J1,CHECK FOR SAME BAT ON II
 21 IF (IABAT-IB(2))13,22,50
 22 L4=1
    GO TO 4
 23 IF (INB)24,24,26
 24 L1=2
    GO TO 1
 25 GO TO 21
 26 KSW=1
    GO TO 13
C.... EXIT ROUTINE
 27 IF (INA)16,16,28
 28 IF (KSW)29,29,34
 29 INA=0
    L3=2
    GO TO 3
 30 L4=2
    GO TO 4
 31 IF (INB)32,32,35
 32 L1=3
    GO TO 1
 33 GO TO 30
 34 L3=3
    GO TO 3
 35 PRINT 100
100 FORMAT (12H0 END OF JOB)
    END FILE M1
    REWIND M1
    REWIND II
    REWIND J1
    CALL EXIT
C.... END BAT 7 ROUTINE
 36 IF (KSW)37,37,47
 37 IF (IB(2)-7)51,38,47
 38 INA=0
    L3=4
    GO TO 3
 39 INA=INB
    ICA=ICB
    DD 40 N=1,9
    IA(N)=IB(N)

```

```
40 CONTINUE
DO 42 N=1,ICB
DO 41 M=1,16
AA(M,N)=BB(M,N)
41 CONTINUE
42 CONTINUE
43 IF (IN8)44,44,46
44 L1=4
GO TO 1
45 GO TO 37
46 KSW=1
47 INA=1
L3=5
GO TO 3
48 ISW=1
END FILE M1
REWIND M1
REWIND J1
J1=J2
M1=M2
GO TO 12
C.... PROGRAM ERROR STATEMENTS
49 PRINT 101
101 FORMAT (40HO ERROR IN STATEMENT 17,IMPROPER RESULTS)
GO TO 35
50 PRINT 102
102 FORMAT (40HC ERROR IN STATEMENT 21,IMPROPER RESULTS)
GO TO 35
51 PRINT 103
103 FORMAT (40HO ERKOR IN STATEMENT 37,IMPROPER RESULTS)
GO TO 35
END
```

```

$IBSYS
$ID P13P           STEP B-2
$PAUSE
$EXECUTE      SORT
    FILE,INPUT/2,BLO/14,REE/1,MOD/D,DENSITY/H
    FILE,OUT,BLO/14,MOD/D,DEN/H
    RECORD,TYPE/F,LEN/(14),FIELD/(6,69,1)
    SORT,FILE/2,ORDER/2,FIE/(1A,3A),SEQ/S
    CHANNELS,INP/A,MERGE/(A,B)
    OPT,TAP
    REMARK ENDCARD 1 DATA SORT
    END
*   END TAPE

```

```

$IBSYS
$ID P13P           STEP B-3
$PAUSE
$EXECUTE      SORT
    FILE,INPUT/4,BLO/14,REE/1,MOD/D,DEN/H
    FILE,OUT,BLO/14,MOD/D,DEN/H
    RECORD,TYPE/F,LEN/(14),FIELD/(6,69,1)
    SORT,FILE/4,ORDER/2,FIE/(1A,3A),SEQ/S
    CHANNELS,INP/A,MERGE/(A,B)
    OPT,TAP
    REMARK ENDCARD 2 DATA SORT
    END

```

```

*   ALPHA CHECK PROGRAM FOR ENDCARDS 1           STEP C-2
*   PAUSE
*   XEQ
*   CARDS COLUMN
*   FORMAP
*   FAP
INIT ETTA
NOP
AXT 14,1
STZ WKAR+14,1
TIX +-1,1,1
READ RTDA 5
RCHA COMM1
TCOA *
TRCA RDERR
TEFA ENDS
TRA VALCK
RDERR AXT 9,2
RDBSP BSRA 5
RTDA 5
RCHA COMM1
TCOA *
TRCA *+2
TRA RDERR-2
TIX RDBSP,2,1
TSX ${SPH},4
PZE MESSA,,1
TSX ${FIL},4
CALL SEXIT
VALCK AXT 14,1
AXT 6,2
CAL WKAR+14,1
SLW TEMP

```

CK1	ANA	MASK
	LAS	SIXTY
	TRA	ERROR
	TRA	CK2
	LAS	NINE
	TRA	ERROR
	TRA	CK2
CK2	CAL	TEMP
	ARS	6
	SLW	TEMP
	TIX	CK1,2,1
	TIX	VALCK+1,1,1
	TRA	WRITE
ERROR	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	CAL	TEMP
	SLW	MESSG+5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSB,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TRA	INIT
WRITE	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	ETTA	
	TRA	END6
	TRCA	WIERR
	TRA	INIT
END5	LXA	SAM,1
	TIX	*+2,1,1
	TRA	LAST
	SXA	SAM,1
	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSD,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	HTR	READ
LAST	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSE,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	AXT	1,1
	SXA	SAM,1
END6	CAL	CODE
	SLW	WKAR
	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	WEFA	6
	RUNA	6
	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSF,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	HTR	INIT

```

WIERR AXT      9,2
WIBSP BSRA     6
WTDA          6
RCHA          COMM1
TCOA          *
TRCA          **+2
TRA           INIT
BSRA          6
WTDA          6
TCOA          *
TRCA          WZ
TIX           WIBSP+1,2,1
WZ            TSX ${SPH},4
PZE           MESSC,,1
TSX           ${FIL},4
CALL          $EXIT
MESSA BCI     7,(35H READ ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSB BCI     7,(35H INVALID CHARACTER IN RECORD ABOVE.)
MESSC BCI     7,(36H WRITE ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSD BCI     7,(29H PREPARE NEW A5. PRESS START.)
MESSE BCI     7,(29H LAST A5.PEOPCESSING COMPLETE.)
MESSF BCI     7,(37H PREPARE A6 IF PROCESSING INCOMPLETE.)
MESSG BCI     7,(35H )1
WKAR BSS      14
SIXTY OCT     60
CODE DCT      111111111111
MASK OCT      77
NINE OCT      11
TEMP PZE      1
SAM PZE       1
COMM1 IOCD    WKAR,,14
END

```

```

*      ALPHA CHECK PROGRAM FOR ENDCARDS 2             STEP C-3
*      PAUSE
*      XEQ
*      CARDS COLUMN
*      FORMAP
*      FAP
INIT ETTA
NOP
AXT      14,1
STZ      WKAR+14,1
TIX      *-1,1,1
READ RTDA
RTDA      5
RCHA      COMM1
TCOA      *
TRCA      RDERR
TEFA      ENDS
TRA       VALCK
RDERR AXT   9,2
RDBSP BSRA   5
RTDA      5
RCHA      COMM1
TCOA      *
TRCA      **+2
TRA       RDERR-2
TIX       RDBSP,2,1
TSX       ${SPH},4
PZE       MESSA,,1
TSX       ${FIL},4

```

	CALL	SEXIT
VALCK	AXT	14,1
	AXT	6,2
	CAL	WKAR+14,1
	SLW	TEMP
CK1	ANA	MASK
	LAS	SIXTY
	TRA	ERROR
	TRA	CK2
	LAS	NINE
	TRA	ERROR
	TRA	CK2
CK2	CAL	TEMP
	ARS	6
	SLW	TEMP
	TIX	CK1,2,1
	TIX	VALCK+1,1,1
	TRA	WRITE
ERROR	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	CAL	TEMP
	SLW	MESSG+5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSB,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	TRA	INIT
WRITE	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	ETTA	
	TRA	END6
	TRCA	WIERR
	TRA	INIT
END5	LXA	SAM,1
	TIX	*+2,1,1
	TRA	LAST
	SXA	SAM,1
	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSD,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	HTR	READ
LAST	RUNA	5
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSE,,1
	TSX	\$(FIL),4
	AXT	1,1
	SXA	SAM,1
END6	CAL	CODE
	SLW	WKAR
	WTDA	6
	RCHA	COMM1
	TCOA	*
	WEFA	6
	RUNA	6
	CAL	WKAR
	SLW	MESSG+2
	TSX	\$(SPH),4
	PZE	MESSG,,1

```

TSX      $(FIL),4
TSX      $(SPH),4
PZE      MESSF,.1
TSX      $(FIL),4
HTR      INIT
WIERR AXT 9,2
WIBSP BSRA 6
WTDA   6
RCHA   COMM1
TCOA   *
TRCA   *+2
TRA    INIT
BSRA   6
WTDA   6
TCOA   *
TRCA   WZ
TIX     WIBSP+1,2,1
WZ      TSX  $(SPH),4
PZE      MESSC,.1
TSX      $(FIL),4
CALL   $EXIT
MESSA BCI 7,(35H READ ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSB BCI 7,(35H INVALID CHARACTER IN RECORD ABOVE.)
MESSC BCI 7,(36H WRITE ERROR ENCOUNTERED, CALL EXIT.)
MESSD BCI 7,(29H PREPARE NEW A5. PRESS START.)
MESSE BCI 7,(29H LAST A5.PEOCESSING COMPLETE.)
MESSF BCI 7,(37H PREPARE A6 IF PROCESSING INCOMPLETE.)
MESSG BCI 7,(35H )
WKAR  BSS 14
SIXTY OCT 60
CODE   OCT 111111111111
MASK   OCT 77
NINE   OCT 11
TEMP   PZE
SAM    PZE 1
COMM1 IOCD WKAR,,14
END

```

```

*      PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS FOR ENDCARDS 1           STEP D-2
*      PAUSE
*      XEQ
***** END CARD 1 DATA VALIDITY ANALYSIS  *REAP*
DIMENSION ICHTI(13),NCHTI(13),IDSTI(13),NDSTI(13),IEE(13),NEE(13)
DIMENSION ICE(13),NCE(13),ICHWH(13),NCHWH(13)
DIMENSION IDSWH(13),NDSWH(13),IUPSI(13)
***** BATTERY 0 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(1)=32500
NCHTI(1)=500
IDSTI(1)=5000
NDSTI(1)=150
IEE(1)=700
NEE(1)=30
ICE(1)=770
NCE(1)=30
ICHWH(1)=2840
NCHWH(1)=50
IDSWH(1)=1960
NDSWH(1)=40
IUPSI(1)=0
***** BATTERY 1 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(2)=32500

```

```
NCHTI(2)=500
IDSTI(2)=20000
NDSTI(2)=300
IEE(2)=720
NEE(2)=25
ICE(2)=770
NCE(2)=25
ICHWH(2)=2820
NCHWH(2)=50
IDSWH(2)=2020
NDSWH(2)=40
IUPSI(2)=0
***** BATTERY 2 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(3)=32500
NCHTI(3)=500
IDSTI(3)=1250
NDSTI(3)=25
IEE(3)=675
NEE(3)=25
ICE(3)=770
NCE(3)=25
ICHWH(3)=2790
NCHWH(3)=50
IDSWH(3)=1870
NDSWH(3)=40
IUPSI(3)=0
***** BATTERY 3 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(4)=12900
NCHTI(4)=600
IDSTI(4)=5000
NDSTI(4)=150
IEE(4)=915
NEE(4)=25
ICE(4)=975
NCE(4)=25
ICHWH(4)=2220
NCHWH(4)=150
IDSWH(4)=2050
NDSWH(4)=100
IUPSI(4)=0
***** BATTERY 4 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(5)=17000
NCHTI(5)=4000
IDSTI(5)=5000
NDSTI(5)=75
IEE(5)=800
NEE(5)=100
ICE(5)=900
NCE(5)=100
ICHWH(5)=2600
NCHWH(5)=200
IDSWH(5)=1985
NDSWH(5)=40
IUPSI(5)=0
***** BATTERY 5 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(6)=5150
NCHTI(6)=200
IDSTI(6)=5000
NDSTI(6)=75
IEE(6)=915
NEE(6)=25
ICE(6)=985
```

```
NCE(6)=25
ICHWH(6)=2225
NCHWH(6)=100
IDSWH(6)=2030
NDSWH(6)=50
IUPSI(6)=0
***** BATTERY 6 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(7)=19400
NCHTI(7)=500
IDSTI(7)=5000
NDSTI(7)=75
IEE(7)=895
NEE(7)=30
ICE(7)=955
NCE(7)=30
ICHWH(7)=2270
NCHWH(7)=100
IDSWH(7)=2030
NDSWH(7)=50
IUPSI(7)=0
***** BATTERY 7 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(8)=65000
NCHTI(8)=1000
IDSTI(8)=5000
NDSTI(8)=75
IEE(8)=350
NEE(8)=25
ICE(8)=385
NCE(8)=25
ICHWH(8)=5725
NCHWH(8)=50
IDSWH(8)=1975
NDSWH(8)=40
IUPSI(8)=0
***** BATTERY 8 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(9)=10000
NCHTI(9)=2000
IDSTI(9)=5000
NDSTI(9)=75
IEE(9)=800
NEE(9)=90
ICE(9)=870
NCE(9)=90
ICHWH(9)=2300
NCHWH(9)=175
IDSWH(9)=1990
NDSWH(9)=40
IUPSI(9)=0
***** BATTERY 9 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(10)=28000
NCHTI(10)=3000
IDSTI(10)=5000
NDSTI(10)=75
IEE(10)=760
NEE(10)=50
ICE(10)=830
NCE(10)=50
ICHWH(10)=2600
NCHWH(10)=250
IDSWH(10)=1985
NDSWH(10)=40
IUPSI(10)=0
```

```

***** BATTERY 1G TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(11)=25000
NCHTI(11)=375
IDSTI(11)=8667
NDSTI(11)=1000
IEE(11)=800
NEE(11)=100
ICE(11)=900
NCE(11)=100
ICHWH(11)=4400
NCHWH(11)=200
IDSWH(11)=3450
NDSWH(11)=200
IUPSI(11)=1

***** BATTERY 11 TEST PARAMETERS
ICHTI(12)=9150
NCHTI(12)=300
IDSTI(12)=9050
NDSTI(12)=500
IEE(12)=865
NEE(12)=100
ICE(12)=985
NCE(12)=100
ICHWH(12)=4075
NCHWH(12)=100
IDSWH(12)=3520
NDSWH(12)=200
IUPSI(12)=1
KBAT=88888
KCYC=88888
K=2
JJ=0
KK=1

***** PARAMETER DATA LISTING
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,200
DO 300 NN=1,12
NNN=NN-1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,201,NNN,ICHTI(NN),NCHTI(NN),IDSTI(NN),
1NDSTI(NN),IEE(NN),NEE(NN),ICE(NN),NCE(NN),ICHWH(NN),NCHWH(NN),
2IDSWH(NN),NDSWH(NN),IUPSI(NN)
300 CONTINUE
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,202
98 FORMAT (81HO      BAT    CYCLE     YEAR    DAY    TIME      EEF    WAT
1T-HR   CEF    CD NO     P)
99 FORMAT (1H ,10I8)
100 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,1X,I5,I2X,I3,5X,I5,30X,I3,I1,I1)
101 FORMAT (40HO ILLEGAL CARD NUMBER FOR FOLLOWING CARD)
102 FORMAT (40HO ILLEGAL YEAR OR DAY FOR FOLLOWING CARD)
103 FORMAT (34HO ILLEGAL PHASE FOR FOLLOWING CARD)
104 FORMAT (32HO TIME DURATION OUT OF LIMITS BY,I6,15H ON CARD BELOW)
105 FORMAT (29HO WATT-HOURS OUT OF LIMITS BY,I6,15H ON CARD BELOW)
106 FORMAT (54HO ENERGY OR CURRENT EFF. SHOULD BE ZERO FOR CARD BELOW)
107 FORMAT (30HO ENERGY EFF. OUT OF LIMITS BY,I6,15H ON CARD BELOW)
108 FORMAT (31HO CURRENT EFF. OUT OF LIMITS BY,I6,15H ON CARD BELOW)
110 FORMAT (34HO INCORRECT NUMBER OF CARDS ON BAT,I4,6H CYCLE,I6)
111 FORMAT (38HO BOTH CARDS ARE CHARGE OR DIS. ON BAT,I4,6H CYCLE,I6)
112 FORMAT (32HO ALL DATA PROCESSED, EXIT CALLED)
200 FORMAT(117H1      BAT  CHG-TI  LIMIT  DIS-TI  LIMIT  EEF  LI
1MIT   CEF   LIMIT  CHG-WH  LIMIT  DIS-WH  LIMIT  CYC-TYPE)
201 FORMAT(1H0,14I8)
202 FORMAT (1H1,40X,+1HOUT OF LIMITS DATA FOR ENDCARDS 1 *REA*)

***** READ ENDCARD 1 INTO STORAGE

```

```

1 READ INPUT TAPE 5,100,NBAT,NCYC,NY,NDAY,NTIME,NEEFE,NWH,NCEFE,
INC,NPHAS
IF(NBAT-99)2,33,33
2 IF (NC-1)3,5,3
3 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,101
4 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,98
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,99 ,NBAT,NCYC,NY,NDAY,NTIME,NEEFE,NWH,NCEFE,
INC,NPHAS
GO TO (25,33),ISTNO
5 IF (NY-5)7,7,6
6 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102
GO TO 4
7 IF (NDAY-366)8,8,6
8 IF (NPHAS-1)22,10,9
9 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103
GO TO 4
C**** DISCHARGE PHASE ANALYSIS
10 N=NBAT+1
IDEV =IDSTI(N)-NTIME
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (NDSTI(N)-IABDEV)11,12,12
11 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104,IDEV
GO TO 4
12 IDEV=IDSWH(N)-NWH
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (NDSWH(N)-IABDEV)13,14,14
13 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,105,IDEV
GO TO 4
14 IF (IUPSI(N))15,15,18
15 IF (NEEFE)17,16,17
16 IF (NCEFE)17,25,17
17 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,106
GO TO 4
18 IDEV=IEE(N)-NEEFE
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (IEE(N)-IABDEV)19,20,20
19 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,107,IDEV
GO TO 4
20 IDEV=ICE(N)-NCEFE
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (ICE(N)-IABDEV)21,25,25
21 ISTNO=1
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,108,IDEV
GO TO 4
C****CHARGE PHASE ANALYSIS
22 N=NBAT+1
IDEV=ICHTI(N)-NTIME
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (NCHTI(N)-IABDEV)22,23,23
23 IDEV=ICHWH(N)-NWH
IABDEV=XABSF(IDEV)
IF (NCHWH(N)-IABDEV)23,24,24
24 IF (IUPSI(N))25,26,25
C*** CHECK FOR FULL CYCLE
25 IF (NBAT-KBAT)26,26,28

```

```

26 IF (NCYC-KCYC)28,27,28
27 K=K+1
   JJ=NPHAS
   GO TO 1
28 IF (K-2)29,30,29
29 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,KBAT,KCYC
   GO TO 32
30 IF (JJ-KK)32,31,32
31 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,111,KBAT,KCYC
32 K=1
   KK=NPHAS
   KBAT=NBAT
   KCYC=NCYC
   GO TO 1
33 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,112
   REWIND 5
   CALL EXIT
END

```

```

*      ENDCARD DELETE AND DUPLICATE RECORD ELIMINATION      STEP E-2
* PAUSE
* XEQ
* CARDS COLUMN
C..... ENDCARD 1DELETE AND DUPLICATE RECORD ELIMINATION PROGRAM
C..... BELOW IS FORMAT EXPLANATION FOR RECORDS TO BE DELETED
C *1* COL 1 CONTAINS A 0 IF ENTIRE CYCLE IS TO BE DELETED
C *2* COL 1 CONTAINS A 1 IF PHASE OF CYCLE IS TO BE DELETED ONLY (OUTCARDS)
C *3* COL 5 AND 6 CONTAINS BATTERY NUMBER
C *4* COL 8 TO 11 CONTAINS CYCLE NUMBER
C *5* COL 14 CONTAINS PHASE (IF COL 1 CONTAINS 1),0=CHG,1=DISCHARGE
C *6* LAST CARD SIGNAL CONTAINS 99 IN COL 5 AND 6 (THIS ENDS ALL DELETIONS)
C *7* THIS DATA WILL BE PLACED BEHIND DELETE PROGRAM
C.... INITIALIZATION
   DIMENSION NN(20),MM(20)
2 READ INPUT TAPE 2,100,1D,IBAT,ICYC,IPHAS
1 REWIND 5
   REWIND 6
   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103
   ISW=0
C.... FORMAT STATEMENTS
100 FORMAT (I1,I5,I5,I3)
101 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,1X,I5,1X,I5,1X,I5,I3,8I5,I3,2I1,I4)
102 FORMAT (27H0DUPLICATE RECORD DELETED ,I2,I4,I1,I3,1X,I5,1X,I5,1X,
           I15,I3,8I5,I3,2I1,I4)
1C3 FORMAT (1H1,45X,32HD E L E T I O N      P R O G R A M)
104 FORMAT (13H0 END OF JOB)
105 FORMAT (27H0REQUESTED RECORD DELETED ,I2,I4,I1,I3,1X,I5,1X,I5,1X,
           I15,I3,8I5,I3,2I1,I4)
106 FORMAT (36H0REQUEST FOR DELETION OUT OF ORDER ,4I6)
107 FORMAT (47H0COULD NOT LOCATE RECORD FOR DELETION REQUEST ,2I6)
3 READ INPUT TAPE 5,101,(NN(I),I=1,20)
4 READ INPUT TAPE 5,1C1,(MM(I),I=1,20)
DO 5 I=1,20
  IF (NN(I)-MM(I))9,5,9
5 CONTINUE
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102,(NN(I),I=1,20)
6 DO 7 I=1,20
  NN(I)=MM(I)
7 CONTINUE
  IF (MM(1)-99)4,8,8
8 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,101,(MM(I),I=1,20)

```

```

        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,104
        GO TO 22
9 IF (IBAT-99)11,10,10
10 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,101,(NN(I),I=1,20)
        GO TO 6
11 IF (IBAT-NN(1))16,12,10
12 IF (ICYC-NN(2))16,13,10
13 IF (ID)15,15,14
14 IF (IPHAS-NN(19))10,15,10
15 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,105,(NN(I),I=1,20)
        ISW=1
        GO TO 6
16 IF (ISW)21,21,17
17 READ INPUT TAPE 2,1C0,1D,IIBAT,IICYC,IPHAS
        ISW=0
        IF (IBAT-IIBAT)19,18,20
18 IF (ICYC-IICYC)19,20,20
19 IBBAT=IIBAT
        ICYC=IICYC
        GO TO 9
20 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,1C6,IBAT,IIBAT,ICYC,IICYC
        GO TO 22
21 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,107,IBAT,ICYC
        GO TO 17
22 REWIND 5
        END FILE 6
        REWIND 6
        CALL EXIT
        END
*
* DATA
99

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```

* NASA BATTERY ENDCARD BCD TO BINARY ROUTINE      STEP F-2, F-3
* PAUSE
* XEQ
* CARDS COLUMN
C ENDCARD 1 AND 2 MERGE , VALIDITY AND BINARY CONVERSION PROGRAM
C
C.... INPUT TAPE FOR ENDCARD CODES IS A6
C.... INPUT TAPE FOR ENDCARD 1 IMAGES IS A8
C.... INPUT TAPE FOR ENDCARD 2 IMAGES IS B5
C.... OUTPUT BINARY TAPE IS A7
C.... A3 WILL CONTAIN LISTING OF DATA ON BINARY TAPE A7 IN BCD FORM
C.... AND REJECTED DATA MESSAGES
        REWIND 6
        REWIND 7
        REWIND 8
        REWIND 15
        DIMENSION IA(25),IB(25),IOA(25),IOB(25),IOC(25),IOD(25)
        DIMENSION IMOD(15,4),FMOD(65,4)
        NUBAT=0
C
C     INSURE THAT IOA,IOB,IOC,IOD, HAVE UNEQUAL CYCLE TO START
C
1000 IOA(2)=99999
        IOB(2)=88888
        IOC(2)=77777
        IOD(2)=66666
        ICNT=0
        IND=0
C

```

```

C   FCOUNT IS THE TO TOTAL NUMBER OF CYCLES WRITTEN ON OUTAPE
C   FCOUNT=0.0
C   HEADING AND MESSAGE INFORMATION ON TAPE 3
C
1 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,100
100 FORMAT (49H1ENDCARD 1 AND 2 MERGE AND VALIDITY CHECK PROGRAM)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,101
101 FORMAT (49H0RL-MARTIN COMPANY NASA BATTERY TEST PROGRAM-REA)
C   TAPE 6 CONTAINS CODING INFORMATION
C
2 READ INPUT TAPE 6,1C2,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KODTIM
102 FORMAT (I6,I6,I3,I3)
C   TAPE 8 CONTAINS ENDCARD 1 RECORDS
C
3 READ INPUT TAPE 8,950,(IA(I),I=1,19)
950 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,3I6,I3,8I5,I3,I2,I1)
103 FORMAT (1H ,I4,I6,I3,I5,3I8,I5,8I7,I5,I4,I3)
      IF(IA(1)-99)5,46,46
C   CHECK TO SEE IF A NEXT BATTERY HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED
C
5 IF (INUBAT-IA(1))6,7,6
6 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,107,NUBAT
107 FORMAT (8HBATTER,14,2X,9HCOMPLETE.)
      NUBAT=IA(1)
C   CHECK FOR CARD AND PHASE
C
7 IF (IA(18)-10)14,9,8
8 IF (IA(18)-11)14,11,14
C   PLACE ENDCARD 1 IN PROPER ARRAY
C
9 DO 10 N=1,19
      IOA(N)=IA(N)
10 CONTINUE
      GO TO 13
11 DO 12 N=1,19
      IOC(N)=IA(N)
12 CONTINUE
C   COMPARE CYCLE NUMBERS IN IOA AND IOC ARRAYS
C
13 IF (IOA(2)-IOC(2))3,15,3
C   ERROR ROUTINE FOR ILLEGAL PHASE CODE FOR ENDCARD 1
C
14 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,109
109 FORMAT (45HOCARD BELOW HAS ILLEGAL PHASE, CYCLE OMITTED.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,(IA(I),I=1,19)
      GO TO 31
C   TAPE 15 CONTAINS ENDCARD 2 RECORDS
C
15 READ INPUT TAPE 15,951,(IB(I),I=1,21)
951 FORMAT (I2,I4,I1,I3,11I4,4I5,I2,I1)
110 FORMAT (1H ,I4,I6,I3,I5,11I6,4I7,I4,I3)
C

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```

C      RUN OUT ENDCARD 2 FOR PREVIOUS BATTERY
C
C      IF((IOA(1)-IB(1))>200,200,600
600  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,601
601  FORMAT (47H0ENDCARD 2 BELOW NOT USED, IMPROPER BATTERY NO.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,(IB(I),I=1,21)
      GO TO 15
C
C      COMPARE ENDCARD 1 CYCLE TO ENDCARD 2 CYCLE NUMBER
C
200  IF((IB(1)-99)>203,46,46
203  IF ((IOA(2)-IB(2))>17,18,16
16   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,111
111  FORMAT (47HCENDCARD 2 CYCLE LESS THAN ENDCARD 1, OMIT CARD.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,(IB(I),I=1,21)
      GO TO 15
17   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,112
112  FORMAT (49HUNE OR BOTH ENDCD.2 MISSING, OMIT ENDCD. 1 BELOW.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,(IOA(I),I=1,19)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,(IOC(I),I=1,19)
      BACKSPACE 15
      GO TO 31
C
C      PROPER ENDCARD 2 SELECTED
C
C
C      CHECK CARD NO. AND PHASE
C
18   IF ((IB(20)-20)>25,20,19
19   IF ((IB(20)-21)>25,22,25
C
C      PLACE ENDCARD 2 IMPROPER ARRAY IOB OR IOD
C
20  DO 21 N=1,21
    IOB(N)=IB(N)
21  CONTINUE
    GO TO 24
22  DO 23 N=1,21
    IOD(N)=IB(N)
23  CONTINUE
C
C      COMPARE CYCLE NUMBERS IN IOB AND IOD ARRAYS
C
24  IF ((IOB(2)-IOD(2))>15,26,15
C
C      ERROR ROUTINE FOR ILLEGAL PHASE IN ENDCARD 2
C
25  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,113
113  FORMAT (47H0ENDCD.2 BELOW HAS ILLEGAL PHASE, CYCLE OMITTED.)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,(IB(I),I=1,21)
      GO TO 31
C
C      IOA, IOB, IOC, AND IOD ARRAYS COMPOSE AN ENTIRE CYCLE, CHECK VALIDITY
C
26  DO 28 N=1,3
    IF ((IOA(N)-IOB(N))>29,27,29
27  IF ((IOC(N)-IOD(N))>29,28,29
28  CONTINUE
    GO TO 300
29  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,114
114  FORMAT (42HUBANO,CYNO, YEAR, OR DAY ILLEGAL, OMIT CYCLE.)
30  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,(IOA(I),I=1,19)

```

```

        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,(IOB(I),I=1,21)
        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,103,(IOC(I),I=1,19)
        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,110,(IOD(I),I=1,21)
31 IOA(2)=99999
    IOB(2)=88888
    IOC(2)=77777
    IOD(2)=66666
    GO TO 3
C
C      CHECK FOR ZERO EFFICIENCY
C
300 IF (IOA(1)-10)33,35,35
    33 IF (IOA(8))34,37,34
    34 IF (IOA(17))301,37,301
    35 IF (IOC(8))36,37,36
    36 IF (IOC(17))301,37,301
C
C      CHECK FOR ACTIVE CELL BEING UNEQUAL FOR CHG. AND DIS.
C
301 IF (IOB(17)-IOD(17))303,302,303
302 IF (IOB(18)-IOD(18))303,38,303
303 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,304
304 FORMAT (36HACTIVE CELL ON HALF CYCLE DISAGREE.)
    GO TO 30
37 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,115
115 FORMAT (33HEFFICIENCIES ARE ZERO, OMIT CYCLE.)
    GO TO 30
C
C      TEST TO SEE IF A CODE SHOULD BE PLACED ON THIS CYCLE
C
38 IF (KODBAT-99)39,42,42
39 IF (KODBAT-IOA(1))44,40,42
40 IF (KODCYC-IOA(2))44,41,42
41 IOA(20)=KOD
    IOA(21)=KOOTIM
    IOA(22)=0
    READ INPUT TAPE 6,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KOOTIM
    GO TO 43
42 IOA(20)=0
    IOA(21)=0
    IOA(22)=0
C
C      THE IO ARRAYS ARE READY TO BE PLACED IN OUTPUT IMOD-FMOD ARRAYS
C
43 IF (ICNT-4)50,66,66
C
C      ERROR ENCOUNTERED IN STATEMENT 39 OR 40
C
44 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,119
119 FORMAT (34HODATA WAS REJECTED FOR CODE BELOW.)
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KOOTIM
    READ INPUT TAPE 6,102,KODBAT,KODCYC,KOD,KOOTIM
    GO TO 38
45 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,120
120 FORMAT (16H0END OF PROGRAM.)
    REWIND 8
    REWIND 15
    REWIND 6
    END FILE 7
    REWIND 7
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,121,FCOUNT
121 FORMAT (34H TOTAL NUMBER OF CYCLES PROCESSED=,F15.0)

```

```

C ROUTINE TO CONVERT BINARY TO BCD FOR PROGRAM CMEGR
PRINT 121,FCOUNT
NUBAT=0
401 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,404
404 FORMAT (1H1,40X,43H BINARY TAPE CONVERTED TO BCD FOR ENDCARDS.)
405 READ TAPE 7,IND,ICNT,((IMOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=12,63),
 1J=1,ICNT)
  DO 406 J=1,ICNT
  IF ((MOD(I,2,J))-NUBAT)700,700,800
800 NUBAT=IMOD(2,J)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,404
700 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,650
650 FORMAT (1H0,131H ID BAT CYC Y DAY S A B C 0123456789
 1T1-DUR AMP-MI WAT-MI EEF AMP-H WAT-H AVCUR MICUR MXCUR AVPWR M
 2ZPWR MXPWR CEF )
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,500, ((MOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=12,24)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,501, ((MOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=38,50)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,651
651 FORMAT (1H0,131H ID BAT CYC Y DAY S A B C 0123456789
 1 E/I CYC 0 CYC 1 CYC 2 CYC 3 CYC 4 CYC 5 CYC 6 CYC 7 CYC 8 CYC 9
 2MAXVAR TIME 1
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,502, ((MOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=25,37)
  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,503, ((MOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=51,63)
406 CONTINUE
  IF ((IND)405,405,408
500 FORMAT (1M ,8HCD 1 CHG,I2,I3,I5,I2,I4,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6,I5,F7.4,
 12F7.2,F5.1,2F6.3,3F7.3,3F6.3,F5.1)
501 FORMAT (1M ,8HCD 1 DIS,I2,I3,I5,I2,I4,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6,I5,F7.4,
 12F7.2,F5.1,2F6.3,3F7.3,3F6.3,F5.1)
502 FORMAT (1M ,8HCD 2 CHG,I2,I3,I5,I2,I4,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6,I5,F6.3,
 11GF6.0,F6.3,F7.3)
503 FORMAT (1M ,8HCD 2 DIS,I2,I3,I5,I2,I4,I2,I3,I4,I5,I6,I5,F6.3,
 11OF6.0,F6.3,F7.3)
408 REWIND ?
402 CALL EXIT
C LAST RECORD ON LAST TAPE ENCOUNTERED
C
46 IND=1
GO TO 66
C
C IOA,IOB,IOC,AND IOD CONTENTS TO BE PACKED IN IMOD COMMON DATA
C
50 ICNT=ICNT+1
N=ICNT
51 IMOD(1,N)=1
IMOD(2,N)=IOA(1)
IMOD(3,N)=IOA(2)
IMOD(4,N)=IOA(3)
IMOD(5,N)=IOA(4)
IMOD(6,N)=IOA(19)
IMOD(7,N)=IOA(20)
IMOD(8,N)=IOA(21)
IMOD(9,N)=IOA(22)
IMOD(10,N)=IOB(17)
IMOD(11,N)=IOB(18)
C
C REMAINING CONTENTS OF ARRAYS TO BE PACKED INTO FMOD ARRAY
      START ENDEARD I CHARGE
52 FMOD(12,N)=IOA(9)
FMOD(12,N)=FMOD(12,N)+.0001

```

ID
BATT
CYCL
YEAR
DAY
SEQ
CODE
CODE
CODE
AET
AET

TINI

```

FMOD(13,N)=IOA(6)          AMP-
FMOD(13,N)=FMOD(13,N)*.01   WATT
FMOD(14,N)=IOA(7)          ENGY
FMOD(14,N)=FMOD(14,N)*.01
FMOD(15,N)=IOA(8)
FMOD(15,N)=FMOD(15,N)*.1

53 I=9                      *WAT
DO 54 K=16,23
FMOD(K,N)=IOA(I)
FMOD(K,N)=FMOD(K,N)*.001
I=I+1
54 CONTINUE
55 FMOD(24,N)=IOA(17)
FMOD(24,N)=FMOD(24,N)*.1

C START PACKING ENDCARD 2 CHARGE
C
56 FMOD(25,N)=IOB(5)          EI R
FMOD(25,N)=FMOD(25,N)*.001
I=6                      * CE
DO 57 K=26,35
FMOD(K,N)=IOB(I)
I=I+1
57 CONTINUE
FMOD(36,N)=IOB(16)
FMOD(36,N)=FMOD(36,N)*.001
FMOD(37,N)=IOB(19)
FMOD(37,N)=FMOD(37,N)*.001
MAX.

TIME

C START PACKING ENDCARD 1 DISCHARGE
C
58 FMOD(38,N)=IOC(5)          DEL
FMOD(38,N)=FMOD(38,N)*.0001
FMOD(39,N)=IOC(6)
FMOD(39,N)=FMOD(39,N)*.01
FMOD(40,N)=IOC(7)
FMOD(40,N)=FMOD(40,N)*.01
FMOD(41,N)=IOC(8)
FMOD(41,N)=FMOD(41,N)*.1
ENGY

59 I=9                      *WAT
DO 60 K=42,49
FMOD(K,N)=IOC(I)
FMOD(K,N)=FMOD(K,N)*.001
I=I+1
60 CONTINUE
61 FMOD(50,N)=IOC(17)
FMOD(50,N)=FMOD(50,N)*.1

C START PACKING ENDCARD 2 DISCHARGE
C
63 FMOD(51,N)=IOD(5)          EI F
FMOD(51,N)=FMOD(51,N)*.001
I=6                      * CE
DO 64 K=52,61
FMOD(K,N)=IOD(I)
I=I+1
64 CONTINUE
FMOD(62,N)=IOD(16)
FMOD(62,N)=FMOD(62,N)*.001
FMOD(63,N)=IOD(19)
FMOD(63,N)=FMOD(63,N)*.001
MAX.

TIME

65 GO TO 31

```

```

C      TAPE 7 IS USED FOR OUTPUT TAPE
66 CNT=ICNT
      FCOUNT=FCOUNT+CNT
      WRITE TAPE 7,IND,ICNT,((IMOD(I,J),I=1,11),(FMOD(I,J),I=12,63),
      IJ=1,ICNT)
      ICNT=0
      IF (IND-1)50,45,45
      END

*      NASA BATTERY REASEARCH ENDCARD BINARY MERGE           STEP G-2
*      PAUSE
*      XEQ
*      CARDS COLUMN
C.... NOTES
C.... PLACE BINARY TAPE TO BE MERGED ON B8
C.... PLACE OLD DATA TAPE FOR BAT C TO 7 ON A6
C.... PLACE OLD DATA TAPE FOR BAT 8 TO 11 ON A7
C.... PLACE BLANK TAPE ON B6 FOR MERGED BAT 0 TO 7
C.... PLACE BLANK TAPE ON B7 FOR MERGED BAT 8 TO 11
C.... PLACE BLANK SCRATCH TAPE ON A5 FOR SCRATCH ONLY
C.... INITIALZATION
      DIMENSION IA(11,4),AA(52,4),IB(11,4),BB(52,4)
      II=5
      IN=18
      REWIND II
      REWIND IN
      IWS=0
200 N=1
      READ TAPE IN,INA,ICA,((IA(L,K),L=1,11),(AA(M,K),M=1,52),K=1,ICA)
300 IF (N-ICA)700,400,600
400 WRITE TAPE II,INA,ICA,((IA(L,K),L=1,11),(AA(M,K),M=1,52),K=1,ICA)
500 IF (INA)200,200,5000
600 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,601
601 FORMAT (35HOERROR IN STATEMENT 400,EXIT CALLED)
      GO TO 2100
700 IF (IA(2,N)-IA(2,N+1))1000,800,900
800 N=N+1
      GO TO 300
900 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,901
901 FORMAT (35HOERROR IN STATEMENT 700,EXIT CALLED)
      GO TO 2100
1000 IF (INA)1200,1200,1100
1100 INA=C
      ISW=1
1200 WRITE TAPE II,INA,N,((IA(L,J),L=1,11),(AA(M,J),M=1,52),J=1,N)
      K=1
1300 DO 1400 L=1,11
      IA(L,K)=IA(L,N+1)
1400 CONTINUE
      DO 1500 L=1,52
      AA(L,K)=AA(L,N+1)
1500 CONTINUE
      IF((N+1)-ICA)1600,1800,1700
1600 K=K+1
      N=N+1
      GO TO 1300
1700 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,1701
1701 FORMAT (53HOERROR IN STATEMENT BETWEEN 1500 AND 1600,EXIT CALLED)
      GO TO 2100
1800 IF (ISW)2000,2000,1900
1900 INA=1

```

```

2000 WRITE TAPE II,INA,K,((IA(L,J),L=1,11),(AA(M,J),M=1,52),J=1,K)
    GO TO 500
2100 REWIND IN
    REWIND II
    CALL EXIT
5000 END FILE II
    REWIND II
    REWIND IN
10 ISW=0
    KSW=0
C.... II IS BINARY TAPE TO BE MERGED
II=5
    REWIND II
C.... J1 IS BAT 0 TO 7 OLD DATA,J2 IS BAT 8 TO 11 OLD DATA
J1=6
J2=7
    REWIND J1
    REWIND J2
C.... M1 IS BAT 0 TO 7 MERGED NEW DATA,M2 IS BAT 8 TO 11 MERGED NEW DATA
M1=16
M2=17
    REWIND M1
    REWIND M2
    GO TO 11
C.... READ TAPE ROUTINES ***
C.... READ ROUTINE FOR TAPE TO BE MERGED
1 READ TAPE II,INB,ICB,((IB(N,M),N=1,11),(BB(N,M),N=1,52),M=1,ICB)
    GO TO (12,25,33,45),L1
C
C.... READ ROUTINE FOR OLD DATA
2 READ TAPE J1,INA,ICA,((IA(N,M),N=1,11),(AA(N,M),N=1,52),M=1,ICA)
    GO TO (13,20),L2
C
C.... WRITE TAPE ROUTINES ***
C.... WRITE ROUTINE FROM AA ARRAY
3 WRITE TAPE M1,INA,ICA,((IA(N,M),N=1,11),(AA(N,M),N=1,52),M=1,ICA)
    GO TO (19,30,35,39,48),L3
C
C.... WRITE ROUTINE FROM BB ARRAY
4 WRITE TAPE M1,INB,ICB,((IB(N,M),N=1,11),(BB(N,M),N=1,52),M=1,ICB)
    GO TO (24,31,13),L4
C
C.... MAINLINE PROGRAM
11 L1=1
    GO TO 1
12 L2=1
    GO TO 2
13 IABAT=IA(2,1)
14 IF (ISW)15,15,27
15 IF (INA)16,16,36
16 IF (KSW)17,17,18
17 IF (IABAT-IA(2,1))21,18,49
18 L3=1
    GO TO 3
19 L2=2
    GO TO 2
20 GO TO 14
C.... NEXT BATTERY ENCOUNTERED ON J1,CHECK FOR SAME BAT ON II
21 IF (IABAT-IB(2,1))13,22,50
22 IF (INB)23,23,26
23 L4=1
    GO TO 4

```

```

24 L1=2
    GO TO 1
25 GO TO 21
26 KSW=1
    INB=0
    L4=3
    GO TO 4
C.... EXIT ROUTINE
27 IF (INA)16,16,28
28 IF (KSW)29,29,34
29 INA=0
    L3=2
    GO TO 3
30 L4=2
    GO TO 4
31 IF (INB)32,32,35
32 L1=3
    GO TO 1
33 GO TO 30
34 L3=3
    GO TO 3
35 PRINT 100
100 FORMAT (12H0 END OF JOB)
    END FILE M1
    REWIND M1
    REWIND I1
    REWIND J1
    CALL EXIT
C.... END BAT 7 ROUTINE
36 IF (KSW)37,37,47
37 IF (IB(2,1)-7)51,38,47
38 INA=0
    L3=4
    GO TO 3
39 INA=INB
    ICA=ICB
    DO 42 N=1,ICB
    DO 40 M=1,11
        IA(N,M)=IB(M,N)
40 CONTINUE
    DO 41 M=1,52
        AA(M,N)=BB(M,N)
41 CONTINUE
42 CUNTINUE
43 IF (INB)44,44,46
44 L1=4
    GO TO 1
45 GO TO 37
46 KSW=1
47 INA=1
    L3=5
    GO TO 3
48 ISW=1
    REWIND J1
    END FILE M1
    REWIND M1
    J1=J2
    M1=M2
    GO TO 12
C.... PROGRAM ERROR STATEMENTS
49 PRINT 101
101 FORMAT (14H0 ERROR IN STATEMENT 17,IMPROPER RESULTS)

```

```
      GO TO 35
50 PRINT 102
102 FORMAT (40HO ERROR IN STATEMENT 21,IMPROPER RESULTS)
      GO TO 35
51 PRINT 103
103 FORMAT (40HO ERROR IN STATEMENT 37,IMPROPER RESULTS)
      GO TO 35
      END
```

**APPENDIX C  
FLOW CHARTS  
AND  
SOURCE DECK STATEMENTS**

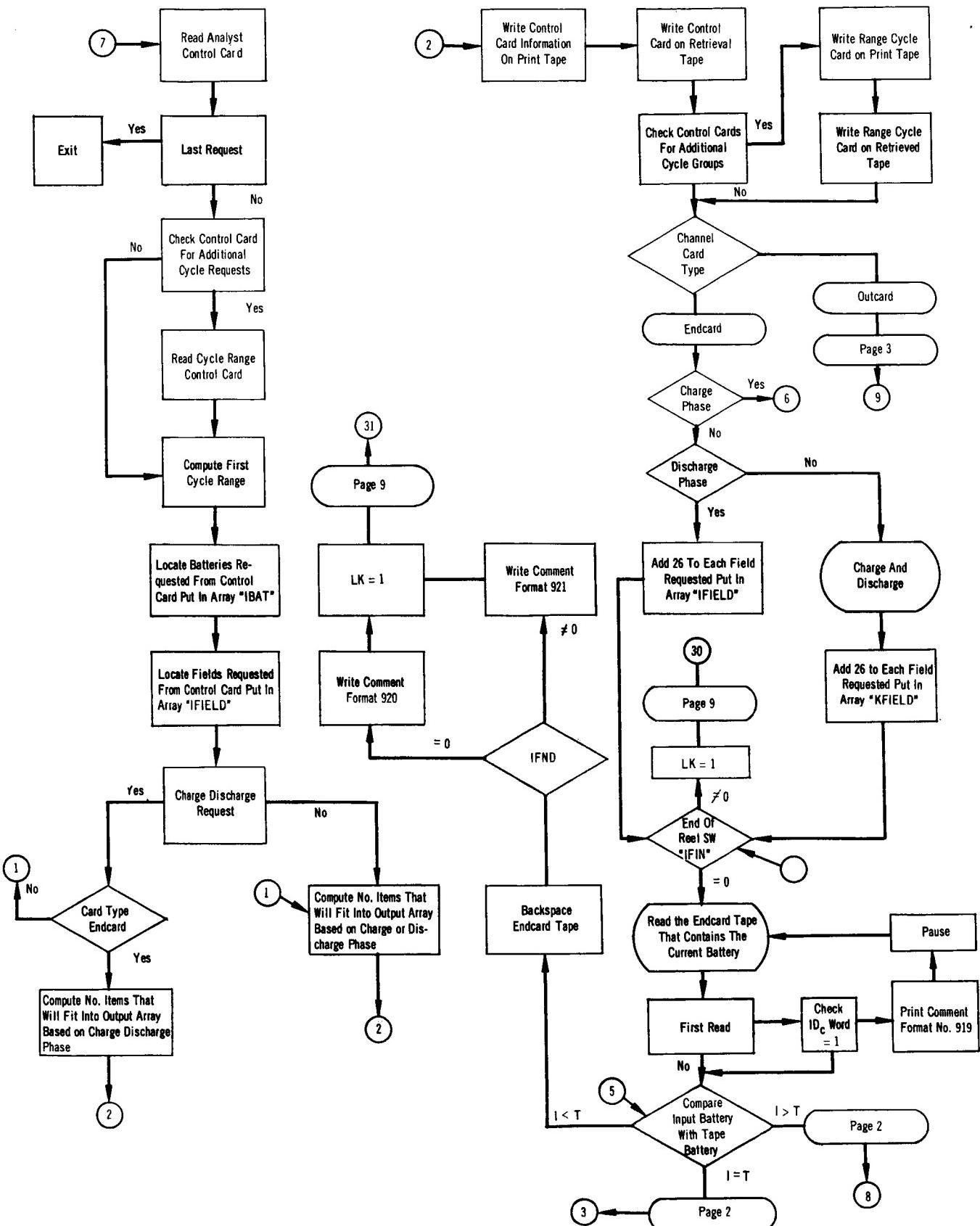
**FOR THE SYSTEM OF BATTERY ANALYSIS  
COMPUTER PROGRAMS**

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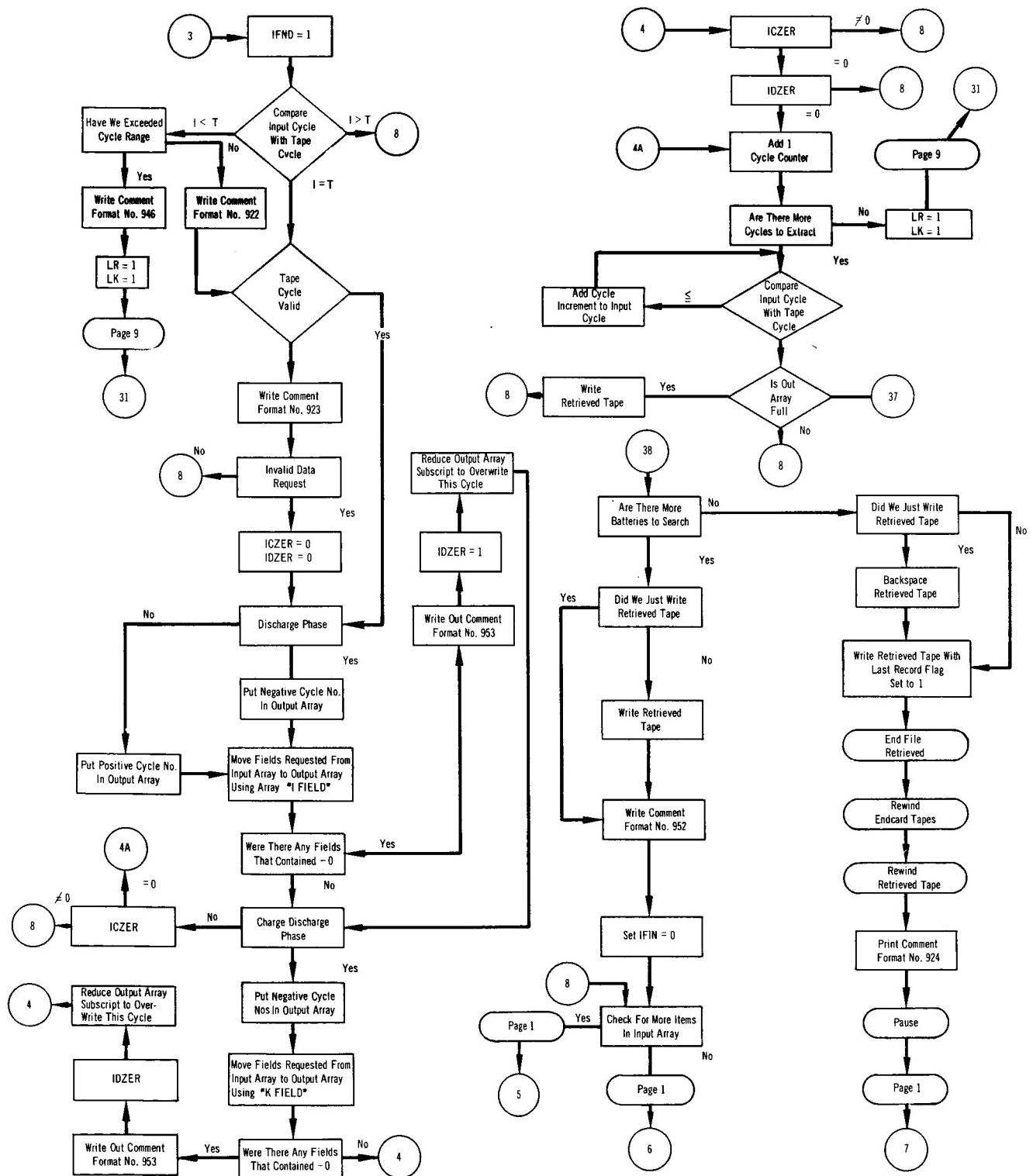
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**1. Retrieve-Formatter Routine**

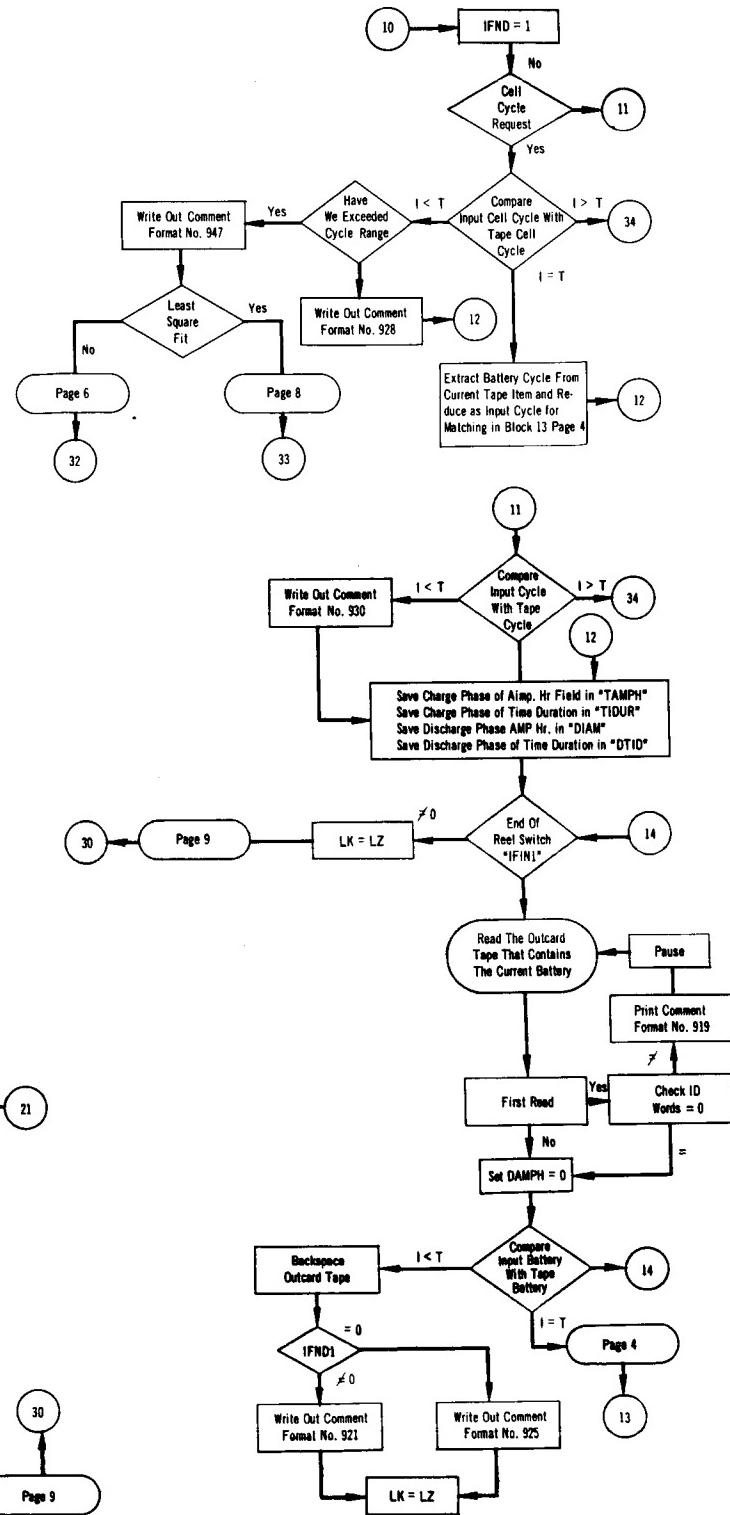
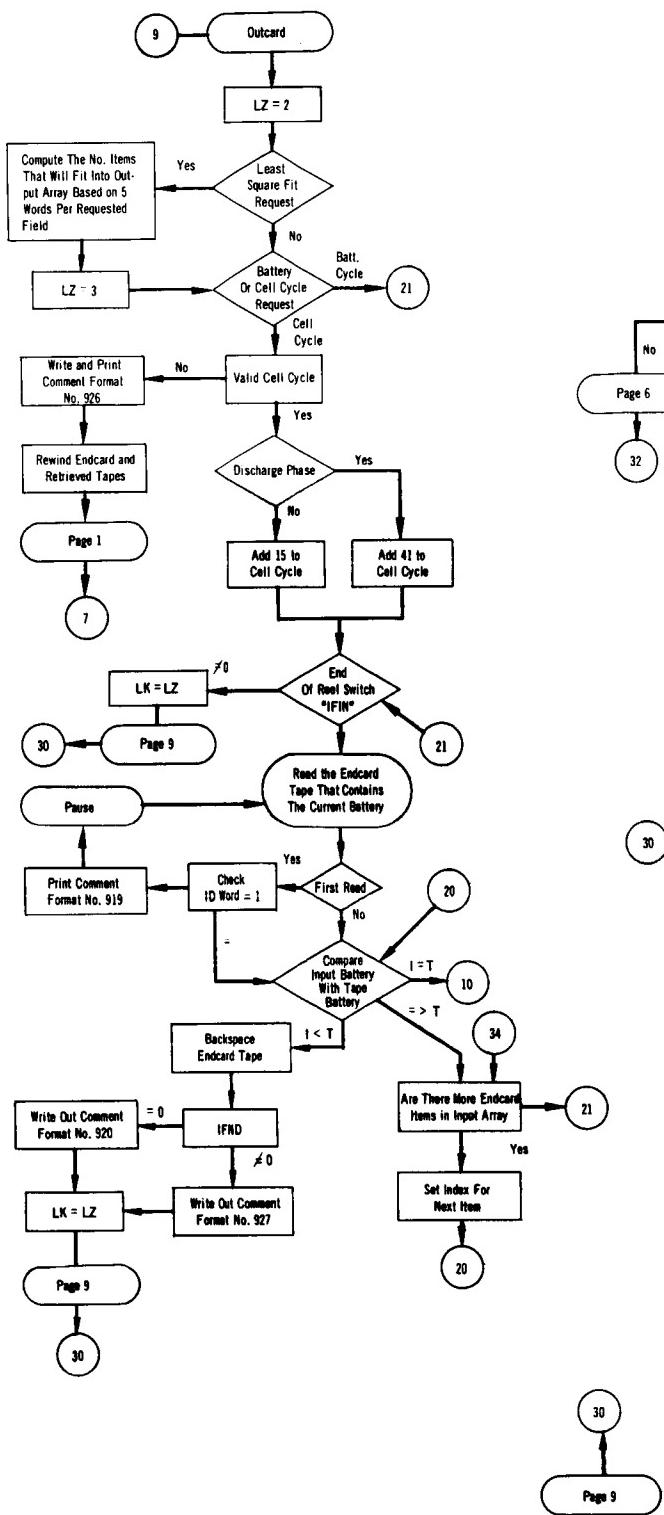
## 1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts



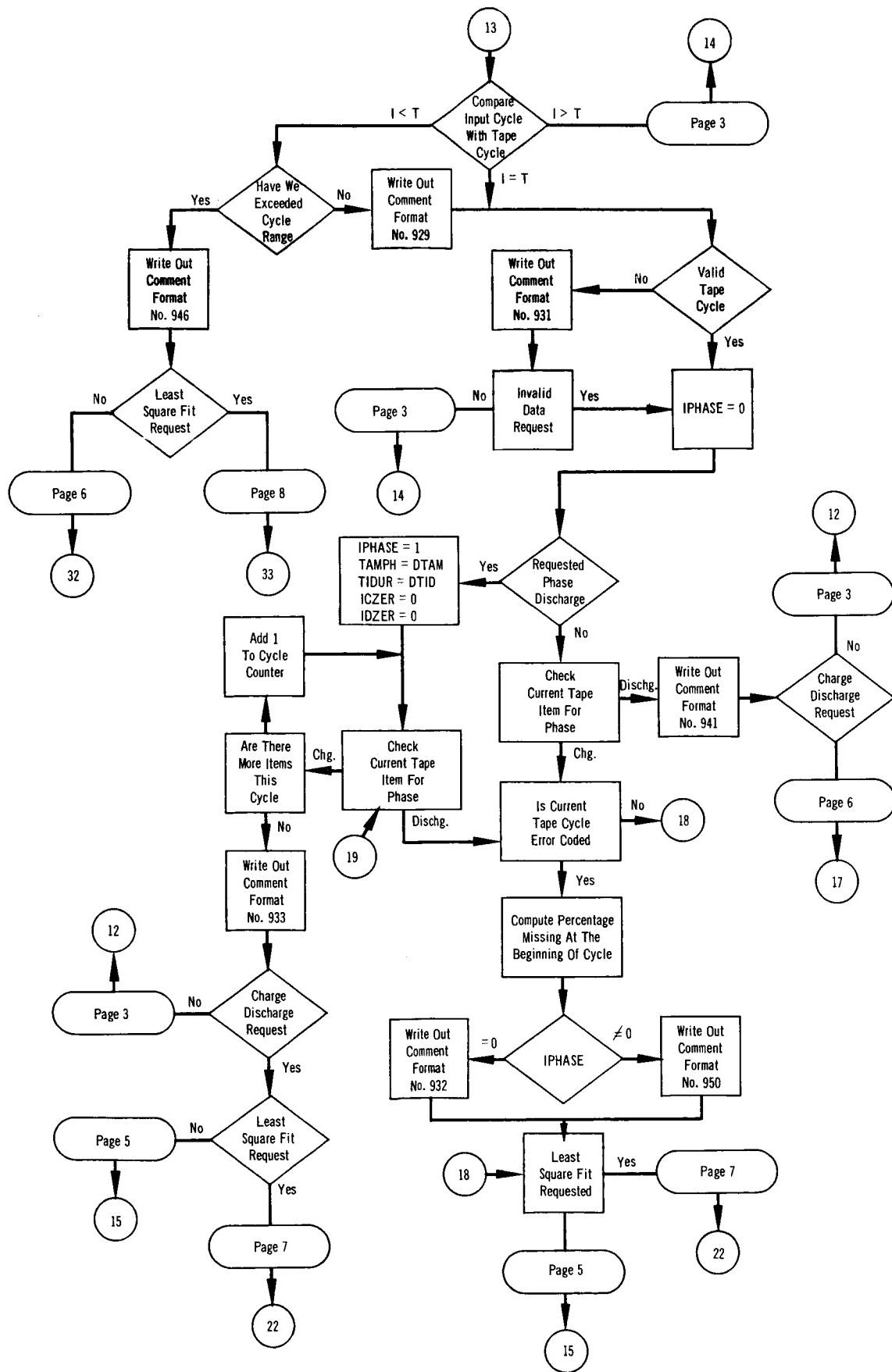
**1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)**



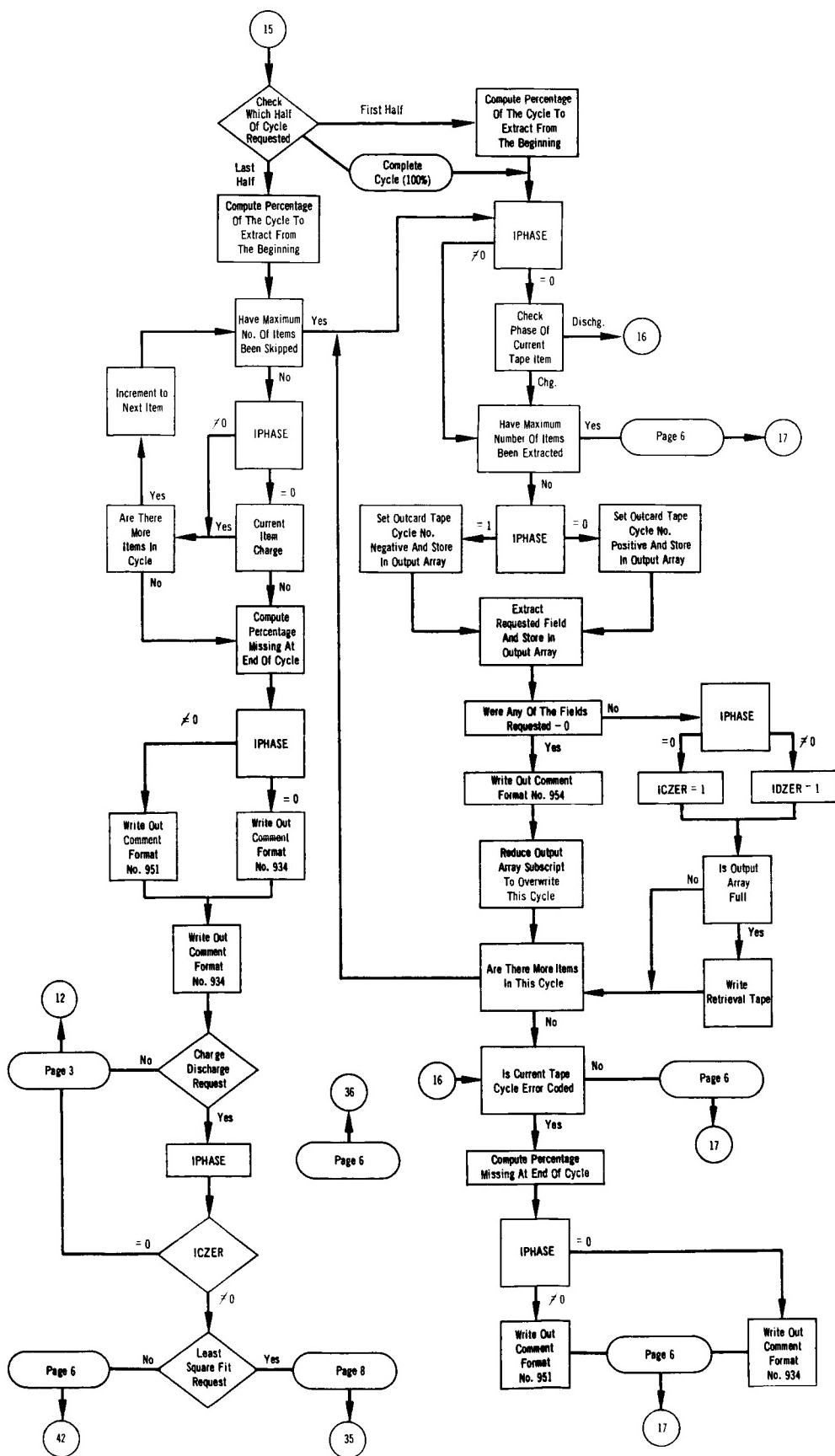
#### **1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Flow Charts (Continued)**



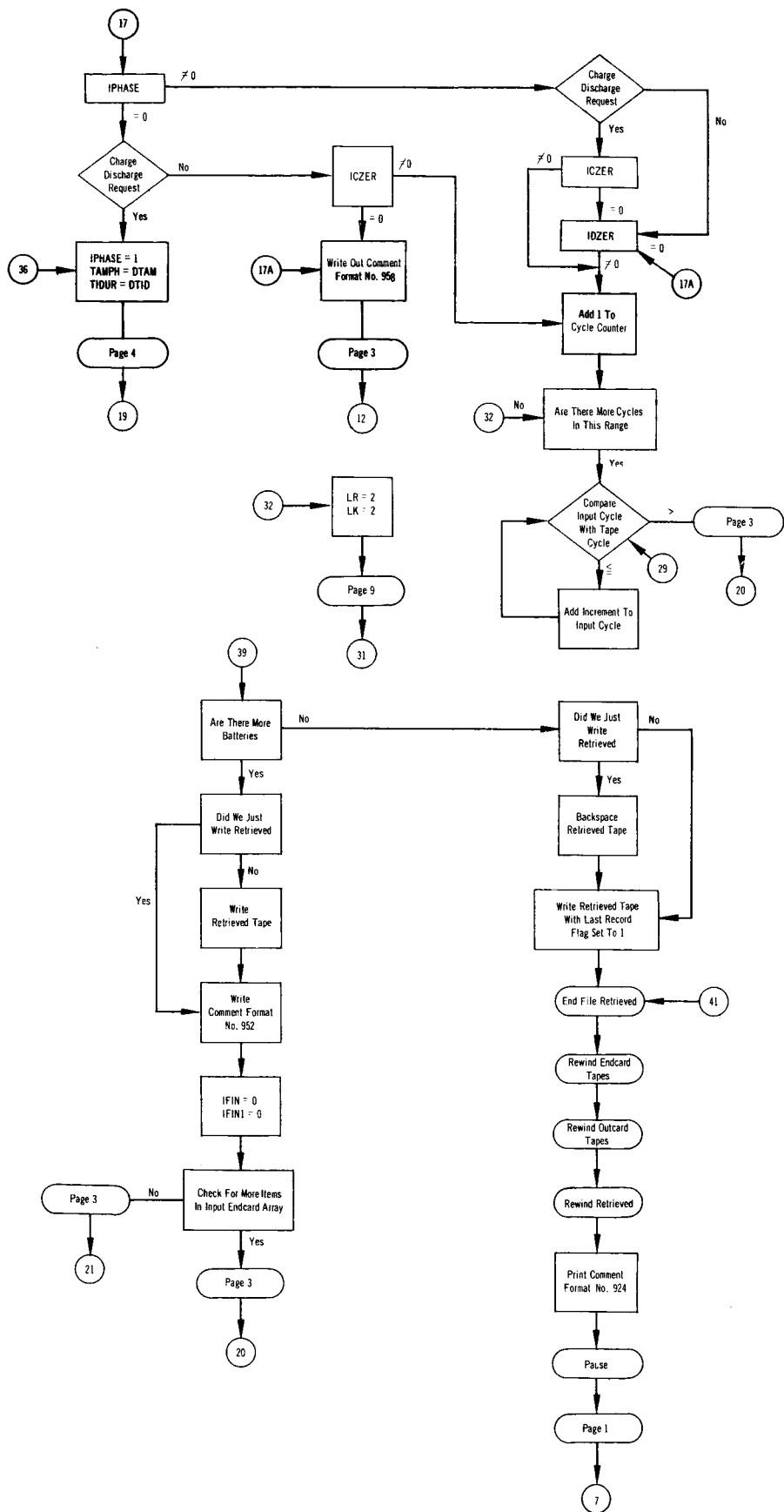
**1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)**

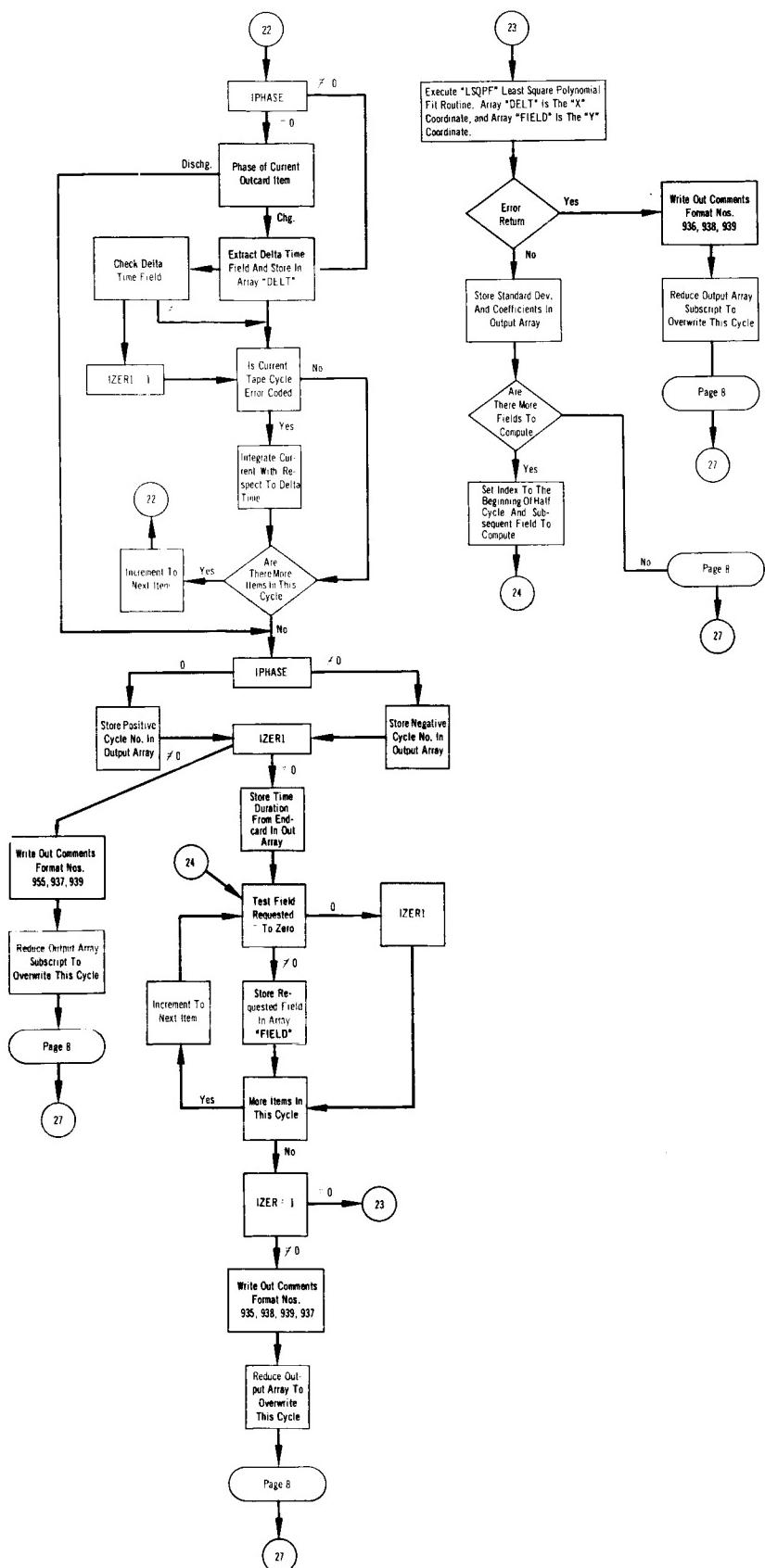


1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)

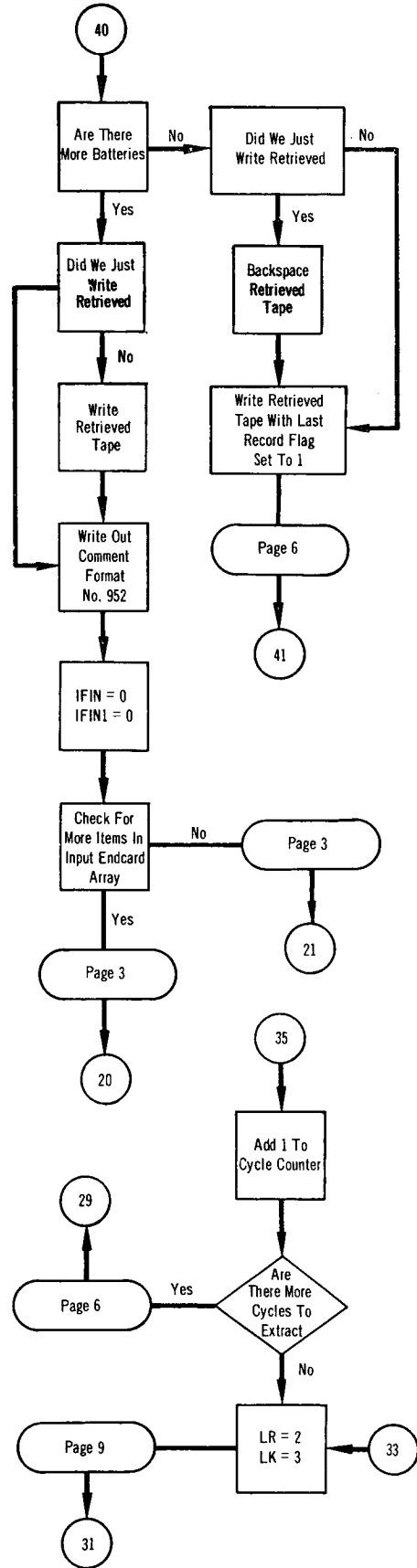
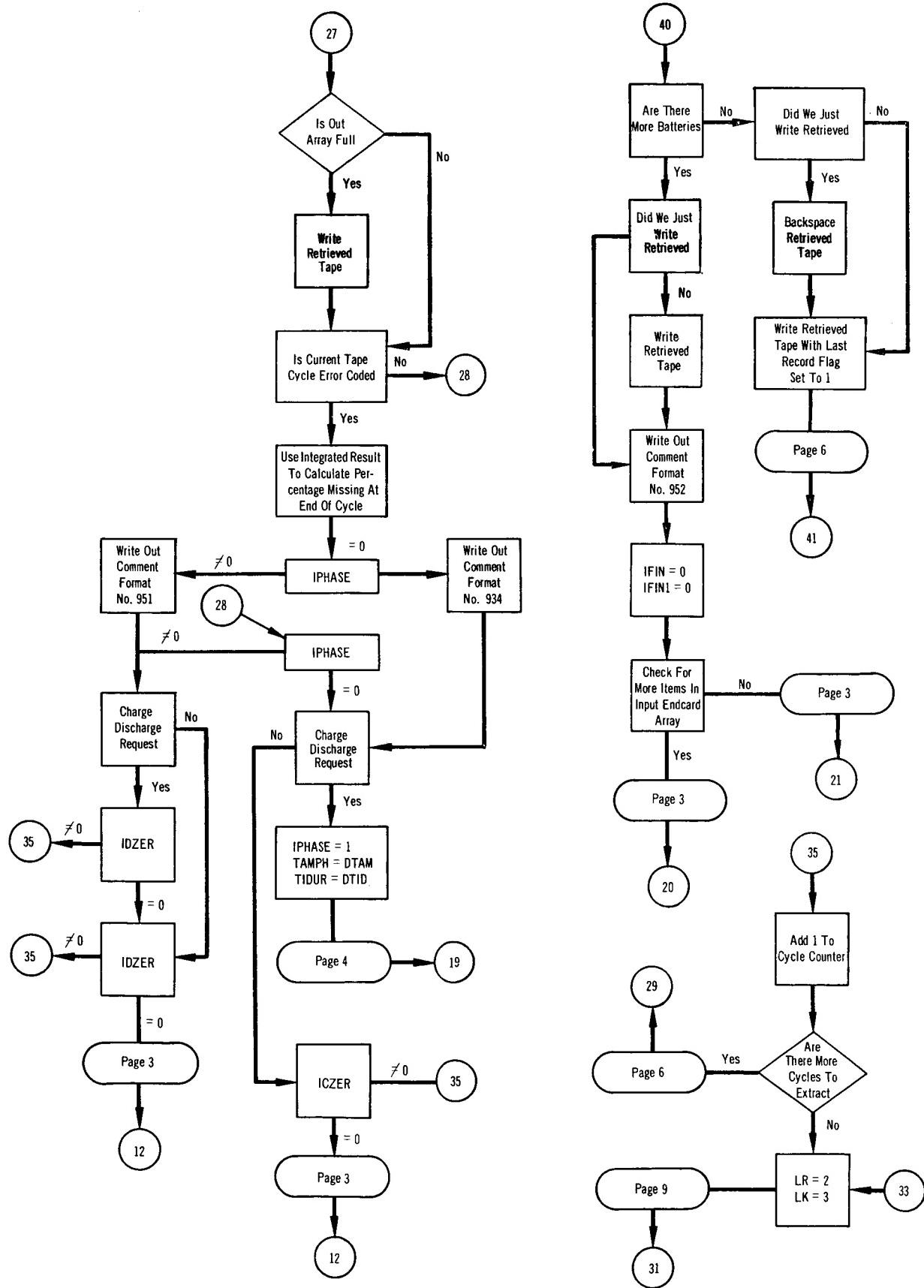


## 1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)

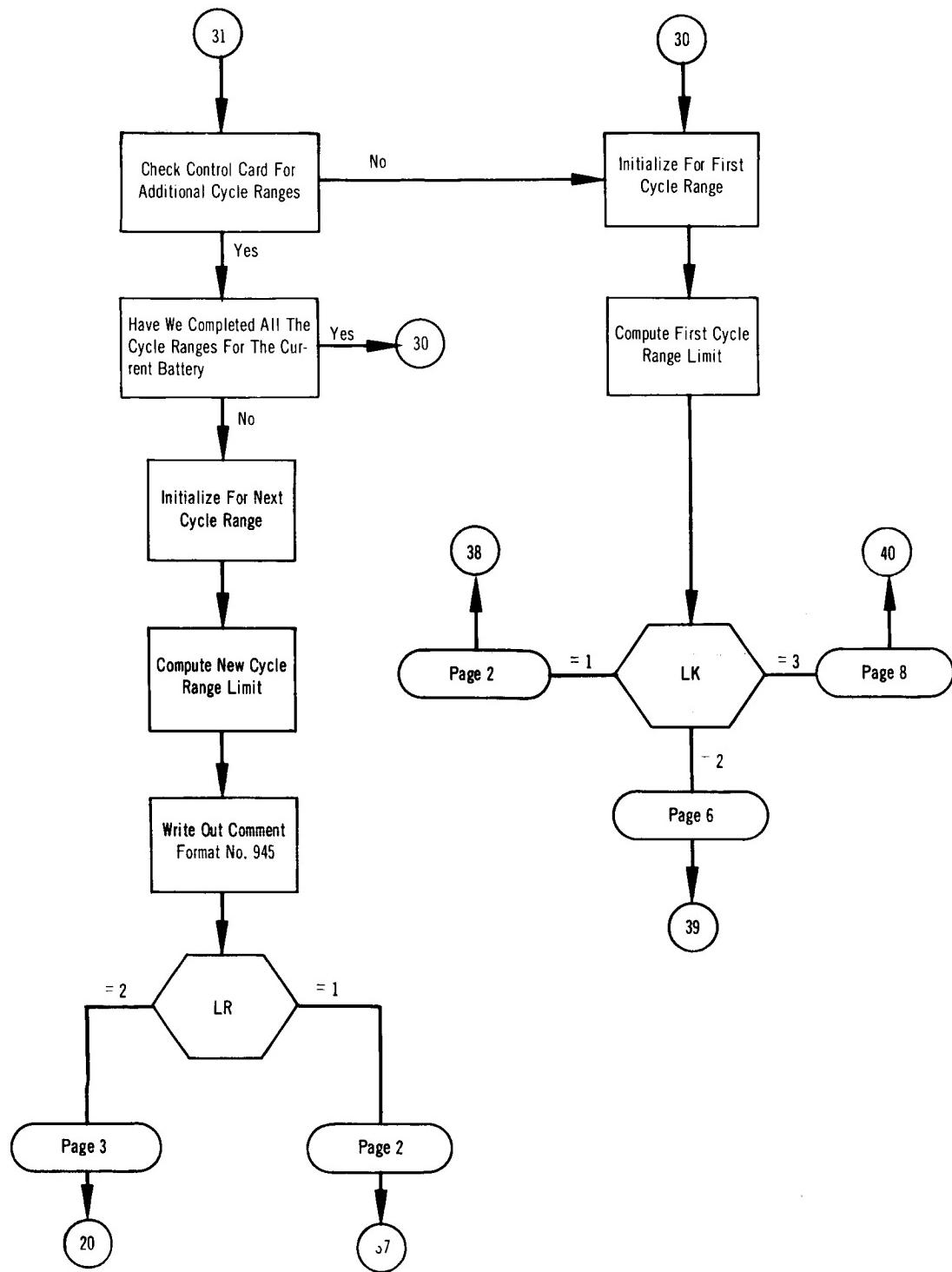




1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)



1a. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine Flow Charts (Continued)



## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements

```

$LOG 002101
*   BATTERY TEST RETRIEVAL PROGRAM
* PAUSE
* XEQ
*   BATTERY TEST DATA RETRIEVAL PROGRAM
* PAUSE
* SYMBOL TABLE
* LIST8
* CARDS COLUMN
* FORMAP
* LABEL
CDRP
C.... DATA RETRIEVAL PROGRAM
DIMENSION IFIELD(30),FIELD(300),DELT(300),IAR(250),FAR(26,250),
1 IED(11,4),ED(52,4),ID(9),FD(16,520),CQEF1/121,IBAT(15),PCH(50)
1 ICD(43),FAQ(250),KFIELD(30),IRNG(19)
AFLG = 6H$$$$$R
A7 = 2HA7
A8 = 2HA8
B7 = 2HB7
B8 = 2HB8
IONE = 1
IZER = 0
IN = 2
IO = 3
IOUT = 18
IOUT1 = 17
IEND = 8
ICC = 0
IDD = 0
IEND1 = 7
IRETR = 19
IREQ = 0
IRNG(19)=0
IEN=7
IOU=7
C.... READ CONTROL CARD
6 READ INPUT TAPE IN,940,(ICD(I),I=1,43)
C.... CHECK LAST CARD
IF(ICD(1)-9) 20,2,20
2 CALL EXIT
C CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL CYCLE GROUPS
20 IF(ICD(40)) 501,500,501
501 READ INPUT TAPE IN,944,(IRNG(J8),J8=1,18)
J8=1
500 K3=1
K9 = 0
K10=0
ILIM = ICD(14) + ICD(15) * (ICD(16)-1)
ALIM=ILIM
IFIN = 0
IFIN1 = 0
ILST=0
IF(ICD(37)) 22,7,22
7 READ INPUT TAPE IN,959,TAMPH,DIAM,TIDUR,DTID
22 IREQ = IREQ + 1
ICHK = 0
ICHK1 = 0
ICHK2 = 0
ICHK3 = 0
C.... WRITE CONTROL CARD OFF LINE AND ON RETRIEVED DATA TAPE
C.... LOCATE BATTERYS
K1= 0

```

1  
1  
1  
1

A2  
A3  
B8  
B7 1  
A8  
A7 1  
B9

1  
1  
1

1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```

KCYC = 0
DO 23 I= 2,13
IF (ICD(I)) 24,23,24
24 K1= K1 +1
IBAT(K1)= I-2
23 CONTINUE
C.... LOCATE FIELDS REQUESTED
K2 =0
IF(ICD(42) )3,4,3
3 I11=21
GO TO 5
4 I11=20
5 DO 33 I=I11,36
IF(ICD(I)) 31,32,31
31 K2 = K2 +1
IFIELD(K2) = ICD(I)
33 CONTINUE
32 IF(K2) 40,38,40
C.... ALL FIELDS ARE TO BE SELECTED
38 IF(ICD(1)) 35,34,35
C.... OUTCARD
34 J=15
GO TO 36
C.... ENDCARD
35 J = 26
36 DO 37 K2 =1, J
IFIELD(K2)= K2
37 CONTINUE
K2 = K2 -1
40 IF(ICD(17) = 2) 85,8,85
78 IF(ICD(1)) 1780,85,1780
1780 INQ=500 / (K2+K2+2)
INO=INO+INO
GO TO 86
85 INO = 500 / (K2 + 1 )
86 ICYC=ICD(14)
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 902, IREQ
IF(ICD(1) )42,41,42
41 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 917
GO TO 43
42 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 916
43 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 903,(IBAT(I),I=1,K1)
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 904, ICYC
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 905, ICD(15),ICD(16)
IF(ICD(17)) 45,44,45
44 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 906
GO TO 46
45 IF(ICD(17)-2) 511,510,511
510 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,949
GO TO 46
511 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,907
46 IF (ICD(1)) 54,47,54
47 IF (ICD(38)-1)49,48,49
48 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 908
GO TO 54
49 IF (ICD(18)) 51,50,51
50 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 911
GO TO 54
51 IF (ICD(18) = 2 ) 53,52,53
52 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 909, ICD(19)
GO TO 54
53 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,910, ICD(19)
54 IF(ICD(20))56,55,56
55 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 918
GO TO 57
56 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 912,(IFIELD(I),I=1,K2)

```

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine — Source Statements (Continued)

```

57 IF(ICD(41)) 58,59,58
58 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 913
59 IF(ICD(42)) 60,61,60
60 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,914,ICD(20)
61 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,915,ICD(43)
C.... WRITE CARD IMAGE ON RETRIEVED TAPE
       WRITE TAPE IRETR,AFLG,(ICD(I),I=1,43)
IF(ICD(40)) 616,615,616
616 WRITE TAPE IRETR,(IRNG(I),I=1,18)
I=1
ICR = 2
617 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 956, ICR,IRNG(I),IRNG(I+1),IRNG(I+2)
I=I+3
ICR = ICR +1
IF (IRNG(I)) 617,615,617
615 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 957
IFND = 0
IFND1 = 0
IG1 = ICD(14)
IG2 = ICD(15)
IG3 = ICD(16)
C.... CHANNEL CARD TYPE REQUESTS
IF(ICD(1)) 10,200,10
C.... ENDCARD
10 IF(ICD(17))11,71,11
11 IF(ICD(17)-1) 14,13,14
13 DO 12 I=1,K2
   IFIELD(I) = IFIELD(I)+26
12 CONTINUE
GO TO 71
14 DO 15 I=1,K2
   KFIELD(I) = IFIELD(I) + 26
15 CONTINUE
71 IF(IFIN) 561,542,561
542 IF (IBAT(K3) - IEN) 75,75,543
75 READ TAPE IEND,1FIN,ICNT,((IED(K,J),K=1,11),(FED(K,J),K=1,52),
   1 J=1, ICNT )
   IF(ICCHK) 76,72,76
543 READ TAPEIEND1,IFIN,ICNT,((IED(K,J),K=1,11),(FED(K,J),K=1,52),
   1 J=1, ICNT)
   IF(ICCHK1)76,72,76
72 IF(IED(11)-11 73,620,73
73 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 579,579,580
579 PRINT 919,A8
GO TO 581
580 PRINT 919,A7
581 PAUSE
GO TO 542
620 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 621,621,622
621 ICHK = 1
GO TO 76
622 ICHK1 =1
76 DO 96 I=1, ICNT
I = 1
IF(IBAT(K3) - IED(2,1)) 77,81,96
77 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 545,545,546
545 BACKSPACE IEND
GO TO 547
546 BACKSPACE IEND1
547 IF (IEND) 80,79,80
79 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,920,IBAT(K3)
C.... GO TO NEXT BATTERY LOGIC
   LK = 1
GO TO 506
80 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,921,IED(2,I),ICYC,IBAT(K3)
IFND = 0

```

1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```

C.... GO TO NEXT BATTERY LOGIC
561 LK =1
    GO TO 506
C.... BATT LOCATED LETS FIND CYCLE
81 IFND = 1
    IF(ICYC = IED(3,I)) 82,92,96
C.... USE NEXT HIGHEST CYCLE
82 IF(LILIM = IED(3,I)) 84,83,83
84 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,946,KCYC
    IF(IBATI(K3) = IEN) 700,700,701
700 BACKSPACE IEND
    GO TO 111
701 BACKSPACE IEND1
    GO TO 111
83 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,922,ICYC,IED(2,I),IED(3,I)
C.... CYCLE OR CLOSEST CYCLE FOUND
C.... CHECK VALIDITY OF CYCLE
92 IF(IED(7,I)) 93,94,93
C.... INVALID DATA PRINT ITEM
93 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 923, IED(2,I), IED(3,I), IED(7,I)
    1 IED(8,I)
C.... SHOULD WE BYPASS INVALID DATA
    IF(ICD(41)) 94,96,94
C.... SELECT REQUESTED FIELDS
94 K9 = K9 +1
    IPH = 0
    ICZER =0
    IDZER =0
    IF(ICD(17) =1) 529,528,529
528 IAR(K9) = -IED(3,I)
    GO TO 530
529 IAR(K9) = IED(3,I)
C.... K2 = NO. OF FIELDS TO EXTRACT
530 DO 100 K12 =1,K2
    K8 = IFIELD(K12)
    IF(FED(K8,I)) 583,582,583
    1
582 IF(SIGNF(1.,FED(K8,I))) 584,583,583
584 IF(ICZER) 681,751,681
751 ICZER =1
    IF(ICC=10) 680,681,680
680 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 953 , IAR(K9)
    1
    ICC =ICC+1
681 IF(ICD(39)) 682,583,682
682 K9 =K9-1
    GO TO 585
    1
583 FAR(K12,K9) = FED(K8,I)
    1
100 CONTINUE
    IF(ICZER) 585,683,585
683 ICC =0
C    CHECK CHARGE DISCHARGE REQUEST
585 IF(ICD(17)-2) 619,16,619
    1
16 IF(K9 =INO) 586,98,586
    1
586 K9 = K9+1
    IAR(K9) = -IED(3,I)
    DO 17 K12 =1,K2
    K8 = KFIELD(K12)
    IF(FED(K8,I)) 589,588,589
    1
588 IF(SIGNF(1.,FED(K8,I))) 590,589,589
590 IF(IDZER) 686,750,686
750 IDZER =1
    IF(IDD=10) 685,686,685
685 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 953 , IAR(K9)
    IDD =IDD+1
686 IF(ICD(39)) 687,589,687
687 K9 =K9-1
    GO TO 591
    1

```

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```

589  FAR(K12,K9) = FED(K8,I)
17   CONTINUE
18   IF(IDZER) 591,689,591
689  IDD =0
690  GO TO 591
C.... CHECK MORE CYCLES
619  IF(ICD(39)) 684,593,684
684  IF(ICZER) 96,593,96
591  IF(ICD(39)) 688,593,688
688  IF(ICZER) 592,593,592
592  IF(IDZER) 96,593,96
593  KCYC = KCYC +1
      IPH =1
      IF(KCYC - ICD(16)) 103,111,103
103  IF(ICYC - IED(3,1)) 116,116,1171
116  ICYC = ICYC + ICD(15)
      GO TO 103
111  LR = 1
      LK = 1
      GO TO 1
1171 IF(ICYC-1111) 117,117,1111
1111 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,946,KCYC
      GO TO 111
117  IF(K9-1NU) 96,98,96
98   K5 = K9 * (K2+1)
      WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),(FAR(L1,L2)
1, L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)
      IF(IPH) 97,587,97
587  K10 = K9
      K2 = 0
      GO TO 586
C.... CHECK FOR MORE BATTERYS
104  KCYC = 0
      ICYC = ICD(14)
      IF(K3-K1) 95,106,95
95   K5 = K9 * (K2+1)
      IF(K9) 109,105,109
109  WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),(FAR(L1,L2)
1, L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)
105  K3 = K3 + 1
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,952,IBAT(K3)
      IFEND = 0
      ICC=0
      IDD=0
97   K10 = K9
      K9 = 0
      IFIN=0
96   CONTINUE
      GO TO 71
C.... ALL DATA EXTRACTED FROM CURRENT CONTROL CARD
C.... WRITE LAST BLOCK.
106  IF(K9) 108,107,108
107  K9 = K10
      K3= K3-1
      BACKSPACE IRETR
108  K5 = K9 * (K2 +1)
      WRITE TAPE IRETR,IONE,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),(FAR(L1,L2)
1, L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)
      END FILE IRETR
      REWIND IRETR
      REWIND IEND
      REWIND IEND1
      PRINT 924,IREQ
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,943,IREQ
      PAUSE
C... CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL CONTROL CARDS

```

1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine — Source Statements (Continued)

```

GO TO 6
C.... OUTCARD REQUEST
200 FCYCLE = ICD(14)
      FINC = ICD(15)
      PCENT = ICD(19)
LZ=2
OCY = 0.
PCENT = PCENT/100.
C.... CALCULATE THE NO. OF ITEMS THAT WILL FIT INTO A 500 WORD ARRAY
C.... LEAST SQ. FIT
IF (ICD(38)-1)222,220,222
C.... YES
220 INO = 500/(K2*5+2)
      KWD = K2 * 5
      LC = XLOCF(COEFL(12))
LZ=3
C.... BATTERY OR CELL CYCLE REQUEST
222 IF(ICD(42)),190,296,194
C.... CELL CYCLE , LOCATE CELL FIELD
190 IF(ICD(20)) 191,193,191
191 IF(ICD(20) -10) 192,193,193
C.... CHARGE OR DISCHARGE
192 IF(ICD(17)-1) 239,197,239
239 ICCELL = ICD(20)+15
      GO TO 206
197 ICCELL = ICD(20)+41,
      GO TO 206
193 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,926
      PRINT 926
      REWIND IRETR
      REWIND IEND
      REWIND IEND1
      GO TO 6
C.... CELL CYCLE
C.... SEARCH END CARD TAPE FOR BATTERY
206 IF(ICD(37)),218,566,218
218 IF(IFIN) 562,549,562
549 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 223,223,550
223 READ TAPE IEND,IFIN,ICNT,((IED(K,J),K=1,11),(FED(K,J),K=1,52),
      1 J=1, ICNT )
      IF(ICHK)566,551,566
550 READ TAPE IEND1,IFIN,ICNT,((IED(K,J),K=1,11),(FED(K,J),K=1,52),
      1 J=1, ICNT )
      IF(ICHK1)566,551,566
551 IF(IED(1)-1) 568,623,568
568 IF(IBAT(K3)- IEN) 5760,5760,577
5760 PRINT 919,A8
      GO TO 578
577 PRINT 919,A7
578 PAUSE
      GO TO 549
623 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 624,624,625
624 ICHK = 1
      GO TO 566
625 ICHK1 = 1
566 DO 219 I=1,ICNT
      I=I
224 IF(ICD(37)) 704,195,704
704 IF(IBAT(K3)-IEL(2,I)) 207,211,210
207 IF(IBAT(K3) - IEN) 555,555,556
555 BACKSPACE IEND
      GO TO 557
556 BACKSPACE IEND1
557 IF(IFND) 208,209,208
208 IF(ICD(42)) 131,130,131

```

**1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)**

130 FCYCLE = ICYC  
131 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,927,IED(2,I),FCYCLE,IBAT(K3)  
C.....GO FIND NEXT BATTERY  
IFND = 0  
562 LK = LZ  
GO TO 566  
209 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,920, IBAT(K3)  
LK=LZ  
GO TO 566  
211 IFND = 1  
IF(LICD(42)11,214,215,214  
C.... BATTERY LOCATED.FIND CELL CYCLE  
214 IF(FCYCLE = .FED(LCELL,I)) 212,213,210  
212 IF(ALIM-FED(LCELL,I))225,221,221  
225 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,947  
IF (ICD(38)-1) 289,313,289  
221 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 928, FCYCLE ,IBAT(K3),FED(LCELL,I)  
213 ICYC = IED(3,I)  
  
C.... LOCATE BATTERY CYCLE  
215 IF(ICYC = IED(3,I)) 216,217,210  
216 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,930,ICYC,IBAT(K3),IED(3,I)  
C....CHARGE  
217 TAMPH = FED(5,I)  
TIDUR = FED(11,I)  
  
C....  
DTAM = FED(31,I)  
DTID = FED(27,I)  
C.... FIRST LOCATE BATTERY  
195 IF(IFIN1) 562,552,562  
552 IF(IBAT(K3) -IOU) 196,196,553  
196 READ TAPEIOUT,IFIN1,ICNT,(IOD(K),K=1,9),((FOD(K,J),K=1,16),J=1,  
1ICNT)  
IF(ICHK2) 576,554,576  
553 READ TAPEIOUT,I,IFIN1,ICNT,(IOD(K),K=1,9),((FOD(K,J),K=1,16),J=1,  
1ICNT)  
IF(ICHK3) 576,554,576  
554 IF(IOD(1)) 572,626,572  
572 IELIBAI(K3) -IOU 573,573,574  
573 PRINT 919,B8  
GO TO 575  
574 PRINT 919,B7  
575 PAUSE  
GO TO 552  
626 IF(IBAT(K3) - IOU) 627,627,628  
627 ICHK2 = 1  
GO TO 576  
628 ICHK3 = 1  
576 DAMPH = 0.  
IF (IBAT(K3) -IOD(2 )) 202,205,195  
202 IF(IBAT(K3)- IOU) 558,558,559  
558 BACKSPACE IOUT  
GO TO 560  
559 BACKSPACE IOUT1  
560 IF(IFND1) 204,203,204  
203 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 925, IBAT(K3)  
C.... GET NEXT BATTERY  
LK=LZ

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
GO TO 506
204 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,921,IOD(2),ICYC,IBAT(K3)
LK=17
GO TO 506
205 IFEND1 = 1
C.... FIND BATTERY CYCLE
IE (ICYC - IOD(3)) 230,231,195
230 IF(ILIM-IOD(3)) 2510,2501,2501
2510 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,946,KCYC
IF(IBAT(K3) - IOU) 702,702,703
702 BACKSPACE IOUT1
IF (ICD(38)-1) 289,313,289
703 BACKSPACE IOUT1
IF (ICD(38)-1) 289,313,289
2501 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,929,ICYC,IBAT(K3),IOD(3)
OCY=IOD(3)
C.... CHECK VALIDITY OF CYCLE
231 IDIF = IOD(3) - IOD(9)
IF(XABSF(IDIF) -2) 235,235,537
C.... INVALID CYCLE
235 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,931, IBAT(K3),IOD(3)
C.... CHECK INVALID DATA REQUEST
IE(ICD(41)) 537,195,537
C.... LOCATE HALF CYCLE
537 IPHASE = 0
IF(ICD(17)-1) 520,519,520
519 IPHASE = 1
TAMPH = DTAM
TIDUR = DTID
520 L = 1
J7 = 1
ICZER = 0
1
IDZER = 0
1
IF(IPHASE) 232,250,232
C.... DISCHARGE. LOCATE CYCLE
232 DO 234 L = J7,ICNT
L = L
IF(FOD(1,L)) 236,234,236
234 CONTINUE
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,933,IOD(3)
IF(ICD(17)-2) 217,541,217
541 IF(ICD(38)-1) 601,611,601
C.... CHARGE PHASE. MAKE SURE FIRST ITEM IS CHARGE
250 IF(FOD(1,L)) 251,236,251
251 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,941,IOD(3)
IF(ICD(17)-2) 217,523,217
C.... CHECK FOR CODE
236 IF(IOD(7)) 237,241,237
237 PER = FOD(3,L) * FOD(5,L) * 100. / TAMPH
IF(IPHASF) 513,512,513
512 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,932,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)
GO TO 241
513 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,950,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)
C.... LEAST SQUARE FIT
241 IF(ICD(38)-1) 245,298,245
298 IF(ICD(18)-1) 245,299,245
C.... CHECK FIRST HALF OF CYCLE
245 LL = L
```

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
IF(ICD(18) -2) 247,246,247  
246 TAMPH = TAMPH * PCENT  
GO TO 260  
C.... CHECK LAST HALF OF CYCLE  
247 IF(ICD(18) - 3) 260,248,260.  
248 BAMPH = TAMPH - TAMPH * PCENT  
ILST=1  
C.... SKIP TO LAST PORTION OF CYCLE REQUESTED  
249 DO 255 LL = L ICNT  
LL = LL  
IE(DAMPH) 401,400,401  
400 DAMPH = FOD(3,LL) * FOD(5,LL)  
GO TO 402  
401 DAMPH = DAMPH + (FOD(3,LL) - FOD(3,LL-1)) * (FOD(5,LL)+FOD(5,LL-1))  
1 / 2  
402 IF(BAMPH-DAMPH) 260,260,256  
C.... CHG OR DISCHARGE  
256 IF(IPHASE) 255,257,255  
257 IF(FOD(1,LL)) 258,255,258  
258 J7 =LL-1  
GO TO 259  
255 CONTINUE  
C.... PERCENT_OF_CYCLE REQUESTED NOT ON TAPE  
259 PER = 100. -DAMPH*100./TAMPH  
IF(IPHASE) 515,514,515  
514 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,934,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)  
516 WRITE_OUTPUT_TAPE IO,942  
IF(ICD(17)-2) 217,524,217  
524 IF(IPHASE) 5420,523,5420  
5420 IF(ICZFR) 541,217,541  
515 WRITE_OUTPUT_TAPE IO,951,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)  
GO TO 516  
C.... SELFCT REQUESTED FIELDS  
260 IF(ICD(38)-1) 261,299,261  
261 DO 275 L=LL,ICNT  
L = L  
C.... CHARGE CYCLE  
IF(IPHASE) 263,262,263  
C.... MAKE SURE WERE NOT IN DISCHARGE PHASE.  
262 IF(FOD(1,L )) 268,263,268  
268 J7 = L-1  
GO TO 276  
263 IF(ILST) 413,414,413  
413 ILST=0  
GO TO 412  
414 IF(DAMPH) 411,410,411  
410 DAMPH = FOD(3,L) * FOD(5,L)  
GO TO 412  
411 DAMPH = DAMPH+(FOD(3,L)-FOD(3,L-1))*(FOD(5,L)+FOD(5,L-1))/2.  
412 IF(TAMPH- DAMPH) 280,264,264  
264 K9 = K9 +1  
IF(IPHASE) 525,526,525  
525 IAR(K9) = - IOD(3)  
GO TO 527  
526 IAR(K9) = IOD(3)  
527 ISK =0  
C.... K2 EQUALS NO. OF FIELDS TO EXTRACT  
DO 265 K12 =1,K2
```

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
K8 = IFIELD(K12) +1  
IF (FOD(K8,L)) 596,594,596  
594 IF(SIGNF(1,FOD(K8,L)))595,596,596  
595 IF(ISK) 691,752,691  
752 ISK =1  
IF(IPHASE) 755,753,755  
753 IELICC-10) 690,691,690  
690 ICC =ICC+1  
GO TO 754  
755 IF(IDD-10) 756,691,756  
756 IDD =IDD+1  
754 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,954,IAR(K9),FOD(3,L)  
691 IF(ICD(391)) 692,596,692  
692 K9 =K9-1  
GO TO 275  
596 FAR(K12,K9) = FOD(K8,L)  
265 CONTINUE  
C..... CHECK TO SEE IF ARRAY IS READY TO WRITE  
IF(IPHASF) 598,597,598  
597 ICZFR = 1  
266 JE(ISK) 599,757,599  
757 ICC =0  
GO TO 599  
598 IDZER = 1  
IF(ISK) 599,758,599  
758 IDD =0  
599 IF(INO-K9) 275,267,275  
267 K5 = K9 * (K2+1)  
WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),IAR(L2),(FAR,(L1,L2  
1),L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)  
K10 = K9  
K9 = 0  
275 CONTINUE  
J7 = L-1  
C..... CHECK IF CYCLE IS CODED  
276 IF(IOD(7))277,280,277  
C.... COMPUTE PERCENTAGE MISSING AT END OF CYCLE  
277 PER = 100. - DAMPH * 100. / TAMPH  
IF(IPHASE) 518,517,518  
517 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,934,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)  
GO TO 280  
518 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,951,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)  
C.... CHECK FOR MORE CYCLES WITHIN THIS BATTERY  
280 IF(IPHASE) 600,522,600  
522 IF(ICD(17)-2) 521,523,521  
523 IPHASE =1  
TAMPH = DTAM  
TIDUR = DTID  
DAMPH=0.  
GO TO 232  
521 JE(ICZER) 603,629,603  
629 IF(ICD(391)) 693,603,693  
693 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,958,IOD(3)  
GO TO 217  
600 IF(ICD(391)) 694,603,694  
694 IF(ICD(17)-2) 602,601,602  
601 IF(ICZFR) 603,602,603  
602 IF(IDZFR) 603,629,603
```

**1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)**

603 KCYC = KCYC +1  
IF(KCYC - ICD(16)) 281,289,281

281 IF(ICD(421)) 120,123,120

120 IF(OCY) 126,125,126

126 IF(FCYCLE = OCYL) 121,121,127

125 IF(FCYCLE = FED(CELL,I)) 121,121,1270

121 FCYCLE = FCYCLE + EINC  
GO TO 120

127 OCY=0

1270 IF(FCYCLE = ALIM) 224,224,1271

1271 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,946,KCYC  
GO TO 289

123 IF(ICYC = IOD(3)) 124,124,1240

124 ICYC = ICYC + ICD(15)  
GO TO 123

1240 IF(ICYC = ILIM) 224,224,1271

289 LR =2  
LK =2  
GO TO 1

282 KCYC = 0  
FCYCLE = ICD(14)  
ICYC = ICD(14)  
CHECK FOR NEXT BATTERY  
IF(K3 = K1) 286,283,286

DID WE JUST WRITE  
286 IF(K9) 287,288,287

NO DUMP BUFFER  
287 K5 = K9 \* (K2+1)  
WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),(EAR\_(L1,L2)  
1,L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)  
K10 = K9  
K9 = 0

288 K3 = K3±1  
IFND = 0  
IFND1 = 0  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,952,IBAT(K3)  
ICC=0  
IDD=0  
IFIN = 0  
IFIN1 = 0  
GO TO 210

283 IF(K9) 285,284,285

284 BACKSPACE IRETR  
K3 = K3-1  
K9 = K10  
285 K5 = K9 \* (K2+1)  
WRITE TAPE IRETR,IONE,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),(FAR\_(L1,  
1L2),L1=1,K2),L2=1,K9)

564 END FILE IRETR  
REWIND IRETR  
REWIND IEND  
REWIND IEND1  
REWIND IOUT  
REWIND IOUT1  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,943,IREQ  
PRINT 924,IREQ  
PAUSE  
GO TO 6

**1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)**

C..... LEAST SQUARE FIT ON FIELDS REQUESTED  
C..... STORE DELTA TIME ARRAY  
299 L=LL  
300 K12 =0  
1  
1  
C.... L = ITEM WITHIN ARRAY  
DO 305 LL=L , ICNT  
C.... CHARGE OR DISCHARGE  
IE(IPHASE) 302,301,302  
C.... CHARGE • TEST IF WE ARE AT DISCHARGE  
301 IE(FOD(1,LL)) 531,302,531  
531 J7 = LL-1  
GO TO 303  
302 K12 = K12 +1  
DELT(K12) = FOD(3,LL)  
IF(DELT(K12)) 650,604,650  
604 IZER1 = 1  
650 IF(ILST) 651,420,651  
651 ILST=0  
GO TO 660  
420 IF(DAMPH) 422,421,422  
421 DAMPH = FOD(3,LL) \* FOD(5,LL)  
GO TO 305  
422 DAMPH = DAMPH+(FOD(3,LL)-FOD(3,LL-1))\*(FOD(5,LL)+FOD(5,LL-1))/2.  
660 IF(DAMPH-DAMPH) 342,305,305  
305 CONTINUE  
342 J7=LL-1  
C.... FIND FIELD 1 STORE IN ARRAY AND XEQ LSQPF • THEN REPEAT FOR ALL  
C.... FIELDS  
303 K9 = K9+1  
JC=0  
IF (IPHASE) 532,538,532  
532 IAR(K9)=I0D(3)  
GO TO 533  
533 IAR(K9)=I0D(3)  
538 IF(IZER1) 606,614,606  
606 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,955, IAR(K9)  
GO TO 331  
614 FAQ(K2) = TIDUR  
K13 = K12 + L -1  
LX = XLOCF(DELT(1)) - K12 +1  
LY = XLOCF(FIELD(1)) - K12 +1  
DO 315 K14 =1, K2  
K15 = 0  
K8 = IEFIELD(K14) +1  
DO 325 LL = L , K13  
IF(FOR(K8,LL)) 322,306,332  
306 IZER1 = 1  
332 K15=K15 +1  
FIELD(K15) = FOD(K8,LL)  
325 CONTINUE  
IF(IZER1) 326,324,326  
324 TEST = LSQPF(LX,LY,K12,3,LC )  
IF(TEST) 329,307,329  
307 DO 308 J=1,5  
JC=JC+1  
FAR(JC,K9) = COFF1(J)  
308 CONTINUE

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```

315    CONTINUE
      IF(IPHASE) 608,607,608
C.... A FIELD CONTAINED ZERO IN SETTING UP ARRAY FOR LEAST SQ.EIT 1
326    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,935,IBAT(K3),IOD(3),IFIELD(K14)
      GO TO 630
329    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,936,IFIELD(K14),IBAT(K3),ICYCLE
630    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,938,IFIELD(K14)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,939,(FIELD(J),J=1,K15 ) 1
331    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,937
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 939,(DELT (J),J=1,K12 )
      K9 = K9-1
      GO TO 609
607    ICZER = 1
      GO TO 609
608    IDZER = 1
C.... CHECK TO SEE IF BUFFER IS FULL 1
609    IF(K9-INO) 320,309,320
309    K5 = K9 * (KWD + 2)
      WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),FAQ(L2),(FAR(L1,L2),
1 L1=1,KWD ),L2=1,K9)
      K10 = K9
      K9 = 0
C.... IS CYCLE CODED
320    IF(IOD(7)) 335,311,335
C.... COMPUTE PERCENT AT END OF CYCLE
335    PER=100.-DAMPH*100. / TAMPH
      IF(IPHASE) 540,539,540
539    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,934,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)
      GO TO 534
540    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,951,PER,IOD(3),IBAT(K3),IOD(7)
      GO TO 610
C.... CHECK FOR MORE CYCLES WITHIN THIS BATTERY
311    IF(IPHASE) 610,534,610
534    IF(ICD(17)-2) 536,535,536
535    IPHASE = 1
      TAMPH = DTAM
      TIDUR = DTID
      DAMPH=0.
      GO TO 232
536    IF(ICZER) 613,217,613
610    IF(ICD(17)-2) 612,611,612
611    IF(ICZER) 613,612,613
612    IF(IDZER) 613,217,613
613    KCYC = KCYC+1
      IF(KCYC - ICD(16)) 281,313,281
313    LR = 2
      LK = 3
      GO TO 1
322    KCYC = 0
      FCYCLE = ICD(14)
      KCYC = ICD(14)
C.... CHECK FOR NEXT BATTERY
      IF(K3-K1) 314,317,314
C.... DID WE JUST WRITE
314    IF(K9)316,321,316
C.... NO DUMP BUFFER
316    K5 = K9 * (KWD + 2)
      WRITE TAPE IRETR,IZER,K5,IBAT(K3),(IAR(L2),FAQ(L2),(FAR(L1,L2),

```

1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
1 L1 = 1,KWD),L2 = 1,K9)
K10 = K9
K9 = 0
321 K3=K3+1
IFND = 0
IFND1 = 0
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IQ,952,IBAT(K3)
IFIN = 0
IFIN1 = 0
GO TO 210
317 IF(K91..319,318,319)
318 BACKSPACE IRETR
K9 = K10
319 K5 = K9 * (KWD + 2)
WRITE TAPE IRETR,IONE,K5,IBAT(K3),LIAR(L2),FAQ(L2),IAR(L1,L
12),L1=1,KWD),L2=1,K9)
GO TO 564
1 IF(ICD(40))504,506,504
504 IF (IRNG(J8)) 505,506,505
505 ICD(14) = IRNG(J8)
FCYCLE = IRNG(J8)
ICD(15) = IRNG(J8+1)
FINC = IRNG(J8+1)
ICD(16) = IRNG(J8+2)
J8 = J8+3
KCYC = 0
ICYC=ICD(14)
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 945 , ICD(14),ICD(15),ICD(16)
ILIM = ICD(14) + ICD(15) * (ICD(16)-1)
ALIM=ILIM
GO TO ( 117,224),LR
506 ICD(14) = IG1
ICD(15) = IG2
FINC = IG2
ICD(16) = IG3
ILIM = ICD(14) + ICD(15) * (ICD(16)-1)
ALIM=ILIM
J8 = 1
GO TO ( 104,282,322),LK
210 IF(ICD(37)) 219,195,219
219 CONTINUE
GO TO 206
902 FORMAT (1H120X,32HDATA RETRIEVAL RUN. REQUEST NO. I2)
903 FORMAT (1H05X,23HBATTERY'S REQUESTED ARE 1214)
904 FORMAT (6X,21HSTARTING CYCLE NO IS I4)
905 FORMAT (6X,13HINCREMENT IS I3,22H NUMBER OF INCREMENTS I4)
906 FORMAT (6X,12HCHARGE PHASE)
907 FORMAT (6X,15HDISCHARGE PHASE)
908 FORMAT (6X,36HLEAST SQUARE FIT ON REQUESTED FIELDS)
909 FORMAT (6X,6HFIRST I2,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
910 FORMAT (6X,5HLAST 12,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
911 FORMAT (6X,31H100 PER CENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
912 FORMAT (6X,16HFIELDS REQUESTED22I4)
913 FORMAT (6X,22HINVALID DATA REQUESTED)
914 FORMAT (6X,26HCELL CYCLE REQUESTED ON CELL15)
915 FORMAT (6X,11HEXPIRED DAYI4)
916 FORMAT (6X,22HENDCARD DATA REQUESTED)
917 FORMAT (6X,22HOUTCARD DATA REQUESTED)
```

## 1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine — Source Statements (Continued)

```

918 FORMAT (6X,20HALL FIELDS REQUESTED)
919 FORMAT (6X,18HINCORRECT TAPE OR 12,25H. MOUNT CORRECT TAPE AND PUS 1
1H START)
920 FORMAT (1H06X, 7HBATTERYI4,23H IS NOT ON ENDCARD TAPE)
921 FORMAT (1H06X,21HWE ENCOUNTERD BATTERYI4,18H LOOKING FOR CYCLEI5
1,11H OF BATTERYI4)
922 FORMAT (1H06X,20HCOULD NOT FIND CYCLEI5,11H OF BATTERYI4,13H .USIN
1G CYCLEI5)
923 FORMAT (1H06X,21HINVALID DATA. BATTERYI4,-6H CYCLEI5,-5H CODEI4,
1 5H TIMEI5)
924 FORMAT (6X,76HPLEASE REMOVE B9 AND LABEL.. MOUNT NEW B9 AND PUSH ST
1ART TO CONTINUE. REQUESTI5,13H IS COMPLETED)
925 FORMAT (1H06X, 7HBATTERYI4,23H IS NOT ON OUTCARD TAPE)
926 FORMAT (1H16X,94HCELL CYCLE REQUEST BUT CANNOT LOCATE CELL CYCLE F
1IELD ON CONTROL CARD. SKIPPING TO NEXT REQUEST)
927 FORMAT (1H06X,21HWE ENCOUNTERD BATTERYI4,23H LOOKING FOR CELL CYCL
1EE6.0,11H OF BATTERYI4,16H OF ENDCARD TAPE)
928 FORMAT (1H06X,25HCOULD NOT FIND CELL CYCLEF6.0,11H OF BATTERYI4,18
1JL.USING CELL CYCLEF6.0)
929 FORMAT (1H06X,28HCOULD NOT FIND BATTERY CYCLEI5, 11H OF BATTERYI4
1,29H OF OUTCARD TAPE. USING CYCLEI5)
930 FORMAT (1H06X,28HCOULD NOT FIND BATTERY CYCLEI5, 11H OF BATTERYI4
1,29H OF ENDCARD TAPE. USING CYCLEI5)
931 FORMAT (1H06X, 7HBATTERYI4, 6H CYCLEI5,24H OF OUTCARD TAPE INVALID
1)
932 FORMAT (1H06X,F5.1,34H PERCENT AT THE BEGINNING OF CYCLEI5,21H IS
1MISSING . BATTERYI4,14H ERROR CODE ISI4,13H.CHARGE PHASE)
933 FORMAT (1H06X,43HCOULD NOT FIND THE DISCHARGE PHASE OF CYCLEI5)
934 FORMAT (1H06X,F5.1,28H PERCENT AT THE END OF CYCLEI5,20H IS MISSING
1G. BATTERYI4,14H ERROR CODE ISI4,13H.CHARGE PHASE)
935 FORMAT (1H06X, 7HBATTERYI4,4H.CYC15 ,23H OF OUTCARD TAPE. FIELDI
14,39H CONTAINS ZERO. DID NOT COMPUTE L.S.FIT)
936 FORMAT (1H06X,52H1HELL L.S.FIT ROUTINE CAN'T FIT A POLYNOMIAL FOR FI
1ELDI4, 8H BATTERYI4, 6H CYCLEI5)
937 FORMAT (1H06X,24HDELTA TIME VALUES FOLLOW)
938 FORMAT (1H06X, 5HFIELDI4,14H VALUES FOLLOW)
939 FORMAT (3X,8E15.6)
940 FORMAT (13I1,I4,I3,I4,I1,I1,I2,18I2,2I1,3I1,I3)
941 FORMAT (1H06X,40HCOULD NOT FIND THE CHARGE PHASE OF CYCLEI5)
942 FORMAT (1H06X,60HPERCENT MISSING GREATER THAN PERCENT REQUESTED.CY
1CLE SKIPPED)
943 FORMAT (28H0 ..... RETRIEVAL REQUESTI3,18H COMPLETED ....)
944 FORMAT (6(I4,I3,I4))
945 FORMAT (//////7X,36H*** NEW CYCLE GROUP. STARTING CYCLEI5,10H INCR
1EMENTI5,21H NUMBER OF INCREMENTSI5)
946 FORMAT (1H06X,27H*** CYCLE RANGE EXCEEDED. 15,17H CYCLES EXTRACTE
1D)
947 FORMAT (6X,50HCYCLE RANGE EXCEEDED SEARCHING ENDCARD CELL CYCLE.I5
1,18H CYCLES EXTRACTED.)
949 FORMAT (6X,26HCHARGE AND DISCHARGE PHASE)
950 FORMAT (1H06X,F5.1,34H PERCENT AT THE BEGINNING OF CYCLEI5,20H IS
1MISSING. BATTERYI4,14H ERROR CODE ISI4,17H. DISCHARGE PHASE)
951 FORMAT (1H06X,F5.1,28H PERCENT AT THE END OF CYCLEI5,20H IS MISSING
1G. BATTERYI4,14H ERROR CODE ISI4,17H. DISCHARGE PHASE)
952 FORMAT (//////30X24H***** STARTING BATTERYI4, 8H *****//++)
953 FORMAT (1H06X,13HENDCARD CYCLEI5,40H A FIELD REQUESTED CO 1
1NTAINED =0)
954 FORMAT (1H06X,13HOUTCARD CYCLEI5,11H DELTA TIMEF7.4,47H A FIELD R 1

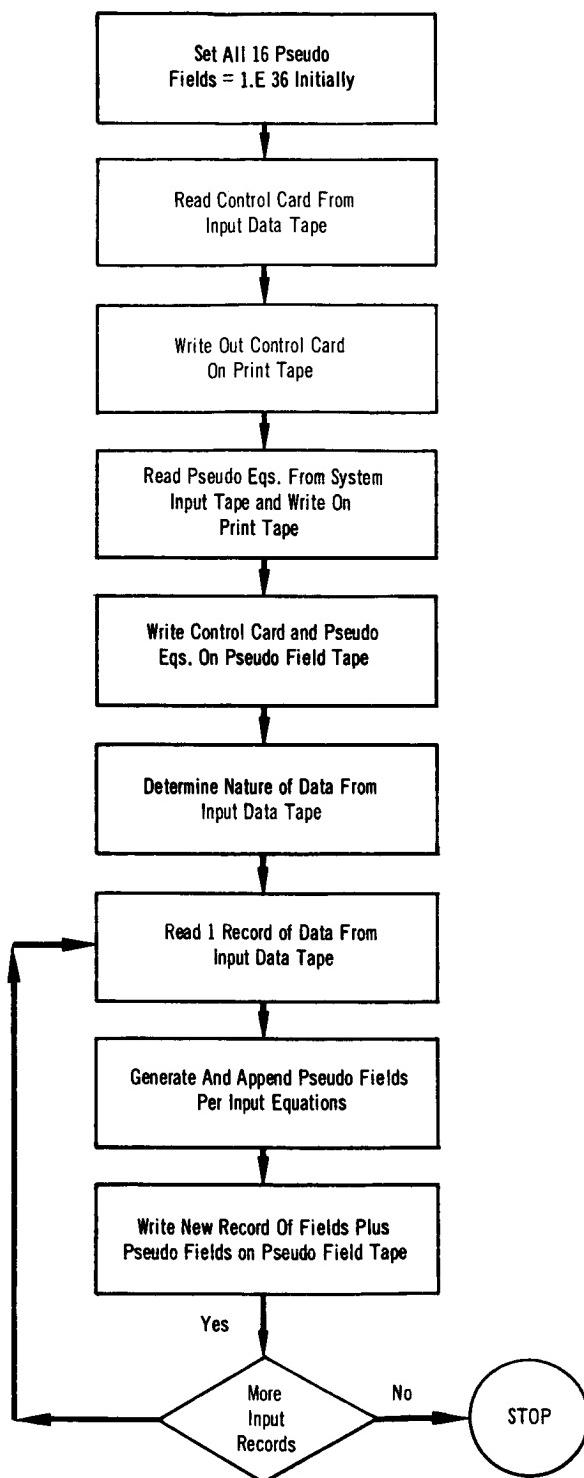
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## **1b. Data Retrieve Formatter Routine – Source Statements (Continued)**

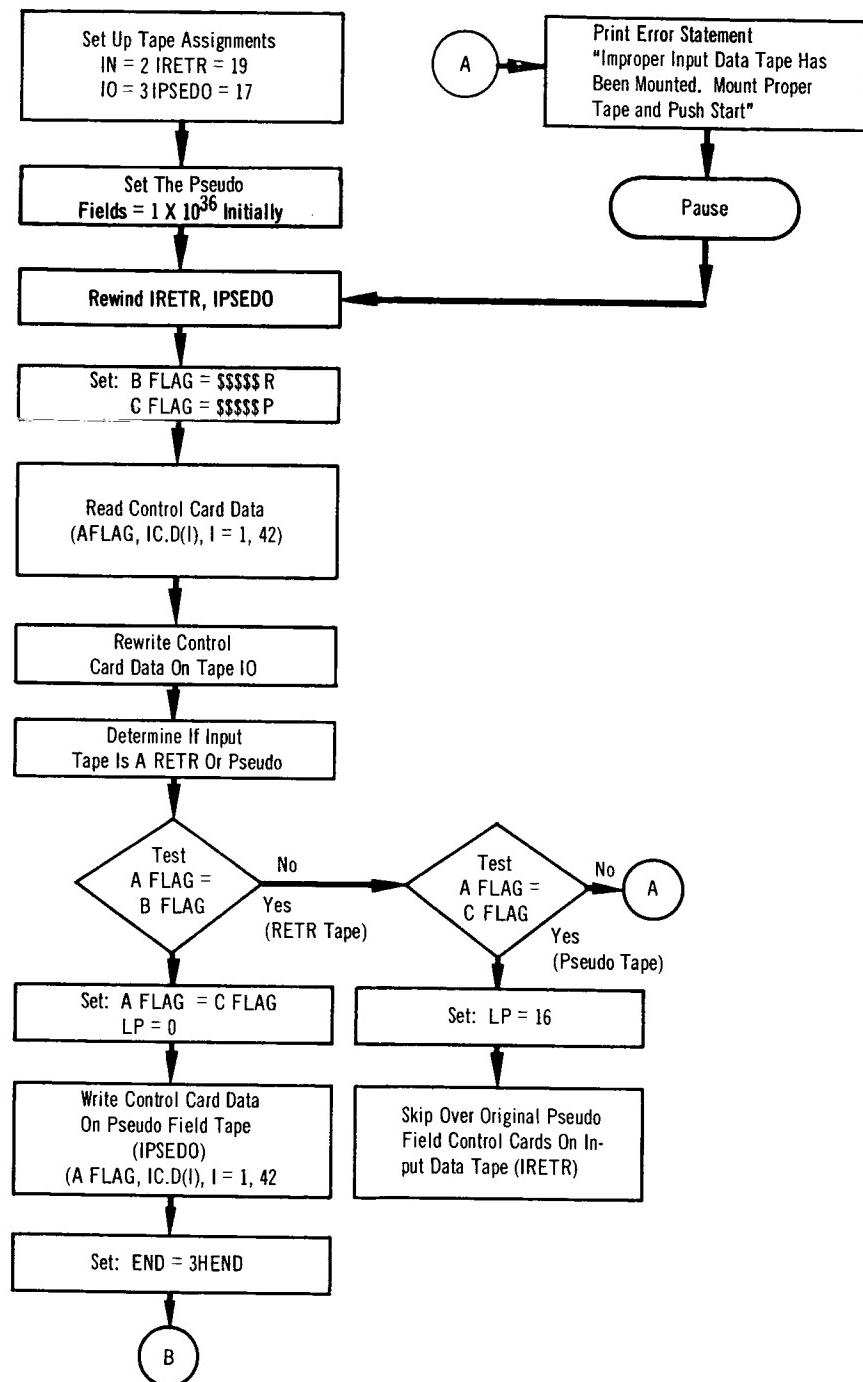
FOE E SY

**2. Pseudo generator routine**

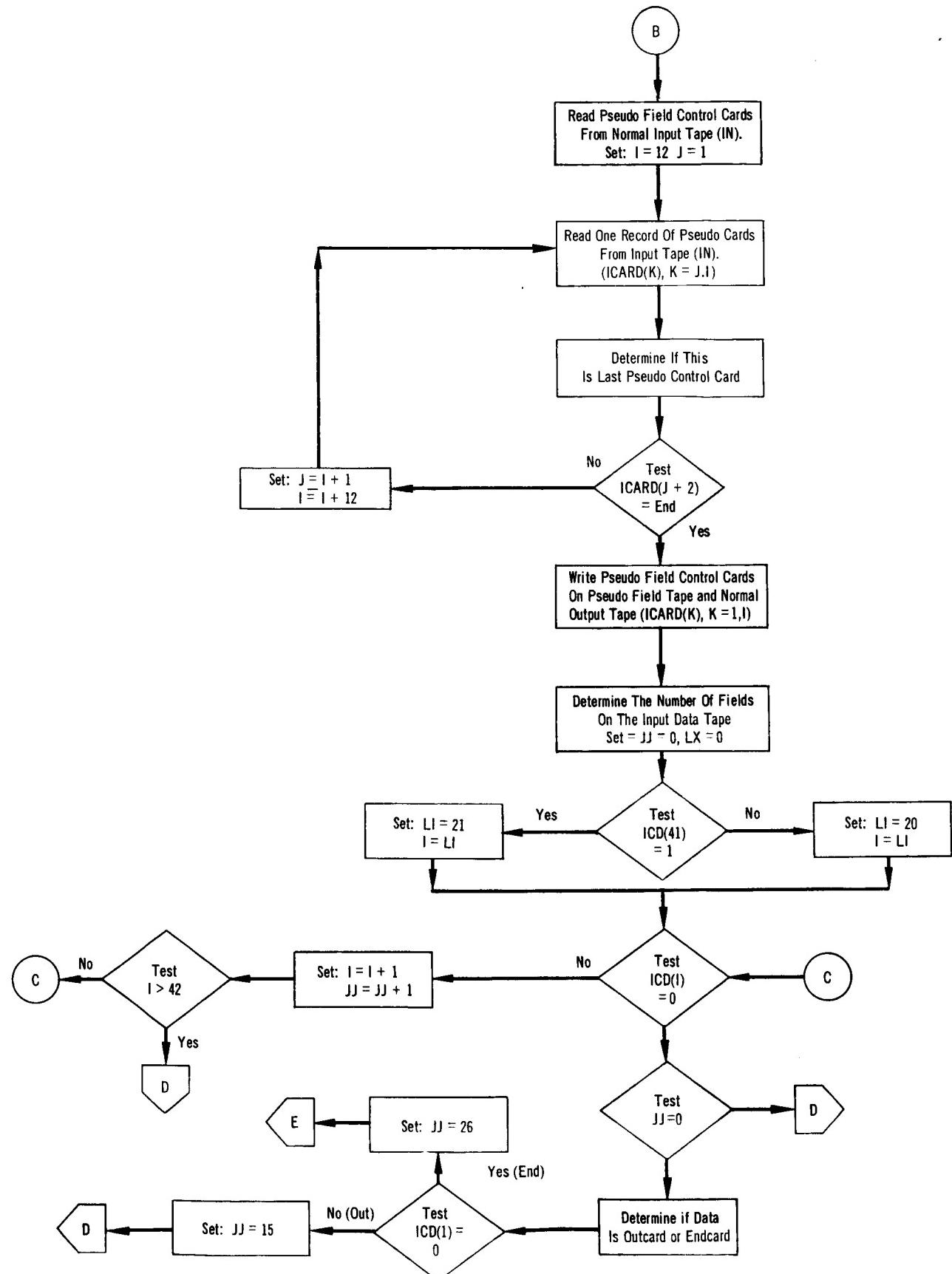
2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program -- Detailed Flow Chart



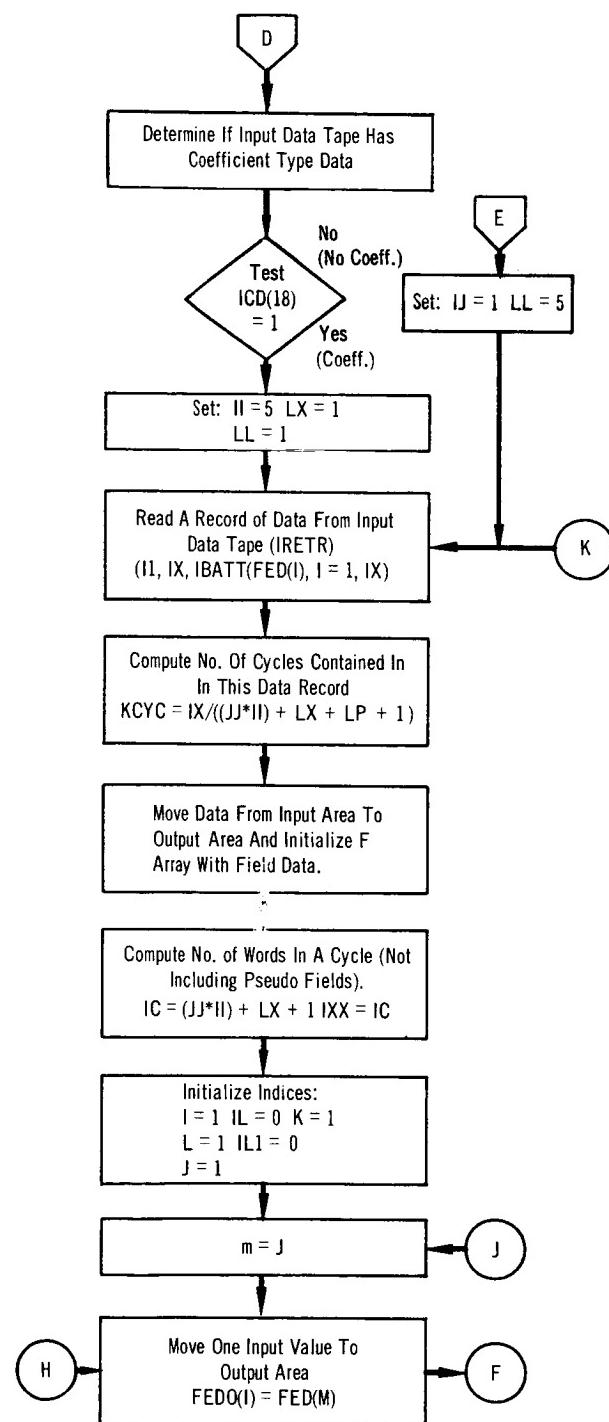
2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program — Detailed Flow Chart (Continued)



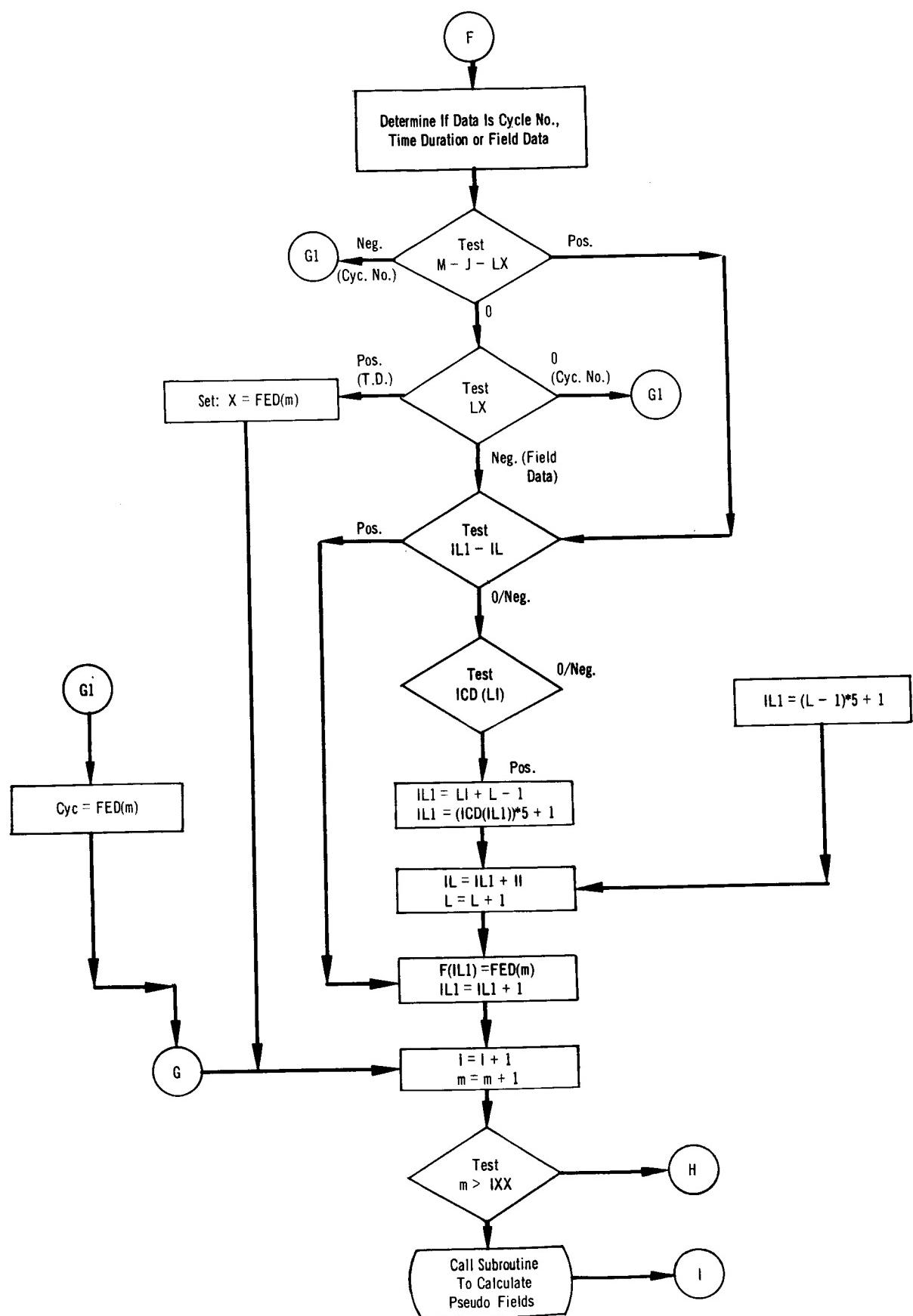
2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program — Detailed Flow Chart (Continued)



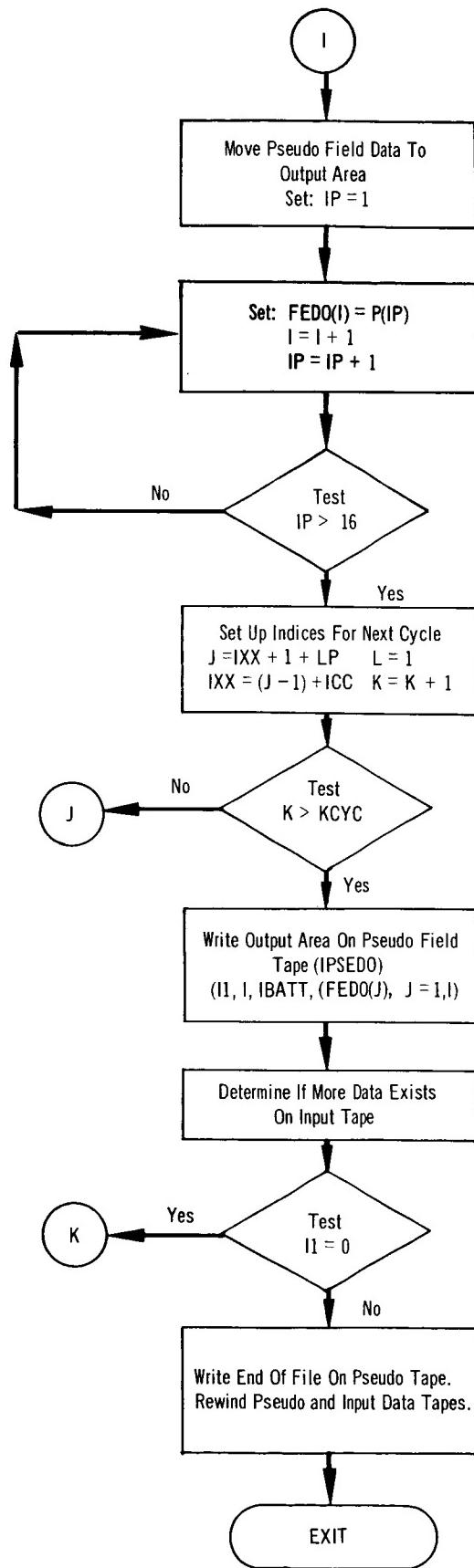
2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program – Detailed Flow Chart (Continued)



2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program — Detailed Flow Chart (Continued)



2a. Pseudo Field Generator Program – Detailed Flow Chart (Continued)



## 2b. Pseudo Field Generator Routine — Source Statements

```

* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST
* SYMBOL TABLE
C PSEUDO FIELD GENERATOR PROGRAM.
COMMON FEDO,FED,F,P,X,CYC
DIMENSION FEDO(4500),FED(4500),F(130),P(16),ICD(42),ICARD(1200),
1F1(5),F2(5),F3(5),F4(5),F5(5),F6(5),F7(5),F8(5),F9(5),
2F10(5),F11(5),F12(5),F13(5),F14(5),F15(5),F16(5),F17(5),F18(5),
3F19(5),F20(5),F21(5),F22(5),F23(5),F24(5),F25(5),F26(5)
EQUIVALENCE (P(1),P1),(P(2),P2),(P(3),P3),(P(4),P4),(P(5),P5),
1(P(6),P6),(P(7),P7),(P(8),P8),(P(9),P9),(P(10),P10),(P(11),P11),
2(P(12),P12),(P(13),P13),(P(14),P14),(P(15),P15),(P(16),P16)
EQUIVALENCE (F(1),E1),(F(6),F2),(F(11),F3),(F(16),F4),(F(21),E5),
1(F(26),F6),(F(31),F7),(F(36),F8),(F(41),F9),
1(F(46),F10),(F(51),F11),
2,(F(56),F12),(F(61),F13),(F(66),F14),(F(71),F15),(F(76),F16),
3(F(81),F17),(F(86),F18),(F(91),F19),(F(96),F20),(F(101),F21),
4(F(106),F22),(F(111),F23),(F(116),F24),(F(121),F25),(F(126),F26)
EQUIVALENCE (BFLAG,IBFLAG),(AFLAG,IAFLAG),(END,IEND),
1(CFLAG,ICFLAG)
C.....SET UP TAPE ASSIGNMENTS.
10 IN = 2
20 IO = 3
30 IRETR = 19
40 IPSEDO = 17
C.....SET PSEUDO FIELDS = 1.E36 INITIALLY.
100 DO 110 I=1,16
110 P(I) = 1.E36
120 REWIND IRETR
130 REWIND IPSEDO
C.....READ CONTROL CARD FROM INPUT DATA TAPE.
200 BFLAG = 6H$$$$$R
210 CFLAG = 6H$$$$$P
220 READ TAPE IRETR, AFLAG, (ICD(I),I=1,42)
C.....TEST IF 2ND CONTROL CARD EXISTS.
IF (ICD(39)-1) 222,221,222
221 READ TAPE IRETR, (FED(I),I=1,18)
FED(19) = 0
C.....EJECT PAGE BEFORE WRITING CONTROL CARD.
222 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,230
230 FORMAT(18H1)
C.....WRITE OUT CONTROL CARD.
CALL CCARD (ICD,FED)
C.....TEST IF INPUT DATA TAPE IS A RETRIEVED OR PSEUDO FIELD DATA TAPE.
C.....$$$$$R = RETRIEVED, $$$$$P = PSEUDO FIELD .
IF (IBFLAG-IAFLAG) 241,240,241
C.....SET AFLAG = $$$$$P
240 AFLAG = CFLAG
LP = 0
GO TO 250
241 IF (ICFLAG-IAFLAG) 900,242,900
242 LP = 16
C.....SKIP OVER PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS ON INPUT PSEUDO FIELD TAPE.
READ TAPE IRETR, ICARD(1)
C.....WRITE CONTROL RECORD ON PSEUDO FIELD DATA TAPE.
250 WRITE TAPE IPSEDO, AFLAG, (ICD(I),I=1,42)
IF (ICD(39)-1) 251,250,251
2500 WRITE TAPE IPSEDO, (FED(I),I=1,18)

```

## 2b. Pseudo Field Generator Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
C.....TEMPORARY PROCEDURE.....READ PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS FROM INPUT TAPE
251 END = 3HEND
252 I = 12
253 J = 1
254 DO 259 JJ=1,100
255 READ INPUT TAPE IN,256, (ICARD(K),K=J,I)
256 FORMAT(12A6)
C.....TEST FOR END OF PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS.
257 IF (ICARD(J+1)-IEND) 258,261,258
258 J = I+1
259 I = I + 12
C.....WRITE PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS ON PSEUDO FIELD DATA TAPE.
261 WRITE TAPE IPSEDO, I, (ICARD(K),K=1,I)
C.....WRITE OUT PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS.
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,262, (ICARD(K),K=1,I)
262 FORMAT(25HO PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS //((2X,12A6))
C.....DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF FIELDS ON INPUT DATA TAPE.
300 JJ = 0
LX = 0
IF(ICD(41)-1) 305,306,305
305 LI = 20
GO TO 310
306 LI = 21
310 DO 330 I = LI,38
IF (ICD(I)) 320,340,320
320 JJ = JJ + 1
330 CONTINUE
GO TO 360
C.....TEST TO DETERMINE IF ALL FIELDS ARE ON THE INPUT DATA TAPE.
340 IF (JJ) 360,350,360
C.....TEST TO DETERMINE IF DATA IS OUTCARD OR ENDCARD DATA.
350 IF(ICD(1)) 351,352,351
351 JJ = 26
GO TO 370
352 JJ = 15
C.....DETERMINE IF COEFFICIENTS EXIST ON INPUT DATA TAPE.
360 IF(ICD(18)-1) 370,380,370
370 II = 1
LL = 5
371 GO TO 400
380 II = 5
LL = 1
381 LX = 1
C.....READ COMPLETE RECORD OF INPUT DATA TAPE.
400 READ TAPE IRETR, I1,IX,IBATT,(FED(I),I=1,IX)
C.....COMPUTE NO. OF CYCLES IN THIS RECORD.
KCYC = IX/((JJ*II)+LX+LP+1)
C.....MOVE DATA FROM INPUT BUFFER TO OUTPUT BUFFER.
C.....INITIALIZE F BLOCK WITH DATA FROM INPUT DATA TAPE FOR 1 CYCLE.
IC = (JJ*II)+LX+1
IXX = IC
510 I = 1
520 L = 1
530 J = 1
IL = 0
ILL = 0
540 DO 740 K = 1,KCYC
550 DO 592 M = J,IXX
```

## 2b. Pseudo Field Generator Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
560 FEDO(I1) = FED(M)
570 IF (M-J-LX) 5800,580,590
580 IF(LX) 590,5800,581
5800 END = FED(M)
CYC = IEND
GO TO 592
581 X = FED(M)
GO TO 592
590 IF (L1-L1-1) 591,5900,5900
5900 IF (ICD(L1)) 5901,5901,5902
5901 L1 = (L-1)*5+1
GO TO 5903
5902 L1 = L1+L-1
L1 = (ICD(L1)-1)*5+1
5903 L1 = L1 + L1
L = L+1
591 F1L1) = FED(M)
L1 = L1+1
592 I = I + 1
C....CALL SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE PSEUDO FIELDS.
CALL EQUAT(F1,F2,F3,F4,F5,F6,F7,F8,F9,F10,F11,F12,F13,F14,F15,F16,
1 F17,F18,F19,F20,F21,F22,F23,F24,F25,F26,X,P1,P2,P3,P4,
2 P5,P6,P7,P8,P9,P10,P11,P12,P13,P14,P15,P16,CYC L
C....MOVE PSEUDO FIELD DATA INTO OUTPUT BUFFER.
600 DO 620 IP = 1,16
610 FEDO(I) = P(IP)
620 I = I + 1
C....SET UP INDICES FOR NEXT CYCLE.
700 J = IXX + 1 + LP
IXX = (J-1)+1C
740 L = 1
C....WRITE OUTPUT BUFFER ON PSEUDO FIELD DATA TAPE.
800 I = I - 1
810 WRITE TAPE IPSEDO, I1,I,IBATT,(FEDO(J),J=1,I)
C....TEST IF MORE DATA EXISTS ON INPUT DATA TAPE.
820 IF (I1) 830,400,830
830 END FILE IPSEDO
REWIND IRETR
840 REWIND IPSEDO
CALL EXIT
C....IMPROPER INPUT DATA TAPE HAS BEEN MOUNTED. WRITE ERROR STATEMENT.
900 PRINT 910
910 FORMAT(80H1 IMPROPER INPUT DATA TAPE HAS BEEN MOUNTED. MOUNT PROPE
1K TAPE AND PUSH START.
920 PAUSE
930 GO TO 120
END
```

**2c. Control Card Flow Subroutine Used in Pseudo Generator Routine  
Data Listing Routine, Statistical Analysis Routine,  
and Printed Plot Routine**

**Flow Charts and Source Statements**

2c. Control Card Flow Subroutine Used in Pseudo Generator Routine  
Data Listing Routine, Statistical Analysis Routine, and Printed Plot Routine  
Flow Charts and Source Statements (Continued)

```
-----CCARD-----  
SUBROUTINE CCARD(ICD,IRNG)  
DIMENSION ICD(43),IBAT(15),IFIELD(30),IRNG(19)  
10 = 3  
IRNG(19) = 0  
K1 = 0  
DO 23 I = 2,13  
IF (ICD(11) = 24,23,24  
24 K1 = K1 +1  
IBAT(K1) = 1-2  
23 CONTINUE  
C.... LOCATE FIELDS REQUESTED  
K2 = 0  
IF (ICD(42) = 3,4,3  
3 III=21  
GO TO 5  
4 III=20  
5 DO 99 I=III,96  
IF (ICD(I) = 31,32,31  
91 K2 = K2 +1  
IFIELD(K2) = ICD(I)  
99 CONTINUE  
32 IF (K2) = 40,38,40  
C.... ALL FIELDS ARE TO BE SELECTED  
38 IF (ICD(11) = 35,34,35  
C.... OUTCARD  
34 J=15  
GO TO 36  
C.... FNDCARD  
35 J = 26  
36 DO 37 K2 = 1, J  
IFIELD(K2) = K2  
37 CONTINUE  
40 IGVG = ICD(14)  
IF (ICD(11) = 42,41,42  
41 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 917  
GO TO 43  
42 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 916  
43 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 903,(IBAT(I),I=1,K1)  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 904, IGVG  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 905, ICD(15),ICD(16)  
IF (ICD(17) = 45,44,45  
44 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 906  
GO TO 46  
45 IF (ICD(17)-2) = 511,510,511  
510 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 949  
GO TO 46  
511 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 907  
46 IF (ICD(11) = 54,47,54  
47 IF (ICD(18) = 11,49,40,49  
48 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 908  
GO TO 54  
49 IF (ICD(18)) = 51,50,51  
50 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 911  
GO TO 54  
51 IF (ICD(18) = 2,) = 53,52,53
```

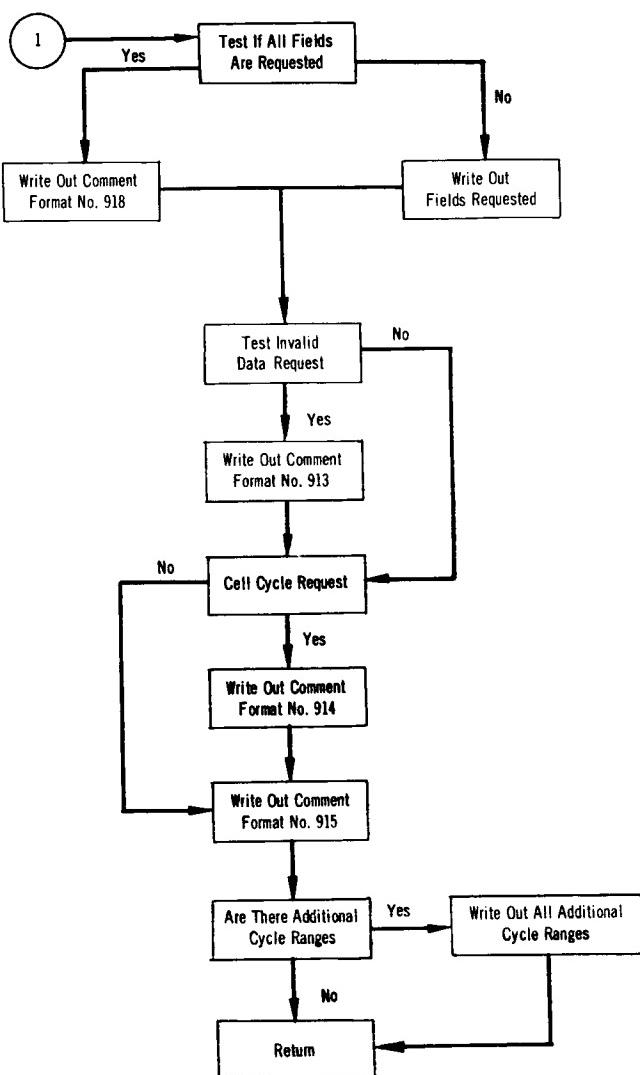
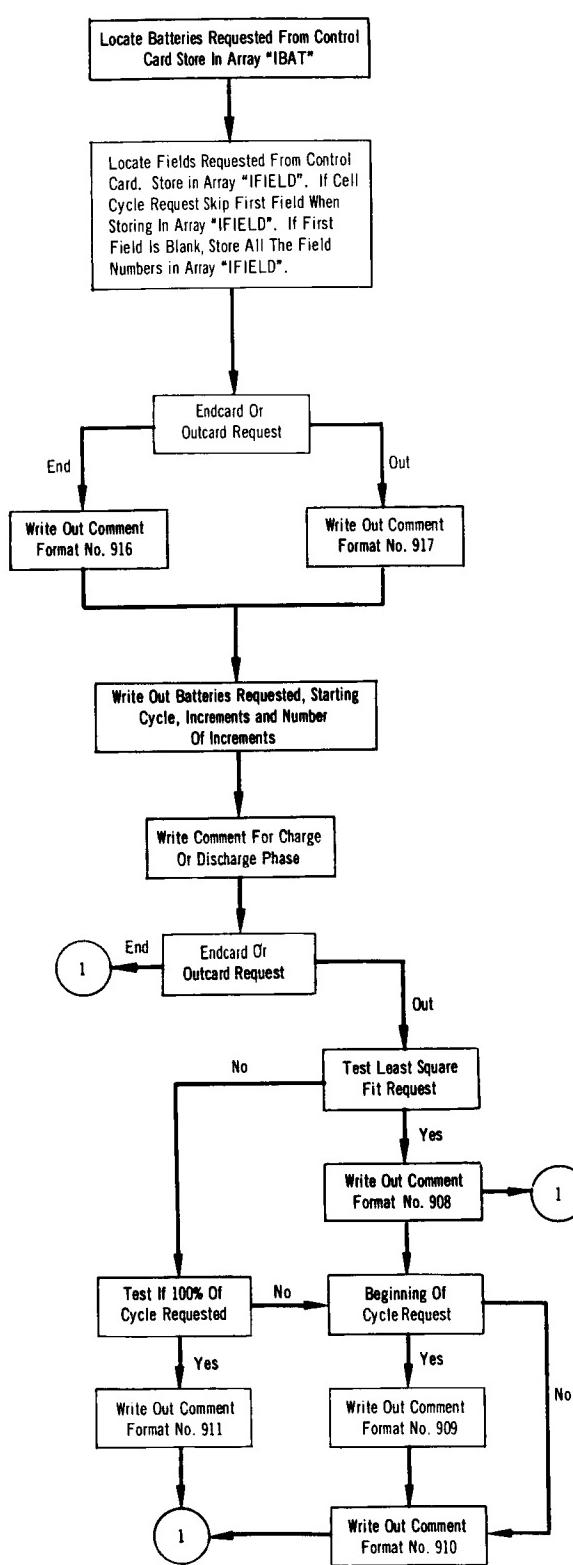
**2c. Control Card Flow Subroutine Used in Pseudo Generator Routine  
 Data Listing Routine, Statistical Analysis Routine, and Printed Plot Routine  
 Flow Charts and Source Statements (Continued)**

```

--CCARD
52  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 909, ICD(19)
    GO TO 54
53  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 910, ICD(19)
54  IF(ICD(20) 156,55,56
55  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 910
    GO TO 57
56  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 912, {IFFIELD(I),I=1,K2}
57  IF(ICD(41) 58,59,58
58  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 913
59  IF(ICD(42) 60,61,60
60  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 914, ICD(20)
61  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 915, ICD(42)
    IF(ICD(40) 63,62,63
63  I = 1
64  ICR = 2
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 955, ICR, IRNG(I), IRNG(I+1), IRNG(I+2)
    I = I+3
    ICR = ICR + 1
    IF(IRNG(I) 64,62,64
62  RETURN
903  FORMAT (1H05X,23HBATTERYS REQUESTED ARE 1214)
904  FORMAT (6X,21HSTARTING CYCLE NO IS 14)
905  FORMAT (6X,13HINCREMENT IS 13.22H NUMBER OF INCREMENTS 14)
906  FORMAT (6X,12HCHARGE PHASE)
907  FORMAT (6X,15HDISCHARGE PHASE)
908  FORMAT (6X,36HLEAST SQUARE FIT ON REQUESTED FIELDS)
909  FORMAT (6X,6HFIRST 12,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
910  FORMAT (6X,5HLAST 12,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
911  FORMAT (6X,3H100 PER CENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
912  FORMAT (6X,16HFIELDS REQUESTED2214)
913  FORMAT (6X,22HINVALID DATA REQUESTED)
914  FORMAT (6X,35HCELL CYCLE REQUEST ON OUTCARD FIELDIS)
915  FORMAT (6X,11HEXPIRED DAY14)
916  FORMAT (6X,22HENDCARD DATA REQUESTED)
917  FORMAT (6X,22HOUTCARD DATA REQUESTED)
918  FORMAT (6X,20HALL FIELDS REQUESTED)
949  FORMAT (6X,26HCHARGE AND DISCHARGE PHASE)
955  FORMAT (1H06X,11HCYCLE RANGE12,16H STARTING CYCLE15,11H INCREMEN
    1T15,22H NUMBER OF INCREMENTS15)
    END(1.0,0,0,0,0,1.0,0,1.0,0,0,0,0,0,0)

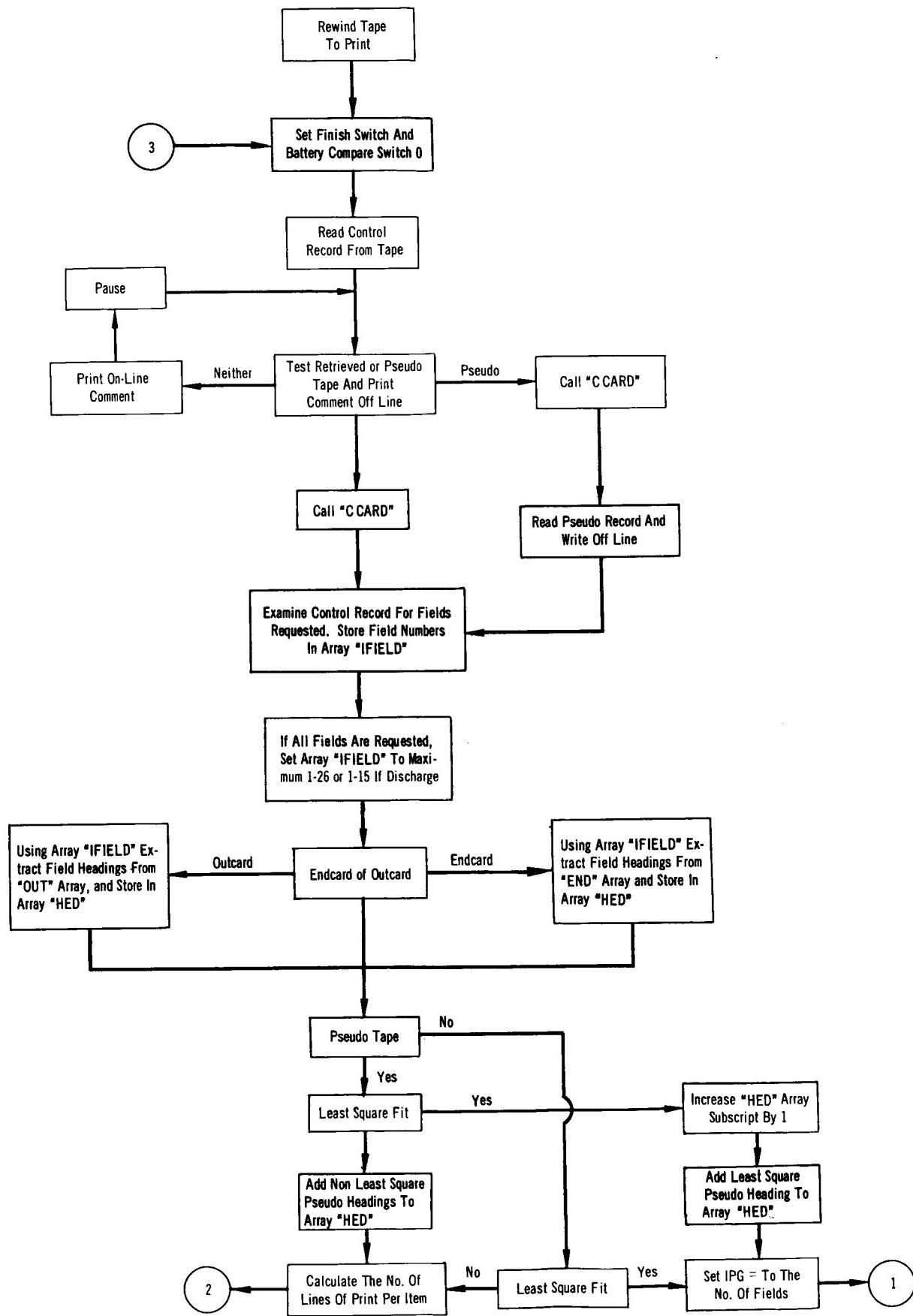
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**2c. Control Card Flow Subroutine Used in Pseudo Generator Routine,  
Data Listing Routine, Statistical Analysis Routine, and Printed Plot Routine  
Flow Charts and Source Statements**

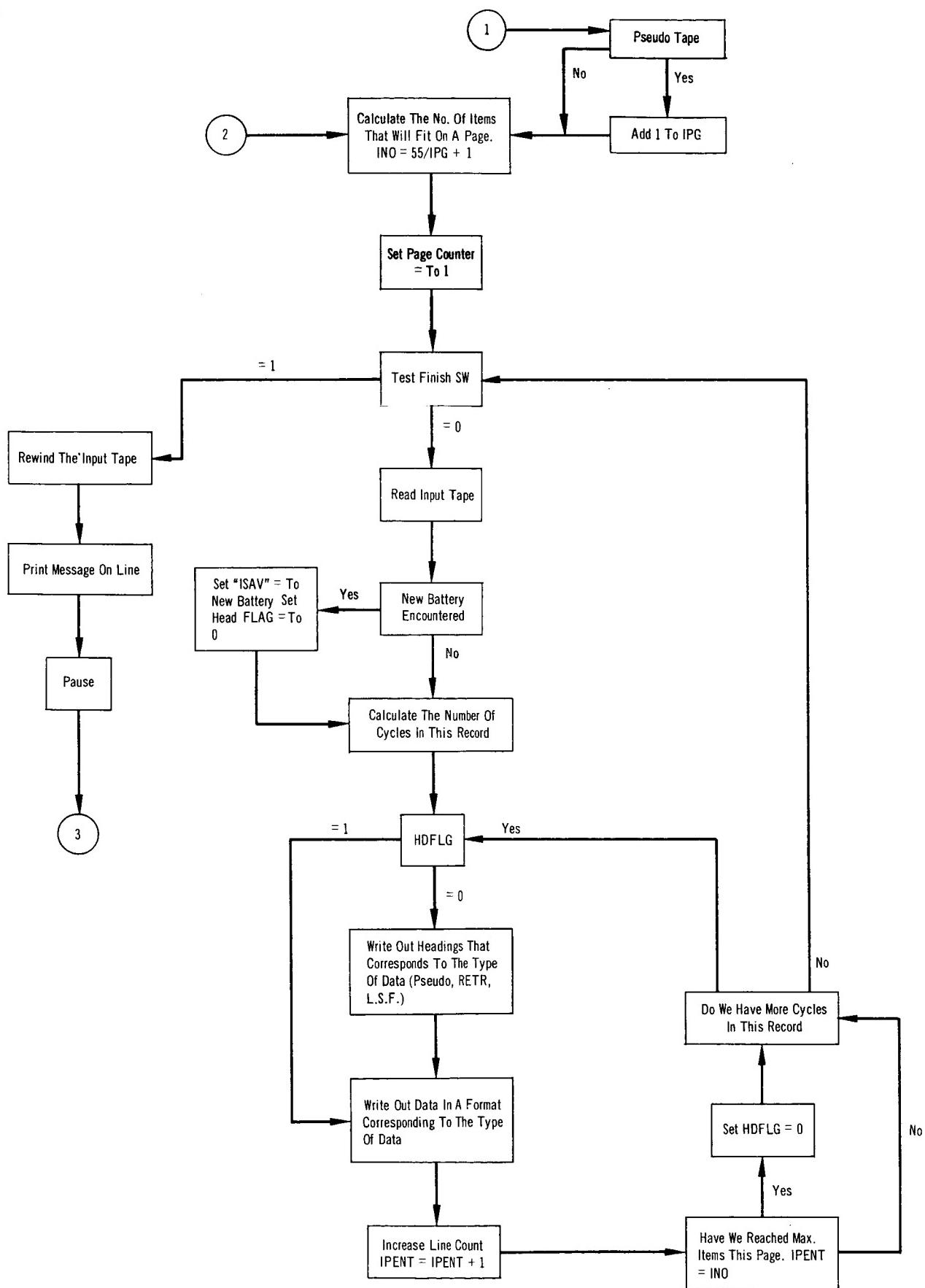


**3. Data List Routine Flow Charts**

### 3a. Data List Routine Flow Charts



### 3a. Data List Routine Flow Charts (Continued)



## 3b. Data List Routine Source Statements

```
* LIST8
* CARDS COLUMN
* SYMBOL TABLE
* FORMAP
* LABEL
CPRINT
C GENERALIZED PRINT PROGRAM WHICH WILL PRINT RETRIEVED OR PSEUDO
C GENERATED TAPES
DIMENSION FND(25),OUT(15),PPS(1200),PP(16),IFIDL(26),DATA(4500) 1
1 HED(42),ICD(43),IRNG(19) 1
EQUIVALENCE (FR,IR),(FP,IP)
IREQ = 0
IO = 3
IPRT = 19
C FND CARD HEADINGS
END(1) =6HTI DUR
END(2) =6HAMP MI
END(3) =6HWAT MI
END(4) =6H E_EFF
END(5) =6H AMP HI
FND(6) =6H WAT HI
END(7) =6HAV CUR
END(8) =6HMI CUR
END(9) =6HMX CUR
END(10)=6HAV PWR
END(11)=6HMI PWR
END(12)=6HMX PWR
END(13)=6H C_EFF
END(14)=6HE/I_R
END(15)=6HCYC 0
END(16)=6HCYC 1
END(17)=6HCYC 2
END(18)=6HCYC 3
END(19)=6HCYC 4
END(20)=6HCYC 5
FND(21)=6HCYC 6
END(22)=6HCYC 7
END(23)=6HCYC 8
END(24)=6HCYC 9
END(25)=6HMX VAR
END(26)=6HR TIME
C OUTCARD HEADINGS
OUT(1) =6H TIME
OUT(2) =6HD TIME
OUT(3) =6HAV PWR
OUT(4) =6H CUR
OUT(5) =6HPRESS
OUT(6) =6H V 0
OUT(7) =6H V 1
OUT(8) =6H V 2
OUT(9) =6H V 3
OUT(10)=6H V 4
OUT(11)=6H V 5
OUT(12)=6H V 6
OUT(13)=6H V 7
OUT(14)=6H V 8
OUT(15)=6H V 9
FR =6H$$$$$R
```

## 3b. Data List Routine Source Statements - (Continued)

```
FP = 6H$$$$$P  
PPP=6HP1-8  
PPPP = 6HP9-16  
PP(1) = 6H P1  
PP(2) = 6H P2  
PP(3) = 6H P3  
PP(4) = 6H P4  
PP(5) = 6H P5  
PP(6) = 6H P6  
PP(7) = 6H P7  
PP(8) = 6H P8  
PP(9) = 6H P9  
PP(10) = 6H P10  
PP(11) = 6H P11  
PP(12) = 6H P12  
PP(13) = 6H P13  
PP(14) = 6H P14  
PP(15) = 6H P15  
PP(16) = 6H P16  
C READ FIRST RECORD CONTROL INFORMATION  
1 REWIND IPRT  
IFIN = 0  
ISAV = 99  
READ TAPE IPRT,IFLG, (ICD(I),I=1,43)  
IREQ = IREQ+1  
IF(ICD(40)) 34,33,34  
34 READ TAPE IPRT,(IRNG(18),J8=1,18) 1  
C RETRIEVED OR PSEUDO  
33 IF (IFLG = 1R) 31,30,31  
30 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 900, IREQ  
CALL CCARD (ICD,IRNG) 1  
GO TO 41  
31 IF (IFLG = IR) 32,40,32  
C INCORRECT TAPE  
32 PRINT 901  
PAUSE  
GO TO 33  
40 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,902, IREQ  
CALL CCARD (ICD,IRNG) 1  
C READ PSEUDO CARDS AND WRITE OFF LINE  
READ TAPE IPRI,INO, (PPS(I),I=1,INO)  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 903  
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 904, (PPS(I), I=1,INO)  
C DETERMINE WHICH FIELDS ARE USED IN ORDER TO SET UP FIELD HEADINGS  
41 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,915  
K2 = 0  
IF(ICD(42)) 3,4,3  
3 II1=21  
GO TO 5  
4 II1=20  
5 DO 45 J=II1,36  
IF(ICD(I)) 46,47,46  
46 K2 = K2+1  
IFIELD(K2) = ICD(I)  
45 CONTINUE  
47 IF(K2) 55,48,55  
C ALL FIELDS ARE TO BE SELECTED  
48 IF(ICD(1)) 50,49,50
```

### 3b. Data List Routine Source Statements (Continued)

```
C      OUTCARD
49    J = 15
      GO TO 51
C      ENDCARD
50    J = 26
51    DO 52 K2=1, J
      IFIELD(K2) = K2
52    CONTINUE
      K2=K2-1
C      SETUP FORMATS AND CALCULATE THE NO. OF ITEMS PER PAGE
55    DO 65 I=1, K2
      I = I
      IA = IFIELD(I)
      IF(ICD(1))61,62,61
61    HED(I)=END(IA)
      GO TO 65
62    HED(I) = OUT(IA)
65    CONTINUE
      I=I-1
      IPG = 0
C      TEST PSEUDO AND NOT L.S.F.
      IF(IFLG - IP) 77,70,77
70    IF(ICD(38) - 1) 71,76,71
C      YES . ADD P HEADINGS TO HED(I)
71    DO 75 J=1,16
      1
72    I = I+1
      HED(I)=PP(J)
75    CONTINUE
C      CALCULATE ITEMS PER PAGE
78    I1 = I
80    IF(I1 -8) 81,81,79
79    IPG = IPG +1
      I1 = I1 -8
      GO TO 80
81    IPG = IPG +1
      GO TO 83
C      TEST: L.S.F.
77    IF(ICD(38) - 1) 78,74,78
76    HED(I+1) = PPP
      HED(I+2) = PPPP
      1
74    IPG = K2
      IF(IFLG - IP) 83,82,83
82    IPG = IPG + 2
      1
C      CALC. NO OF ITEMS PER PAGE. NON L.S.F. COUNT INCLUDES HEADING
83    INQ = 55 / (IPG + 1)
C      READ DATA
88    IPAG = 1
89    IF(IFIN)140,87,140
87    READ TAPE IPRT,IFIN,ICNT,IBAT, (DATA(L1),L1=1,ICNT)
      IF(IBAT-ISAV) 84,85,84
84    ISAV=IBAT
      HDFLG=0
85    LP=0
      LX = 0
      II = 1
      IF(IFLG - IP) 91,90,91
90    LP = 16
      1
91    IF(ICD(38) - 1) 93,92,93
```

### 3b. Data List Routine Source Statements (Continued)

```
92    LX = 1
      II = 5
      J5 = K2 * II + 1 + LX + LP
93    KCY = ICNT / ((K2 * II) + 1 + LX + LP)
      IF (ICD(38) - 1) .94,110,94
94    J1 = 1
      J3 = 2
      J8 = K2 + LP + 1
      J4 = J8
      DO 100   KK = 1 , KCY
      IF (.HDFLG) .96,95,96
95    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,905, IPAG
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,906, (HED(K),K=1,I)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,913
      IPAG = IPAG + 1
      IPCNT = 1
C     WRITE DATA
      HDFLG = 1
96    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,908,IBAT,DATA(J1),(DATA(J2),J2=J3,J4)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,913
      J1 = J1+J8
      J3=J3+J8
      J4=J4+J8
      IPCNT = IPCNT + 1
      IF (IPCNT = INO) .100,97,100
97    HDFLG = 0
100   CONTINUE
      GO TO 89
C     SETUP LEAST SQUARE HEADINGS .
110   J1 = 1
      J2 = 2
      J4 = 3
      J6 = 7
      DO 130   KK = 1 , KCY
      IF (.HDFLG) .112,111,112
111   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,905, IPAG
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,909
      IPAG = IPAG + 1
      HDFLG = 1
      IPCNT = 0
C     WRITE DATA
112   J7 = 1
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,910,IBAT,DATA(J1),HED(1),(DATA(J3),J3=J4,J6),
      1DATA(J2)
      IF (J7 = K2) .113,117,113
113   J7 = J7+1
      J6 = J6 + 5
      J4 = J4 + 5
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,911, HED(J7), (DATA(J3),J3=J4,J6)
      GO TO 114
C     FIELDS COMPLETED TEST PSFUDO
117   IF( IFLG - IP ) 122,118,122
118   J6 = J6 + 8
      J7 = J7 + 1
      J4 = J4 + 5
      ICT = 0
102   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,912,HED(J7), (DATA(J3),J3=J4,J6)
      IF(ICT) 103,101,103
```

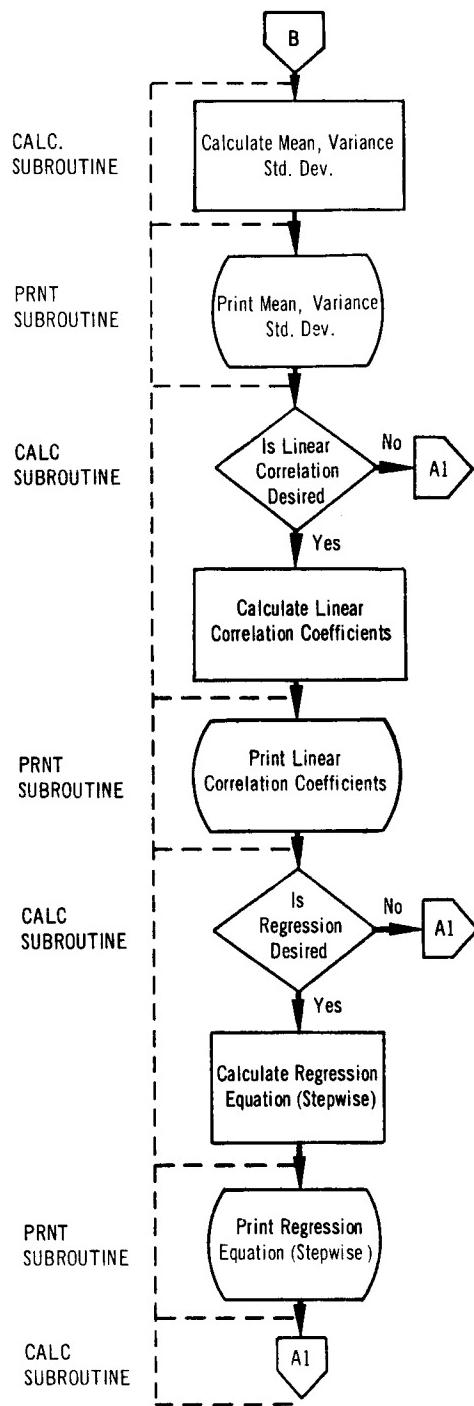
1  
1  
1

### **3b. Data List Routine Source Statements (Continued)**

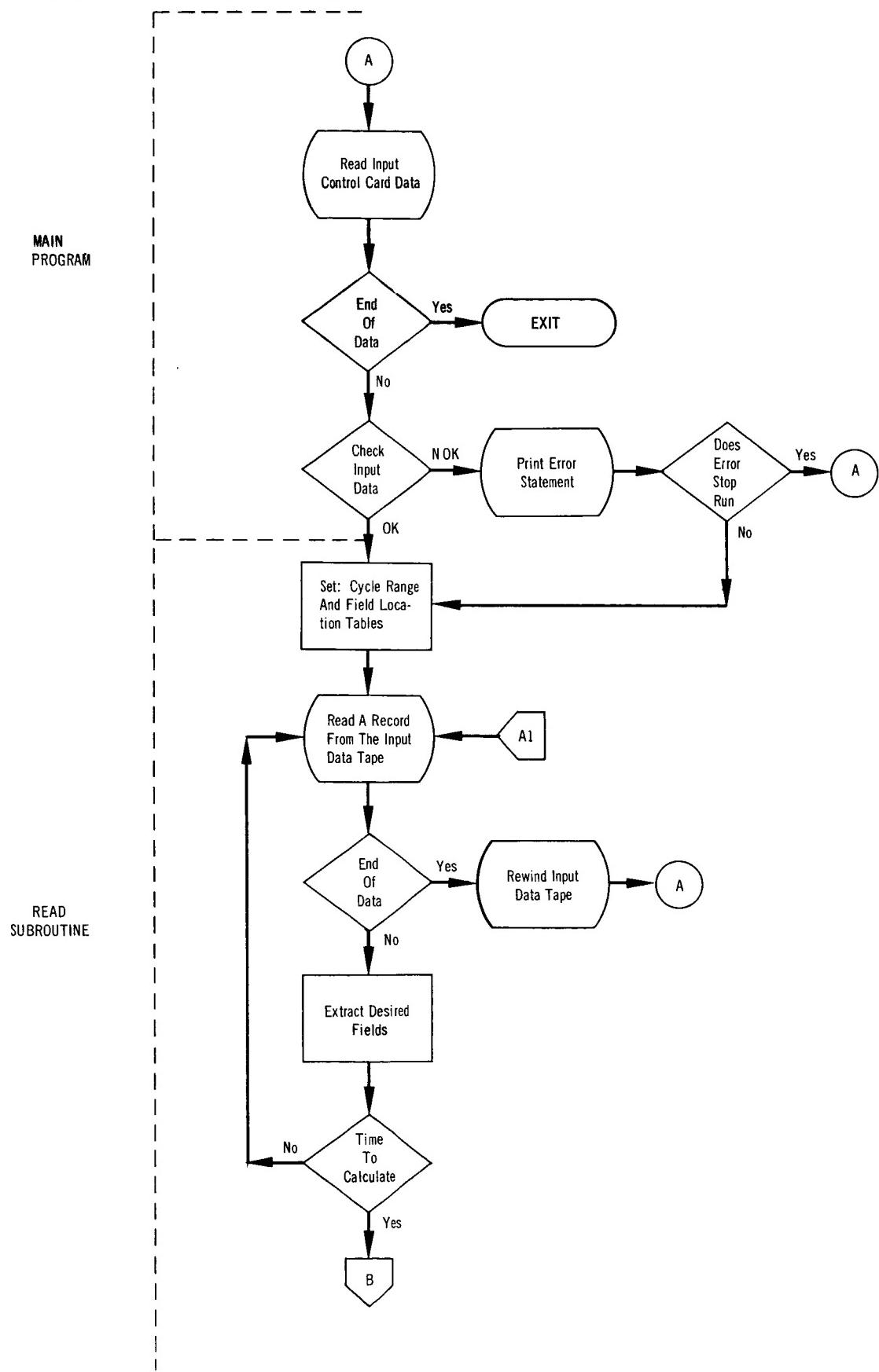
```
101   ICT = 1          1
      J6 = J6 + 8      1
      J4 = J4 + 8      1
      J7 = J7 + 1      1
      GO TO 102       1
103   J4 = J4 + 10     1
      GO TO 123       1
122   J4 = J4 + 7      1
123   J6 = J6 + 7      1
      J1 = J1 + J5
      J2 = J2 + J5
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10, 913
      IPCNT = IPCNT +1
      IF(IPCNT - INO) 130,124,130
124   HDELG = 0
130   CONTINUE
      GO TO 89
140   REWIND IPRT
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,914
      PRINT 920
      PAUSE
      GO TO 1
900   FORMAT (1H120X,11HREQUEST NO.14,36H. PRINT OUT OF A RETRIEVED DATA
      1 TAPE///)
901   FORMAT (6X5SHINCORRECT INPUT TAPE. MOUNT CORRECT TAPE AND PUSH STA
      1RT)
902   FORMAT (1H120X,11HREQUEST NO.14,43H. PRINT OUT OF A PSEUDO GENERAT
      1ED DATA TAPE///)
903   FORMAT (1H020X,31HPSEUDO SOURCE STATEMENTS FOLLOW//)
904   FORMAT (10X,12A6)
905   FORMAT (1H125X,13HB A T T E R Y11X, 7H T E S T11X, 7HD A T A34X,
      1 4HPAGE15//)
906   FORMAT (12H BATT CYC 1M14X,8(A6,8X),1H1/ 12X,1H24X,8(A6,8X),1H2/
      1 12X,1H34X,8(A6,8X),1H3/12X,1H44X,8(A6,8X),1H4/12X,1H54X,8(A6,8X),
      1 1H5/12X,1H64X,2(A6,8X))
908   FORMAT (2X,12, 15,3X1H1 1P8E14.5,4X,1H1/12X,1H28E14.5,4X,1H2/
      1 12X,1H38E14.5,4X,1H3/12X,1H48E14.5,4X,1H4/12X,1H58E14.5,4X,1H5/
      1 12X,1H62E14.5)
909   FORMAT (84H BATT CYC FLD NA SID DEV X3
      1X2 X C24X,10HTIME DUR//)
910   FORMAT (2X,I2,3X,15,2X,A6, 1P5E14.5,14X,E14.5)
911   FORMAT (14X,A6,1P5E14.5)
912   FORMAT (14X,A6,1P8E14.5)
913   FORMAT (18X)
914   FORMAT (1H120X,47H.....PRINT REQUEST COMPLETED.....)
915   FORMAT (1H020X,50HFIELDS NOT USED WILL HAVE THE VALUE 10 TO THE 36
      1TH)
920   FORMAT (5X,45HPUSH START IF ANOTHER TAPE IS TO BE PROCESSED)
      END
```

#### **4. Statistical Analysis Routine**

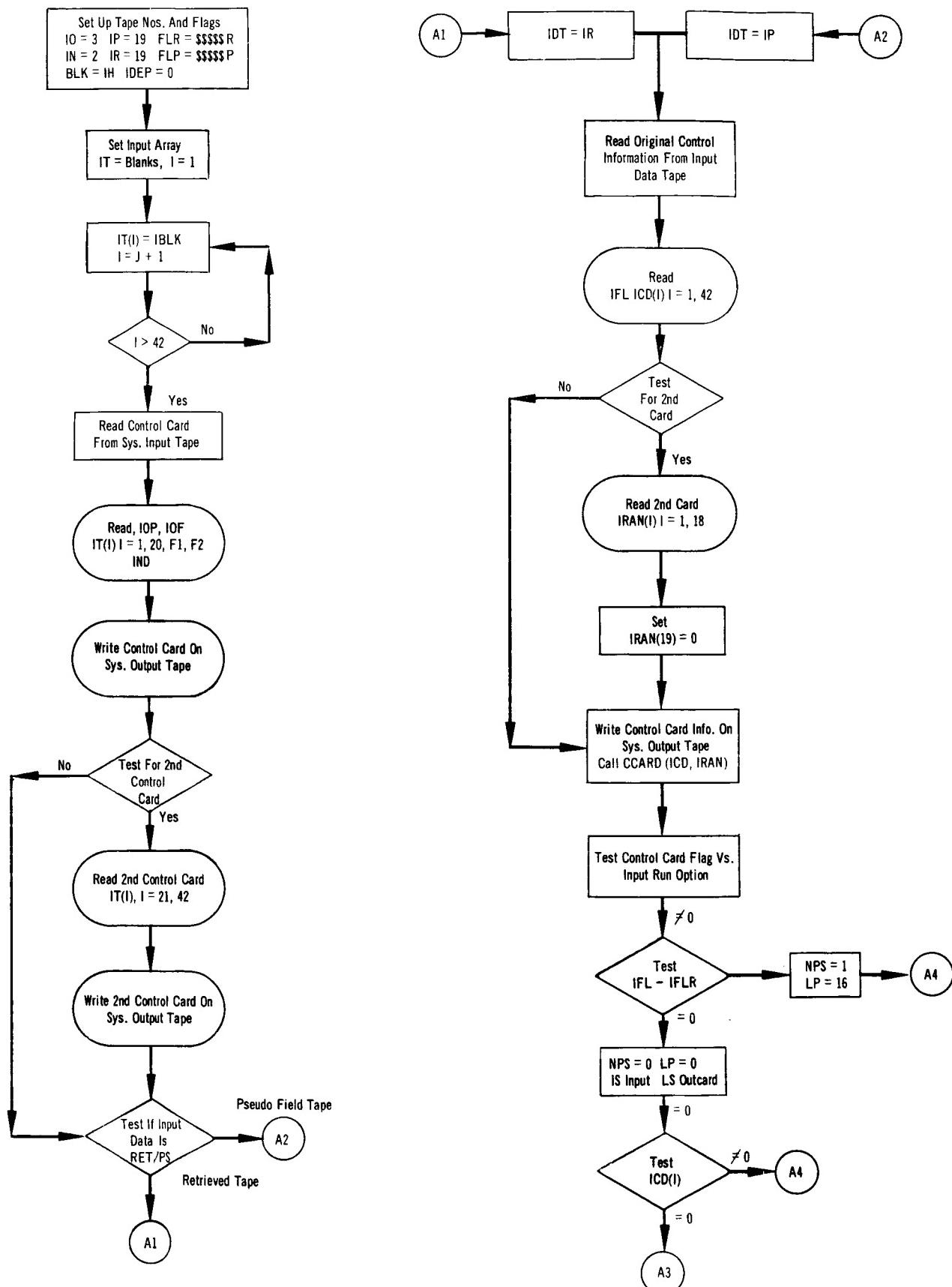
#### 4. General Flow Charts



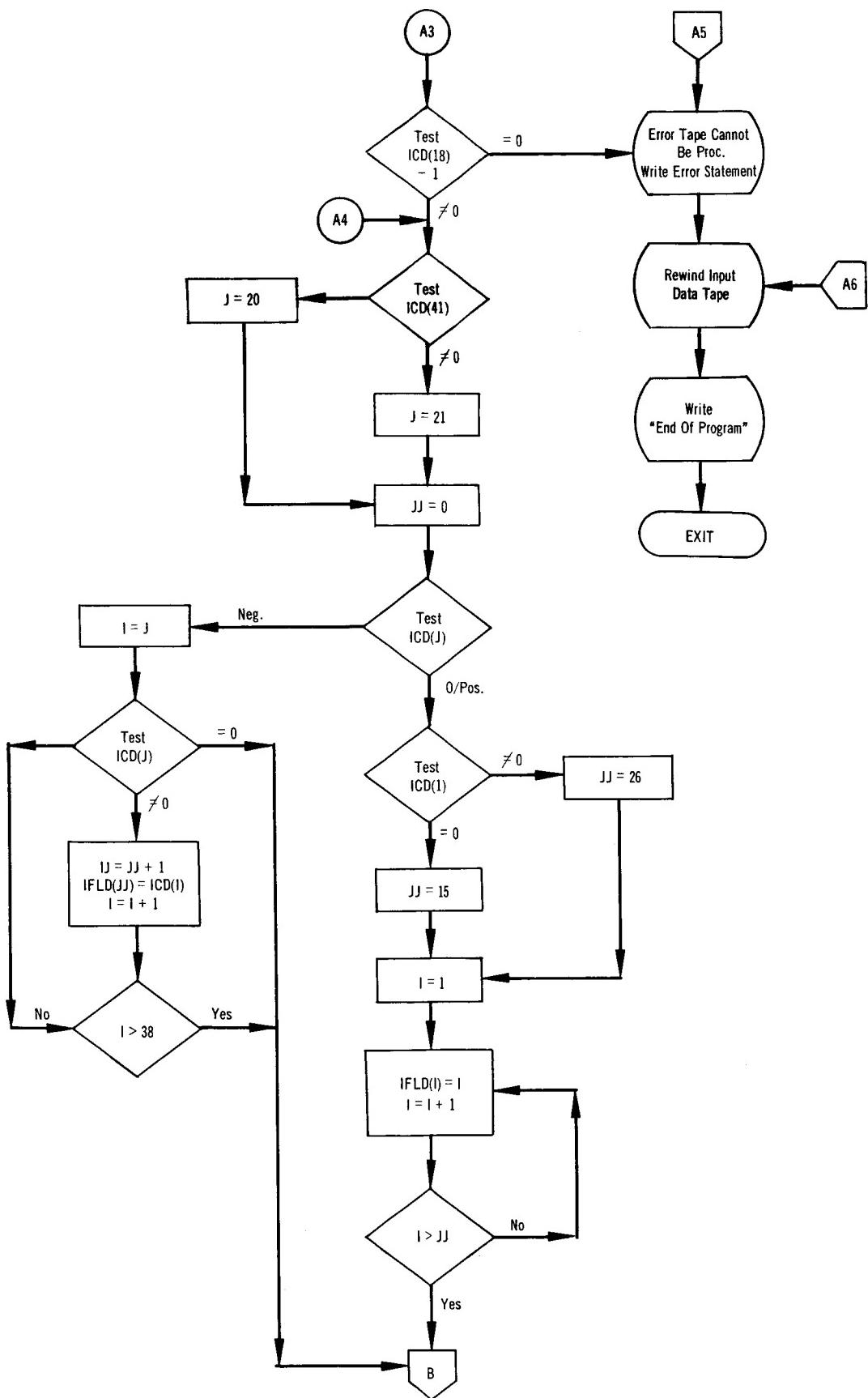
#### 4. General Flow Charts (Continued)



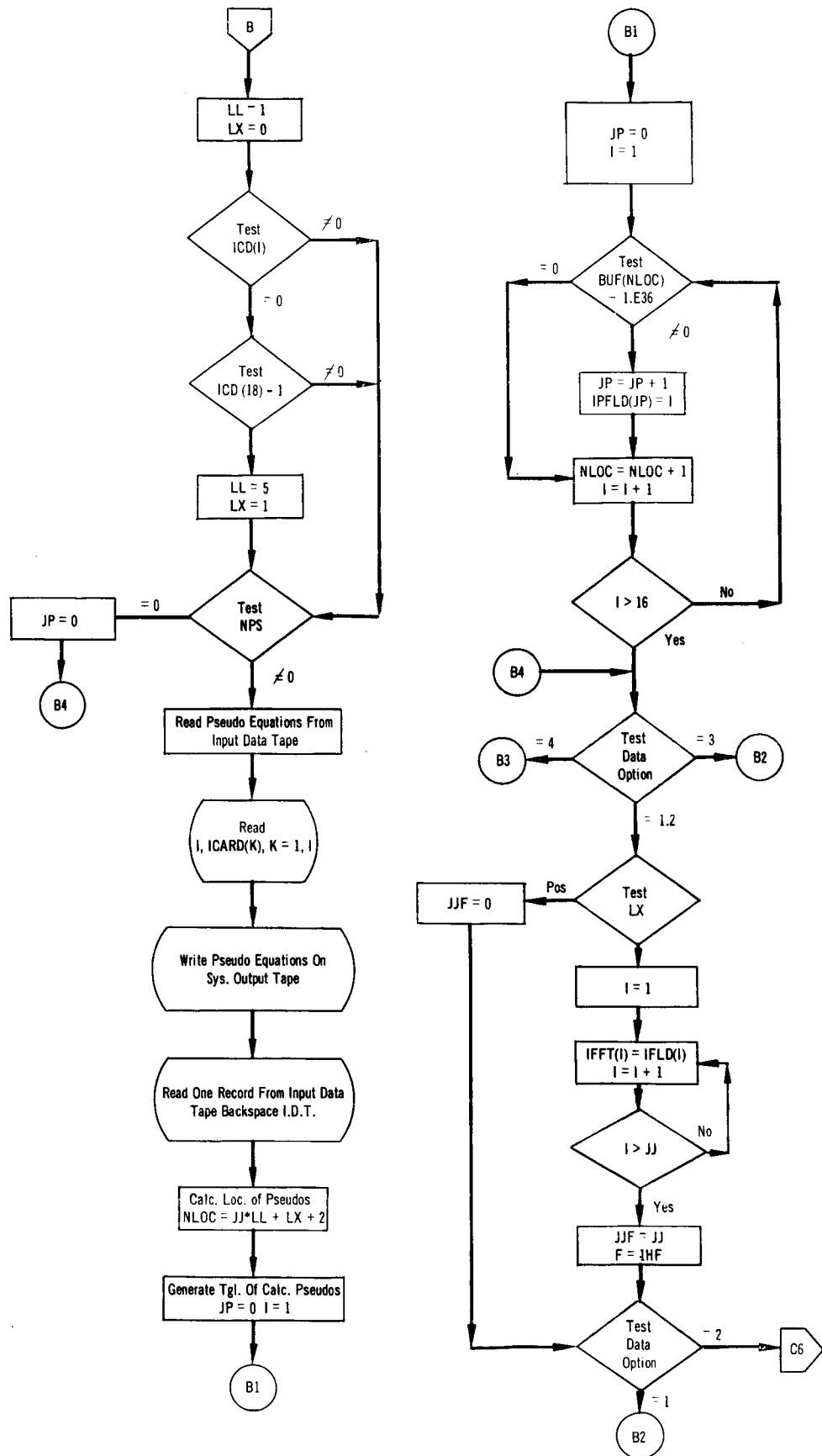
#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program



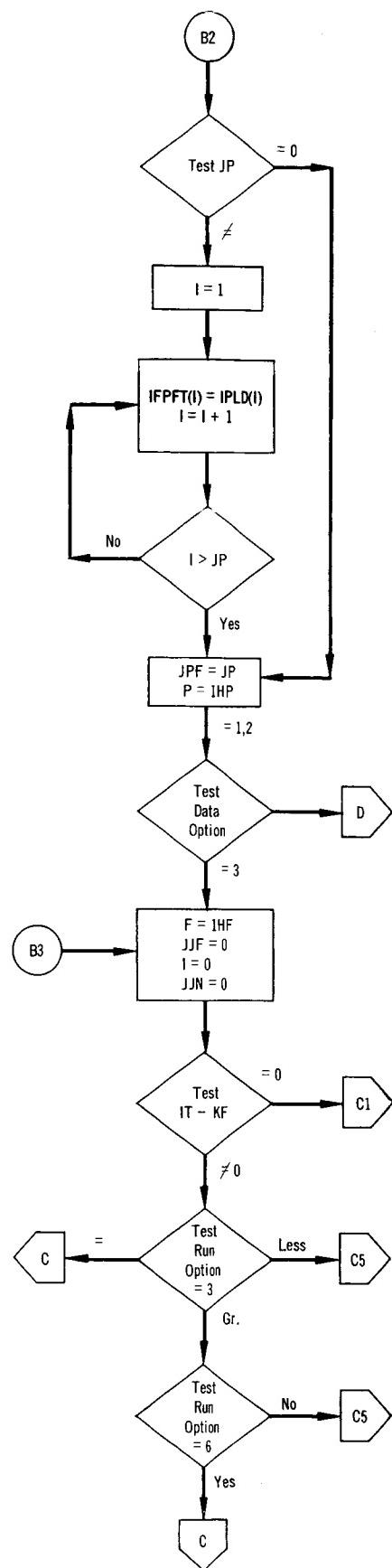
4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



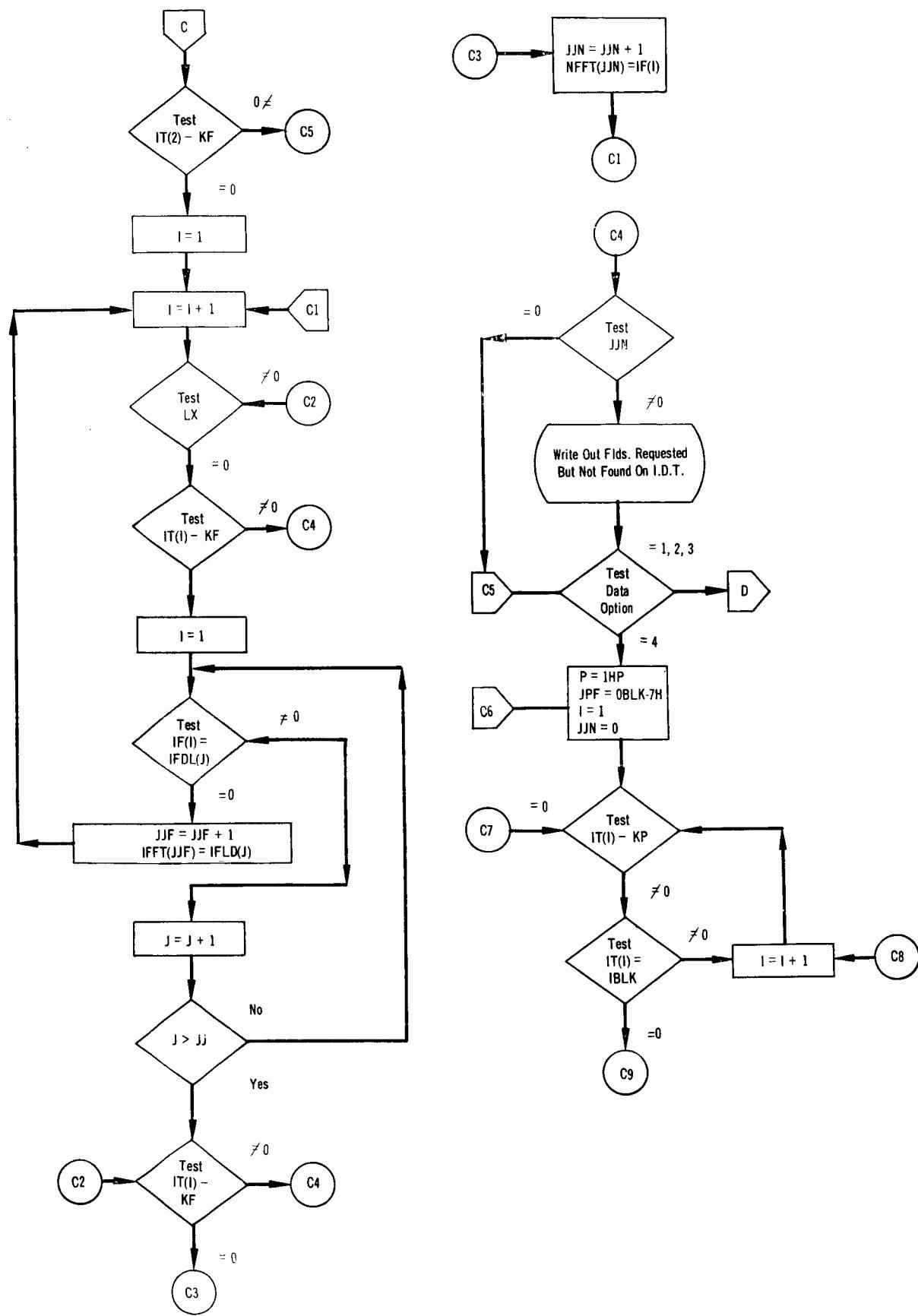
4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



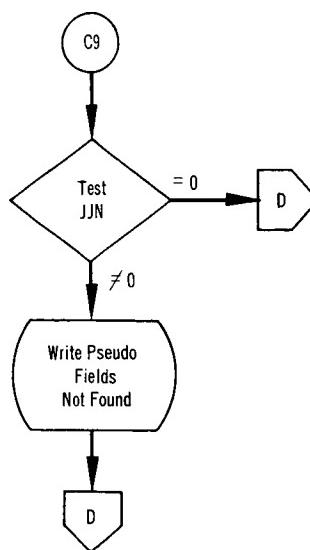
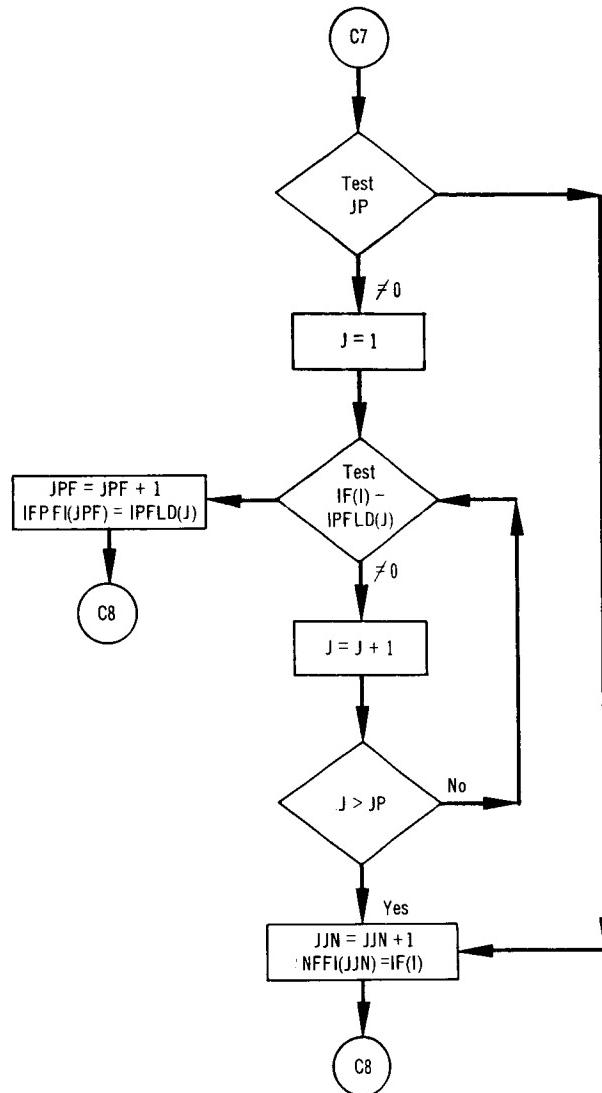
4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



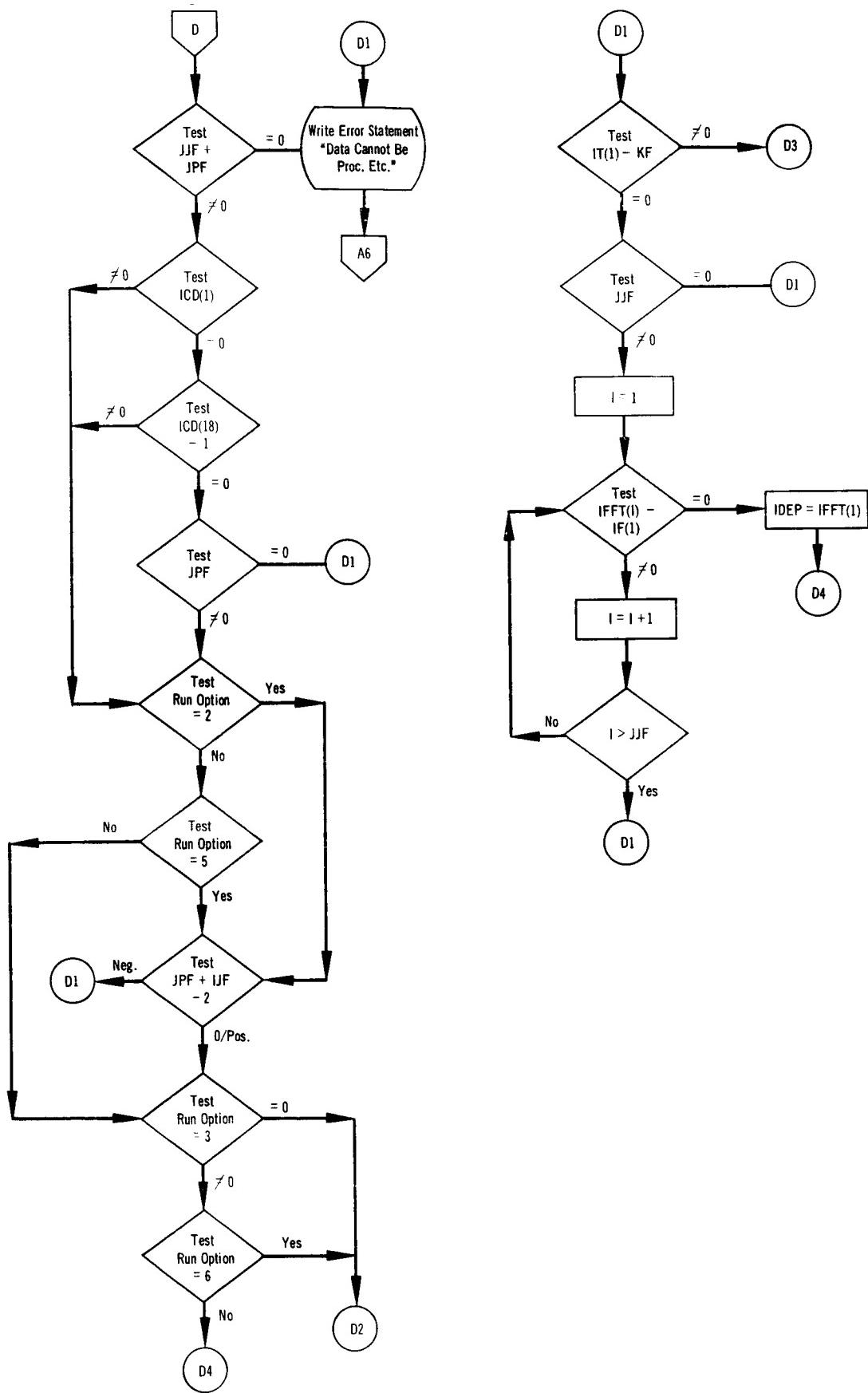
4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



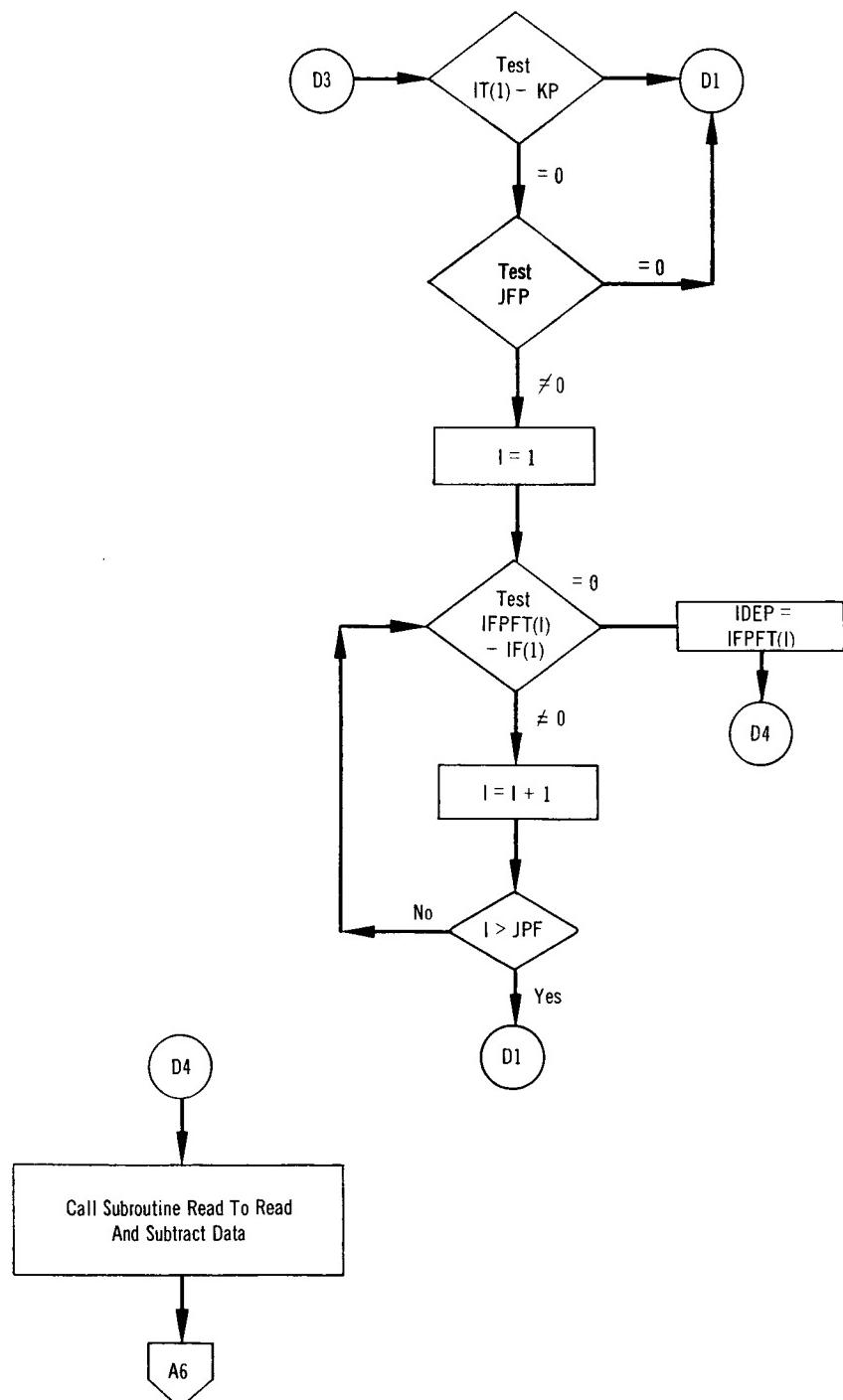
4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Charts – Main Program (Continued)



#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Main Program

```

* CARDS COLUMN
* SYMBOL TABLE
* LISTB
* LABEL
C MAIN PROGRAM FOR FINAL STAT. ANALYSIS ROUTINE.
COMMON BUF,IT,IF,ICD,ICARD,IFLD,IPFLD,IFFT,IPFFT,NFFT,END,P,F,BLK,
1 FLP,FLR,JJ,JP,JJE,JPF,IIDEP,IOP,IOF,F1,E2,IND,LL,LX,LP,IBATT,IL,
2 ICNT,KCYC,IRAN
COMMON JL,ICYC,R,BETA,SWTX,LCYC,MCYC,L,I,J,NRAN,IBAT,NBAT,11,12,
1 L3,K,KK,K2,K3,NOVAR,NOBS,NCYC,X,XBAR,SIGMA,SB,V,NM1,EMSQ,M,SUMWT,
2 TOL,SWITCH,SITCH,PHI,ISIP,SY,VMIN,VMAX,NMAX,NMIN,BETAZ,KMUL,JUMP,
3 FINK,FF,IPHI,II,JJN
COMMON LSCYC,YSY,ANN,TEMP,ITEM,ITEM2,IDL,IEL,IN,IO,IR,NLOC,NPS,
1 RHEH,HED,RBETA,RSH,END,OUT,PP,JA,IP,LC
DIMENSION BUF(4500),IT(42),IE(42),ICD(42),ICARD(1200),IFLD(42),
1 IPFLD(16),IFFT(42),IPFFT(42),NFFT(42),IRAN(19)
DIMENSION JL(42),ICYC(20),R(50,50),S(50,50),A(50,50),B(50,50),
1 C(50,50),X(50),XBAR(50),SB(50),SWTX(50),IBU(4500),BETA(50)
DIMENSION V(50),SIGMA(50),FF(50),HED(50),RHED(50),RBETA(50),
1 RSB(50),END(26),OUT(15),PP(16)
EQUIVALENCE (END,IEND),(ELP,IELP),(ELR,IELR),(F,KF),(P,KP),
1 (BLK,IBLK)
EQUIVALENCE (BUF,IBU),(R,S,A,B,C),(X,XBAR),(SWTX,SB)
C....SET UP TAPE NOS.
IO = 3
IN = 2
IP = 17
IR = 19
ELR = 6H$$$$$R
FLP = 6H$$$$$P
BLK = 1H
C....SET INPUT ARRAY IT = BLANKS.
1 DO 2 I=1,42
2 IT(I) = IBLK
1 IDEP = 0
C....READ CONTROL CARD FROM SYSTEM INPUT TAPE (IN).
READ INPUT TAPE IN,1000,IOP,IOF,(IT(I),IF(I)),I=1,20,F1,E2,IND
1000 FORMAT (2I1,1X,2G(A1,12),2F4.0,I1)
C....WRITE FIRST CONIRQL CARD ON SYS. OUTPUT TAPE (IO).
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1001, IOP,IOF,(IT(I),IF(I),I=1,20),F1,F2,IND
1001 FORMAT(20H1RUN,TYPE,,DATA,OPT,,24X,34HSPECIFIED FIELDS AND PSEUDO
1FIELDS,26X, 2HF1,4X,2HF2,6X,3HIND //4X,I1,9X,I1,7X,20(A1,I2,1X),
21X,F4.0,2X,F4.0,6X,I1)
IF (IOP-9) 5,4,5
4 CALL FINI
C....TEST FOR 2ND. CONTROL CARD.
5 IE (IND),110,110,100
100 READ INPUT TAPE IN,1002,(IT(I),IF(I),I=21,42)
1002 FORMAT(22(A1,I2))
C....WRITE 2ND CONTROL CARD ON SYS. OUTPUT TAPE (IO).
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1003,(IT(I),IF(I),I=21,42)
1003 FORMAT(//44X42HSPECIFIED FIELDS AND PSEUDO FIELDS (CONT.)//
1 22X,22(A1,12,1X))
C....DETERMINE IF INPUT DATA NO. IS 19 OR 17.
110 IF (IOP-3) 120,120,130
120 IDT = IR
GO TO 140
130 IDT = IP

```

#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements — Main Program (Continued)

```
C.....READ ORIGINAL CONTROL INFORMATION FROM INPUT DATA TAPE (IDT).
140 READ TAPE IDT, IFL, ICD
C.....TEST IF MORE CONTROL INFORMATION EXISTS.
IF(ICD(39)-1) 160,150,160
150 READ TAPE IDT, (IRAN(I), I=1,18)
IRAN(19) = 0
C.....WRITE CONTROL INFORMATION ON TAPE IO.
160 CALL CCARD (ICD, IRAN)
C.....TEST CONTROL INFO. FLAG VS. INPUT RUN OPTION
IF (IFL-IFLR) 180,170,180
170 NPS = 0
LP = 0
C.....TEST IF IDT IS OUTCARD L.S. TYPE.
IF (ICD(1)) 190,175,190
175 IF (ICD(18)-1) 190,176,190
C.....ERROR TAPE CANNOT BE PROCESSED.
176 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1904
1004 FORMAT(90HINPUT DATA TAPE IS OUTCARD LEAST SQ. WITHOUT PSEUDO FILE
1LDS, HENCE NO PROCESSING POSSIBLE.)
177 REWIND IDT
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1116
1116 FORMAT(1H0,32X,66H***** END OF STATISTICAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM 0
1LPUTPUT. ***** )
PRINT 1117
1117 FORMAT (40H0 PUSH START TO CONTINUE WITH NEXT RUN..)
PAUSE
GO TO 1
180 NPS = 1
LP = 16
C.....DETERMINE WHAT INFO. IS PRESENT ON IDT.
190 IF (ICD(41)) 210,200,210
200 J = 20
GO TO 220
210 J = 21
220 JJ = 0
IF (ICD(J)) 260,260,230
230 DO 250 I=J,38
IF(ICD(I)) 310,310,240
240 JJ = JJ +1
250 IFLD(JJ)= ICD(I)
GO TO 310
C.....DETERMINE IF IDT IS ENDCARD OR OUTCARD.
260 IF (ICD(1)) 270,280,270
270 JJ = 26
GO TO 290
280 JJ = 15
290 DO 300 I=1,JJ
300 IFLD(I) = I
C.....DETERMINE IF IDT IS L.S. TYPE.
310 LL = 1
LX = 0
IF (ICD(1)) 340,320,340
320 IF (ICD(18)-1) 340,330,340
330 LL = 5
LX = 1
C.....DOES IDT CONTAIN PSEUDO FIELDS.
340 IF (NPS) 341,410,341
C.....READ PSEUDO EQUATIONS FROM IDT.
```

#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Main Program (Continued)

```
341 READ TAPE IDT , I,(ICARD(K),K=1,I)
C.....WRITE PSEUDO EQUATIONS ON TAPE IO.
370 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1005,(ICARD(K),K=1,I)
1005 FORMAT(25HO PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS // (1X,12A6))
C.....READ ONE RECORD FROM IDT AND SET UP PSEUDO FIELD TABLE (IPFLD)
    READ TAPE IDT,I1,ICNT,IBAT,(BUF(I),I=1,ICNT)
    BACKSPACE IDT
C.....CALCULATE LOCATION OF PSEUDOS.
    NLOC = (J1*LL1)LY+2
C.....GENERATE TABLE OF CALCULATED PSEUDOS.
    JP = 0
    DO 400 I=1,16
    IF (BUF(NLOC)=1.E36) 380,390,380
380  JP = JP+1
    IPFLD(IP) = I
390  NLOC = NLOC +1
400  CONTINUE
    GO TO 420
410  JP = 0
C.....CHECK REQUESTED FIELDS VS. FIELDS ON IDT.
420  GO TO (421,421,440,460),IOF
C.....MOVE ALL FIELDS INTO FINAL FIELD TABLE (IFFT).
421  IE (LX1,423,423,422
422  JJF = 0
    GO TO 432
423  DO 430 I = 1,JJ
430  IFFT(I)=IFLD(I)
431  JJF = JJ
    E = 1HF
432  GO TO (440,540),IOF
C.....MOVE ALL PSEUDO FIELDS INTO FINAL PSEUDO FIELD TABLE (IPFFT).
440  IF (JP) 441,451,441
441  DQ 450 I =1,JP
    IPFFT(I)=IPFLD(I)
451  JPF = JP
    P = 1HP
    GO TO (620,620,460),IOF
C.....CHECK SPECIFIED FIELDS. MOVE SPECIFIED FIELDS INTO FINAL FIELD TB.
C.....PRINT LIST OF FIELDS REQUESTED BUT NOT FOUND ON IDT.
460  F = 1HF
    JJF = 0
    I = 0
    JUN = 0
    IF (IT-KF) 461,470,461
C.....IS RUN A MULTIPLE REGRESSION TYPE.
461  IF (IOP-3) 530,463,462
462  IE (IOP-6),530,463,530
463  IF (IT(2)-KF) 530,464,530
464  I = 1
470  I = I + 1
    IE (LX1,471,471,501
471  IF (IT(I)-KF) 510,480,510
480  DO 500 J=1,JJ
    IF ((IF(I)-IFLD(J)) 500,490,500
490  JJF = JJF +1
    IFFT(JJF)=IFLD(J)
    GO TO 470
500  CONTINUE
```

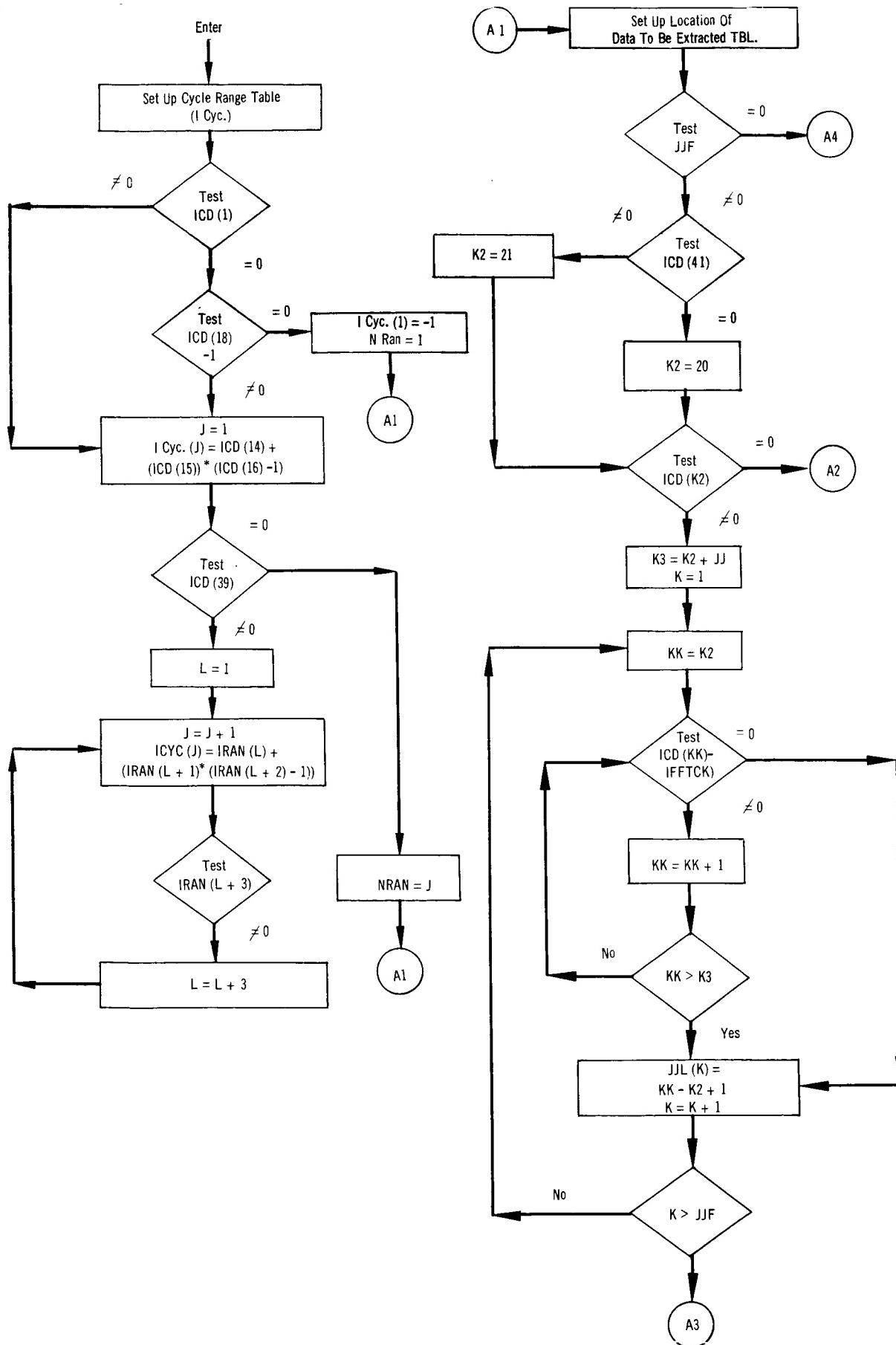
#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Main Program (Continued)

```
501 IF (IT(I)) = KE1 510,502,510
502 JJN = JJN + 1
      NFFT(JJN) = IF(I)
      GO TO 470
C.....LIST THOSE FIELDS NOT FOUND.
510 IF (JJN) 520,530,520
520 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1006, (NFFT(I),I=1,JJN)
1006 FORMAT (63HO THE FOLLOWING FIELDS WERE NOT FOUND ON THE INPUT DATA
1 TAPE.../ 2514 )
530 GO TO (620,620,620,540),IOF
C.....CHECK SPEC. PSEUDO FIELDS. MOVE SPEC. PSEUDOS INTO FINAL TABLE.
C.....PRINT LIST OF FIELDS REQUESTED BUT NOT FOUND ON IDT.
540 P = 1HP
      JPF = 0
      I = 1
      JJN = 0
      BLK = 1H
541 IF (IT(I)-KP) 550,570,550
550 IF (IT(I)-IBLK) 560,600,560
560 I = I +1
      GO TO 541
570 IF (JP) 571,591,571
571 DO 590 J = 1,JP
      IF (IF(I)- IPFLD(J)) 590,580,590
580 JPF = JPF+1
      IFPFT(JPF) = IPFLD(J)
      GO TO 560
590 CONTINUE
591 JJN = JJN + 1
      NFFT(JJN) = IF(I)
      GO TO 560
C.....LIST THOSE PSEUDOS NOT FOUND.
600 IF (JJN) 610,620,610
610 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1007, (NFFT(I),I=1,JJN)
1007 FORMAT (70HO THE FOLLOWING PSEUDO FIELDS WERE NOT FOUND ON THE INP
PUT DATA TAPE.../ 2514 )
C.....CAN ANY DATA BE PROCESSED.
620 IF (JJF + JPF ) 640,630,640
C.....NO DATA CAN BE PROCESSED. WRITE ERROR STATEMENT.
630 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1008
1008 FORMAT(43HO DATA CANNOT BE PROCESSED. RUN TERMINATED.)
      GO TO 177
C.....TEST IF ANY PSEUDOS ON OUTCARD L.S. TAPE.
640 IF (ICD(1)) 670,650,670
650 IF (ICD(18)-1) 670,660,670
660 IF (JPF ) 670,630,670
C.....CAN LINEAR CORRELATION BE RUN.
670 IF (IOP-2) 800,690,680
680 IF (IOP-4) 690,800,690
690 IF (JPF+JJF-2) 630,700,700
C.....CAN MULTIPLE REGRESSION BE RUN.
700 IF (IOP-3) 710,720,710
710 IF (IOP-6) 800,720,800
720 IF (IT(I)-KF) 760,730,760
730 IF (JJF) 731,630,731
731 DO 740 I = 1,JJF
      IF (IFFT(I)-IF(I)) 740,750,740
740 CONTINUE
```

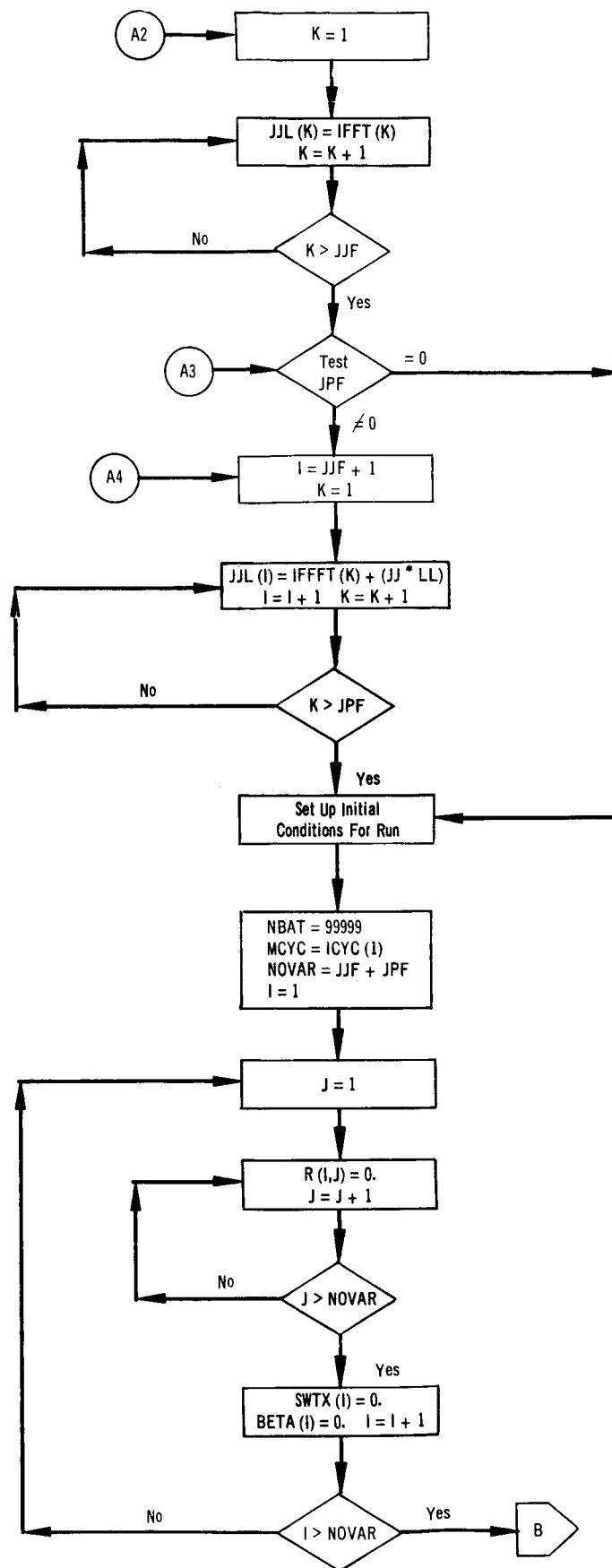
#### 4a. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Main Program (Continued)

```
      GO TO 630
750  IDEP = IFFT(I)
      GO TO 800
760  IF (IT(1)-KP) 630,770,630
770  IF (JPF) 771,630,771
771  DO 780 I = 1,JPF
      IF (IEPFT(I)- IF(1)) 780,790,780
780  CONTINUE
      GO TO 630
790  IDEP = IFPFT(I)
800  CALL READ
      GO TO 177
END
```

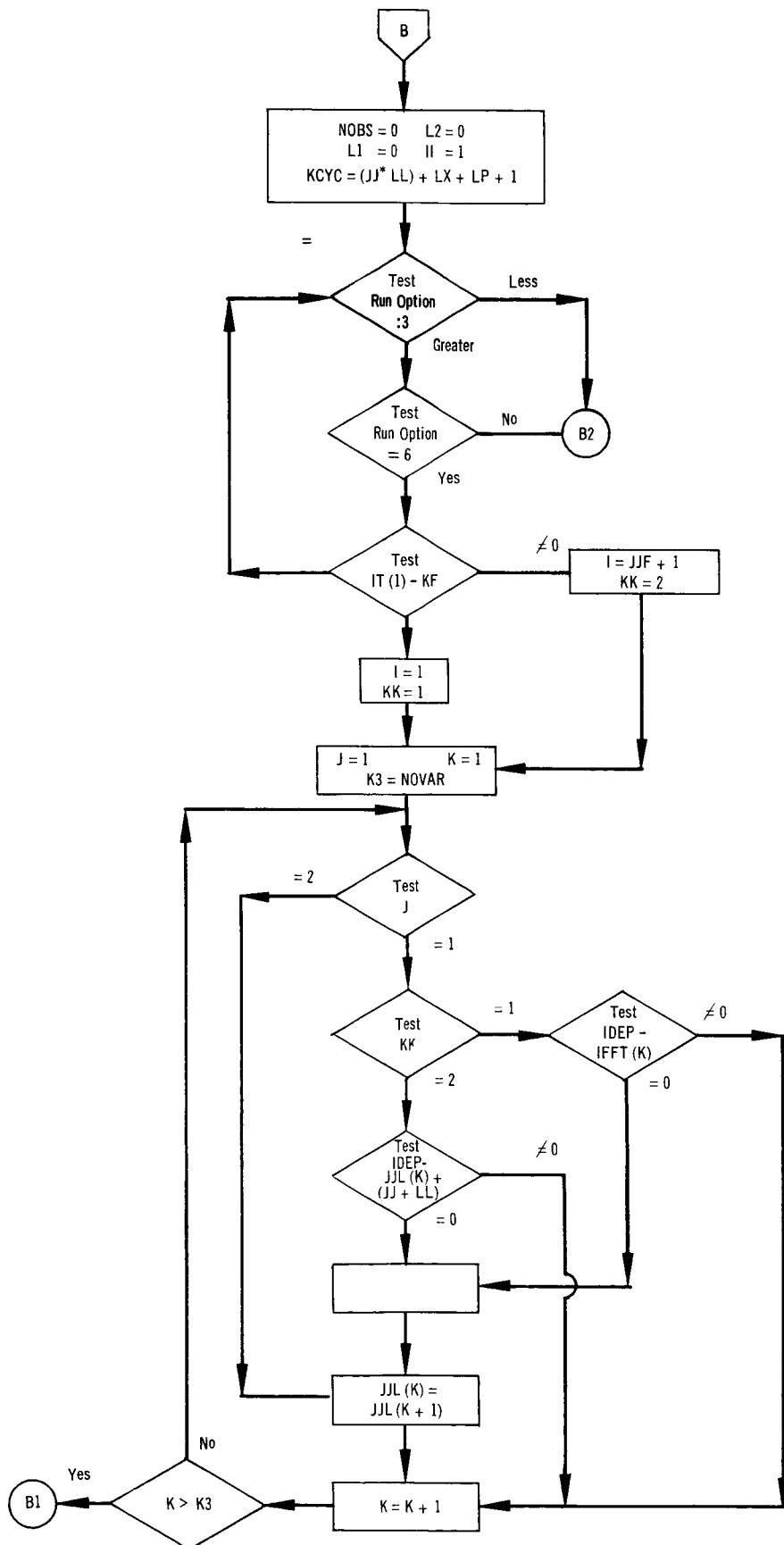
4b. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Chart - Subroutine Read



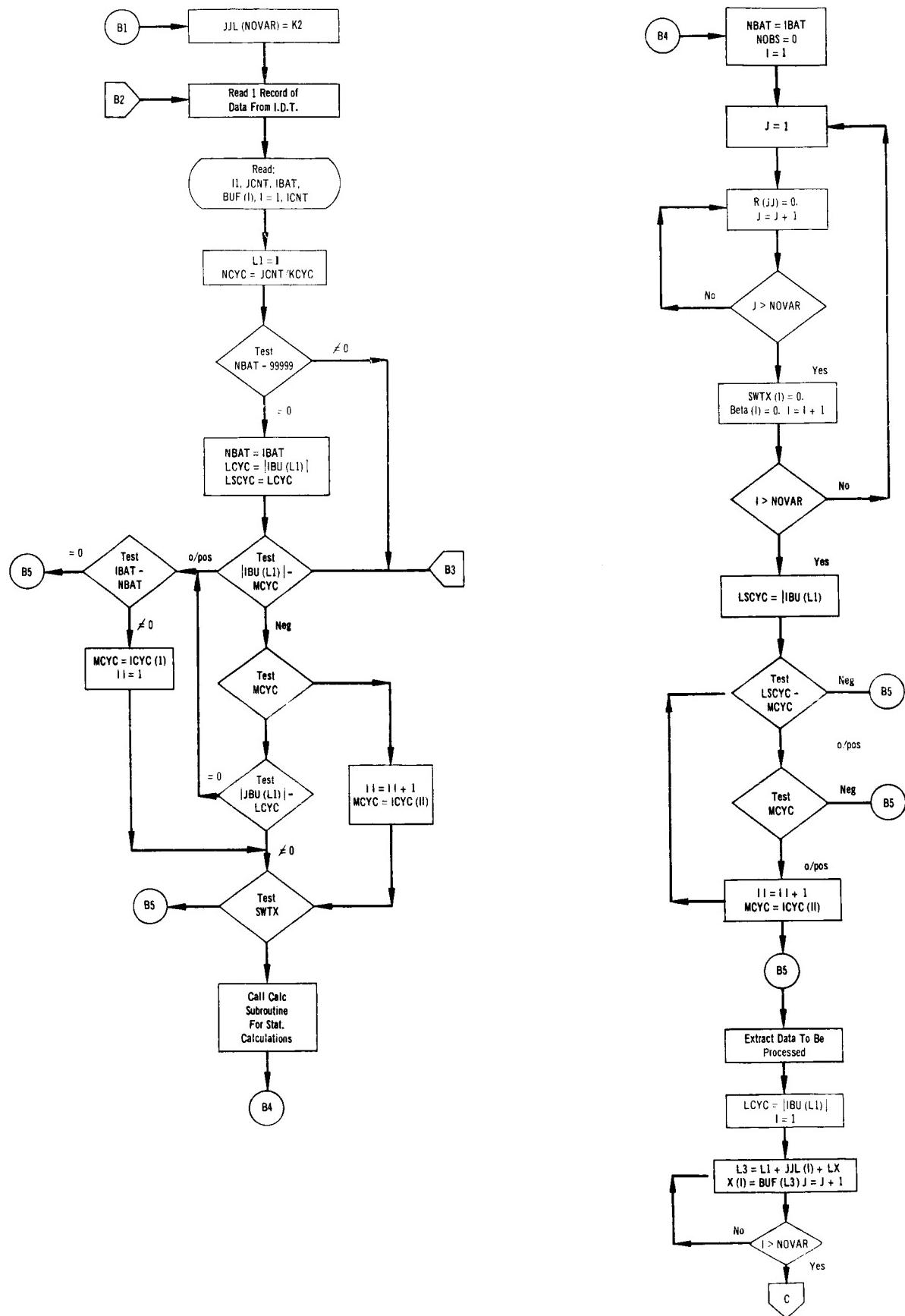
4b. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Read (Continued)



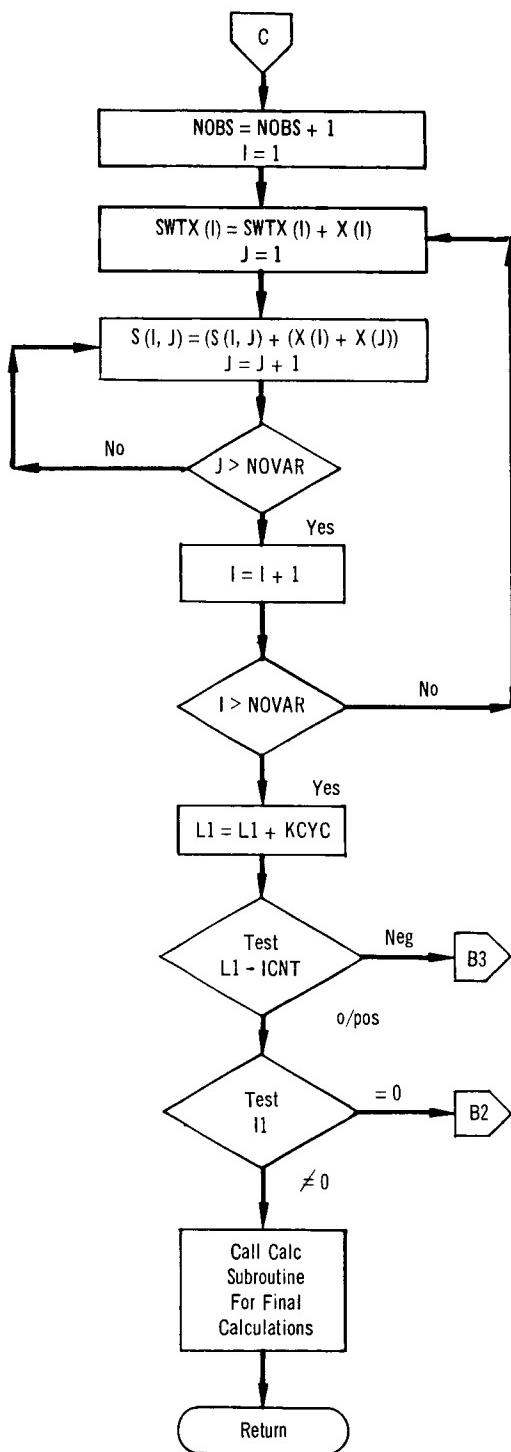
**4b. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Read (Continued)**



4b. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Read (Continued)



4b. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Read (Continued)



#### 4b. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Read

```

*      CARDS COLUMN
*      LIST8
*      SYMBOL TABLE
*      LABEL
CREAD SUBROUTINE FOR STAT. ANALYSIS PROGRAM.
SUBROUTINE READ
COMMON BUF,IT,IF,ICD,ICARD,IFLD,IPFLD,IFFT,IFFFT,NFFT,END,P,F,BLK,
1 FLP,FLR,JJ,JP,JUF,JPF,IDEF,IOP,IOF,F1,F2,IND,LL,LX,LP,IBATT,I1,
2 ICNT,NCYC,IRAN
COMMON JUL,ICYC,R,BETA,SATX,LCYC,MCYC,L,I,J,IRAN,IBAT,NBAT,L1,L2,
1 L3,K,KK,K2,K3,NOVAR,NCBS,NCYC,X,XBAR,SIGMA,SL,V,NIL,ENSQ,R,SUMWT,
2 TOL,SATCH,SITCH,PHI,ISTP,SY,V-IN,VMAX,NMAX,NMIN,BETAZ,KUL,JUMP,
3 FINK,FF,IPHI,II,JUN
COMMON LSCYC,YGY,ANN,TEPP,TER,TER2,ITD,IFL,IN,IO,IR,NLOC,NPS,
1 RHED,HED,RBETA,RSB,END,OUT,PP,JA,IR,LC
DIMENSION BUF(4500),IT(42),IF(42),ICD(42),ICARD(1200),IFLD(42),
1 IPFLD(16),IFFT(42),IFFFT(42),NFFT(42),IRAN(19)
DIMENSION JUL(42),ICYC(20),R(50,50),S(50,50),A(50,50),B(50,50),
1 C(50,50),X(50),XBAR(50),SB(50),SATX(50),IBU(4500),BETA(50)
DIMENSION V(50),SIGMA(50),FF(50),HED(50),RHED(50),RBETA(50),
1 RSB(50),END(26),OUT(15),PP(16)
EQUIVALENCE (END,IEND),(FLP,IFLP),(FLR,IFLR),(F,KF),(P,KP),
1 (BLK,IBLK)
EQUIVALENCE (BUF,IBU), (R,S,A,B,C) , (X,XBAR), (SATX,SB)
C.....IS THIS A CHARGE-DISCHARGL RUN.
IF (ICD(17)-2) 111,110,111
110... IPH = 1
M1 = 0
GO TO 112
111... IPH = 0
C.....SET UP CYCLE RANGE TABLE(ICYC).
112... IF (ICD(1)) 130,120,130
120... IF (ICD(18)-1) 145,130,145
130... J = 1
ICYC(J) = ICD(14) + (ICD(15)*(ICD(16)-1))
IF (ICD(39)) 140,146,140
140... L = 1
141... J = J + 1
ICYC(J) = IRAN(L) + (IRAN(L+1)*(IRAN(L+2)-1))
IF (IRAN(L+3)) 142,143,142
142... L = L + 3
GO TO 141
143... IRAN = J
GO TO 150
145... ICYC(1)=-1
146... NRAN = 1
C.....SET LOCATION OF DATA TO BE EXTRACTED TABLE. (JUL).
150... IF (JJF) 151,260,151
151... IF (ICD(41)) 160,170,160
160... K2 = 21
GO TO 180
170... K2 = 20
180... IF (ICD(K2)) 190,230,190
190... K3 = K2 + JJ
DO 220 K = 1,JJ
DO 200 KK=K2,K3
IF (ICD(KK)-IFFT(K)) 200,210,200
200... CONTINUE

```

**4b. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Read (Continued)**

```
210  JJL(K) = KK-K2+1
220  CONTINUE
     GO TO 250
230  DO 240 K = 1,JJF
240  JJL(K) = IFFT(K)
250  IF (JPF) 260,280,260
260  I = JJE+1
     DO 270 K = 1,JPF
     JJL(I) = IFFP(K) + (JJ*LL)
270  I = I +1
C.....SET UP INITIAL CONDITIONS FOR RUN.
280  NBAT = 99999
     MCYC = ICYC(1)
     NOVAR = JJF + JPF
281  DO 304 I = 1,NOVAR
     DO 290 J = 1,NOVAR
290  R(I,J) = 0.
     SWTX(I) = 0.
300  BETA(I) = 0.
     NOBS = 0
     LL = 1
     II = 1
     IF (IPHI) 310,3000,3000
C.....COMPUTE NO. OF WORDS IN ONE CYCLE.
3000  KCYC = (JJ*LL) + LX + LP + 1
     L2 = 0
C.....IS THIS M.R. RUN.
     IF (IOP-3) 310,302,301
     301  IF (IOP-6) 310,302,310
C.....SET UP DEPENDENT VARIABLE TO BE EXTRACTED LAST.
C.....IS DEP. VAR. A FIELD OR PSEUDO FIELD.
     302  IF (IT(1)-KF) 303,304,303
     303  I = JJE+1
     KK = 2
     GO TO 305
304  I = 1
     KK = 1
305  J = 1
     K3 = NOVAR
     DO 3091 K= I,K3
     GO TO (306,3090),J
306  GO TO (307,308),KK
307  IF (IDEP - IFFT(K)) 3091,309,3091
308  IF (IDEP - JJL(K) + (JJ*LL)) 3091,309,3091
309  J = 2
     K2 = JJL(K)
3090 JJL(K) = JJL(K+1)
3091 CONTINUE
     JJL(NOVAR) = K2
C.....READ ONE RECORD OF DATA FROM THE IDT.
310  READ TAPE IDT, 11,ICNT,IBAT,(BUF(I),I=1,ICNT)
C.....COMPUTE NO. OF CYCLES IN THIS RECORD.
     L1 = 1
     NCYC = ICNT/KCYC
C.....TEST IF THIS INITIAL TIME THRU THIS ROUTINE.
     320  IF (NBAT-99999) 330,321,330
     321  NBAT = IBAT
     LCYC = XABSF(IBU(L1))
```

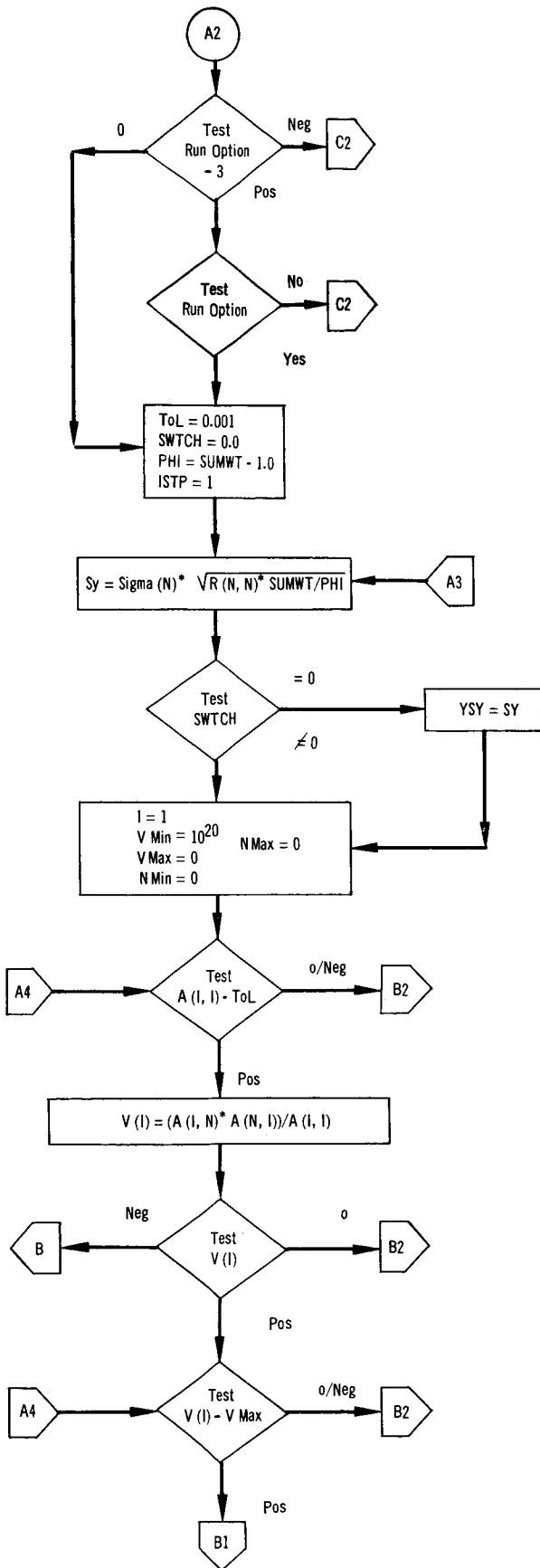
#### 4b. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Read (Continued)

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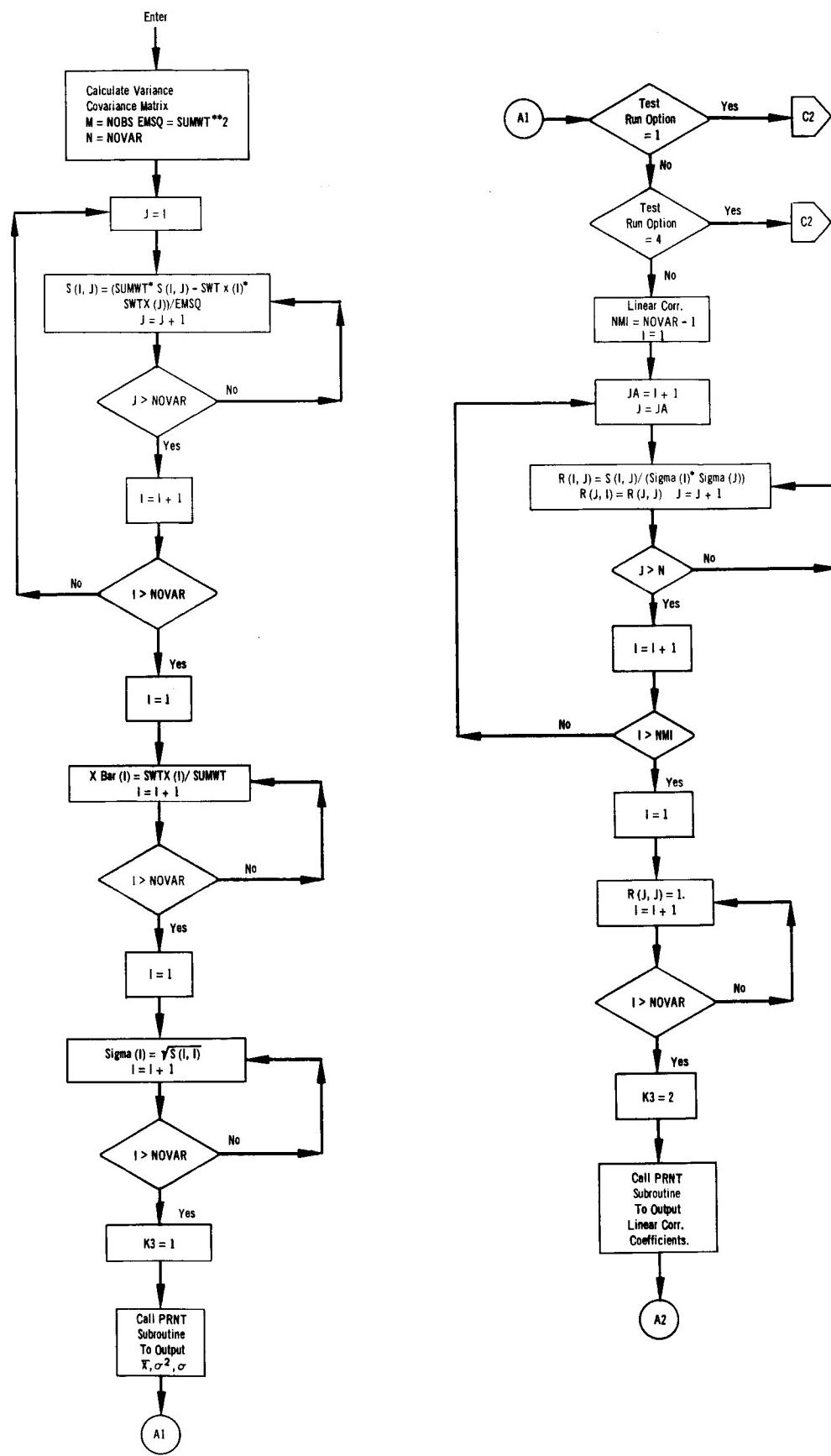
LSCYC = LCYC
GO TO 431
330 IF (XABSF(IBU(L1))-LCYC) .380,.380,.360
360 IF (MCYC) 361,370,370
361 IF (XABSF(IBU(L1))-LCYC) 400,380,400
370 II = II +1
MCYC = ICYC(II)
GO TO 400
380 IF (IBAT = NBAT) 390,440,390
390 MCYC = ICYC(1)
II = 1
C.....TEST IF ANY DATA APPEARED FOR THIS CYCLE RANGE.
400 IF (NOBS) 410,4300,410
C.....CALL CALC SUBROUTINE TO PERFORM CALCULATIONS AND OUTPUT DATA.
410 CALL CALC
C.....ZERO OUT BUFFERS.
NOBS = 0
DO 430 I = 1,NOVAR
DO 420 J = 1,NOVAR
420 R(I,J) = 0.
SWTX(I) = 0.
430 BETA(I) = 0.
4300 NBAT = IBAT
LSCYC = XABSF(IBU(L1))
431 IF (LSCYC-MCYC) 440,432,432
432 IF (MCYC) 440,433,433
433 II = II +1
MCYC = ICYC(II)
GO TO 431
C.....EXTRACT DATA TO BE PROCESSED.
440 LCYC = XABSF(IBU(L1))
IF (IPH) 441,444,442
441 IF (IBU(L1)) 444,471,471
442 IF (IBU(L1)) 443,471,444
443 M1 = 1
GO TO 471
444 DO 450 I = 1,NOVAR
L3 = L1 + JJL(I) + LX
450 X(I) = BUE(L3)
NOBS = NOBS +1
DO 470 I = 1,NOVAR
SWTX(I) = SWTX(I) + X(I)
DO 460 J = 1,NOVAR
460 S(I,J) = S(I,J) + (X(I) * X(J))
470 CONTINUE
471 L1 = L1 + KCYC
IF (L1-ICNT) 330,480,480
C.....TEST IF MORE DATA EXISTS ON IDT.
480 IF (II) 490,310,490
C.....CALCULATE FINAL RESULTS.
490 IF (NOBS) 500,510,500
500 CALL CALC
510 IF (IPH) 560,560,520
520 IF (M1) 560,560,525
525 REWIND IDT
IPH = -1
READ TAPE IDT ,DUM
IF (ICD(39)) 530,540,530
530 READ TAPE IDT ,DUM
540 IF (LP) 550,280,550
550 READ TAPE IDT ,DUM
GO TO 280
560 RETURN
END

```

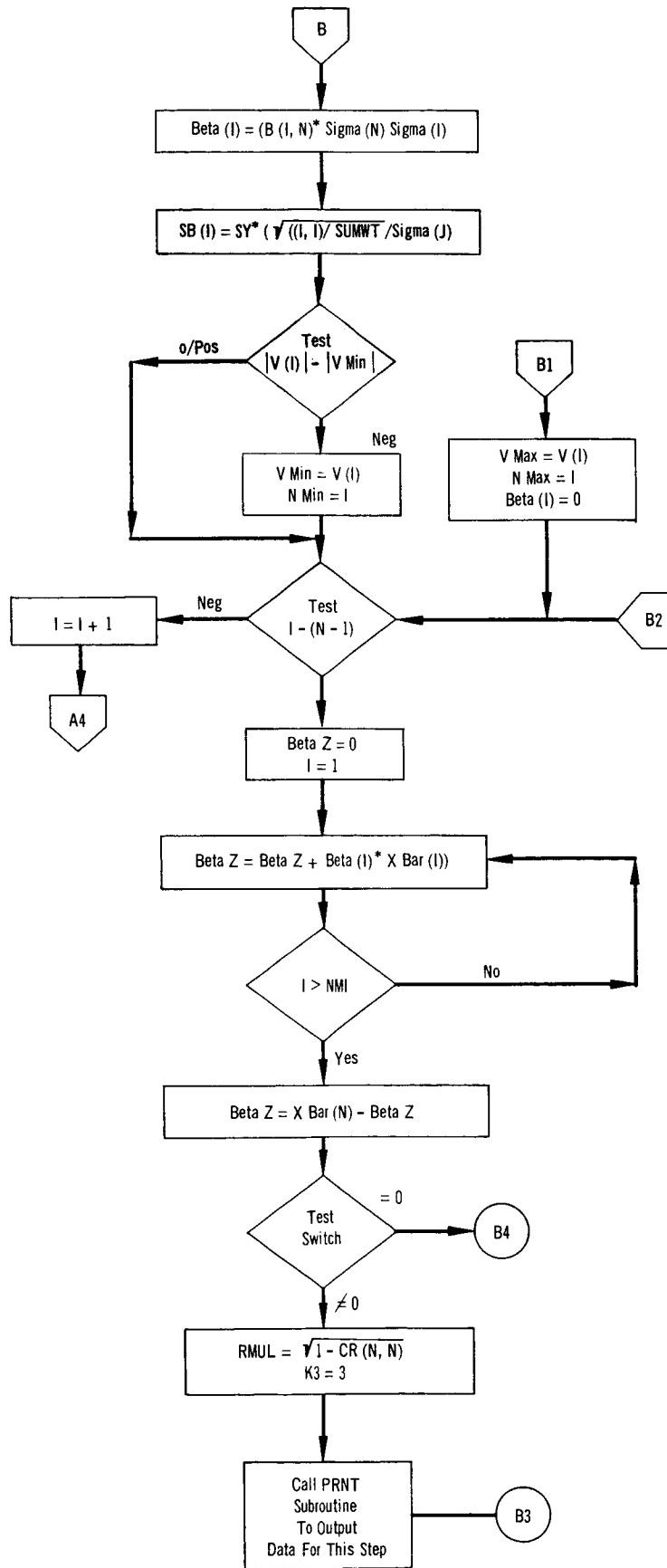
#### 4c. Statistical Analysis Routine Flow Chart - Subroutine Calc



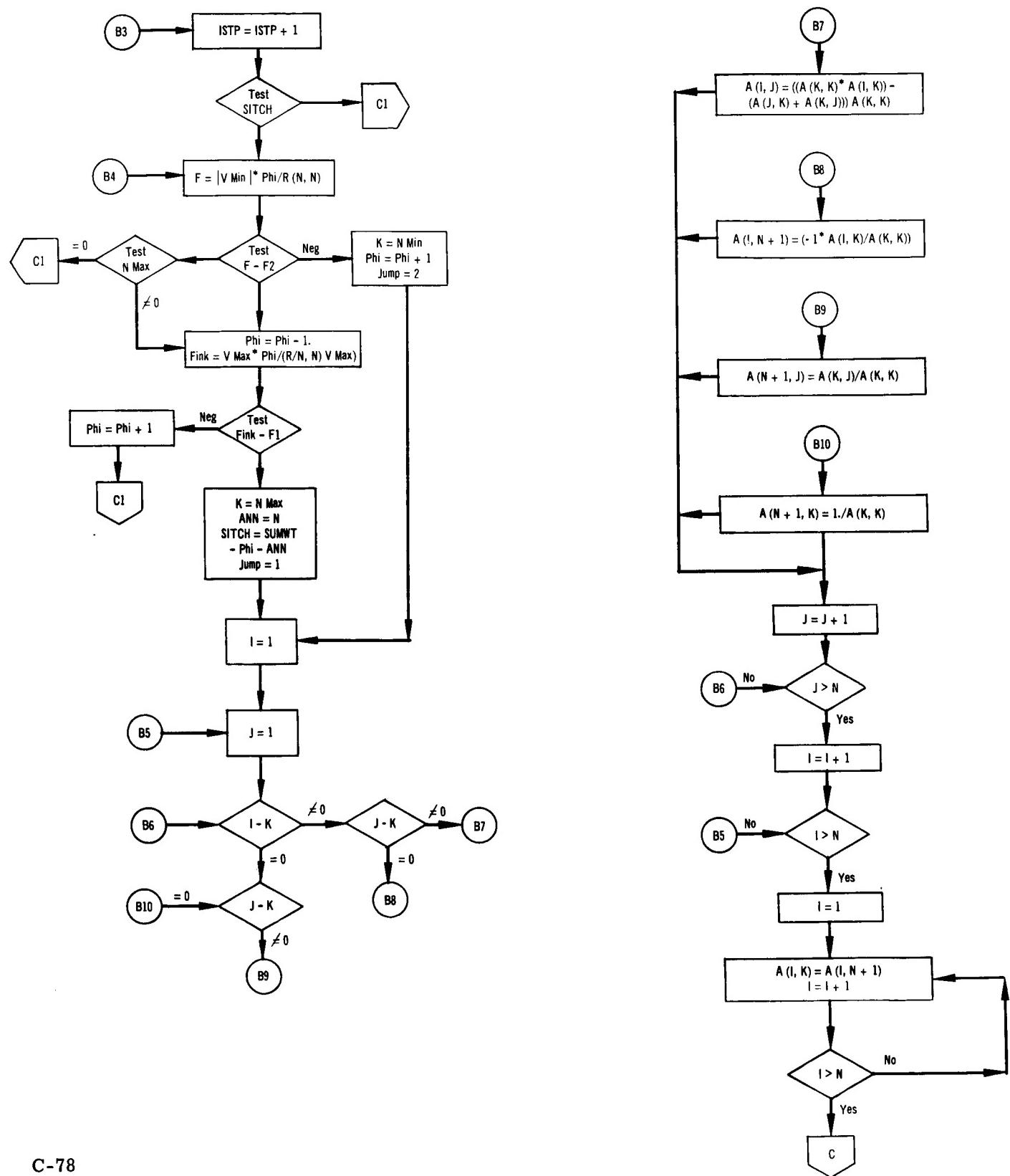
#### 4c. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Calc (Continued)



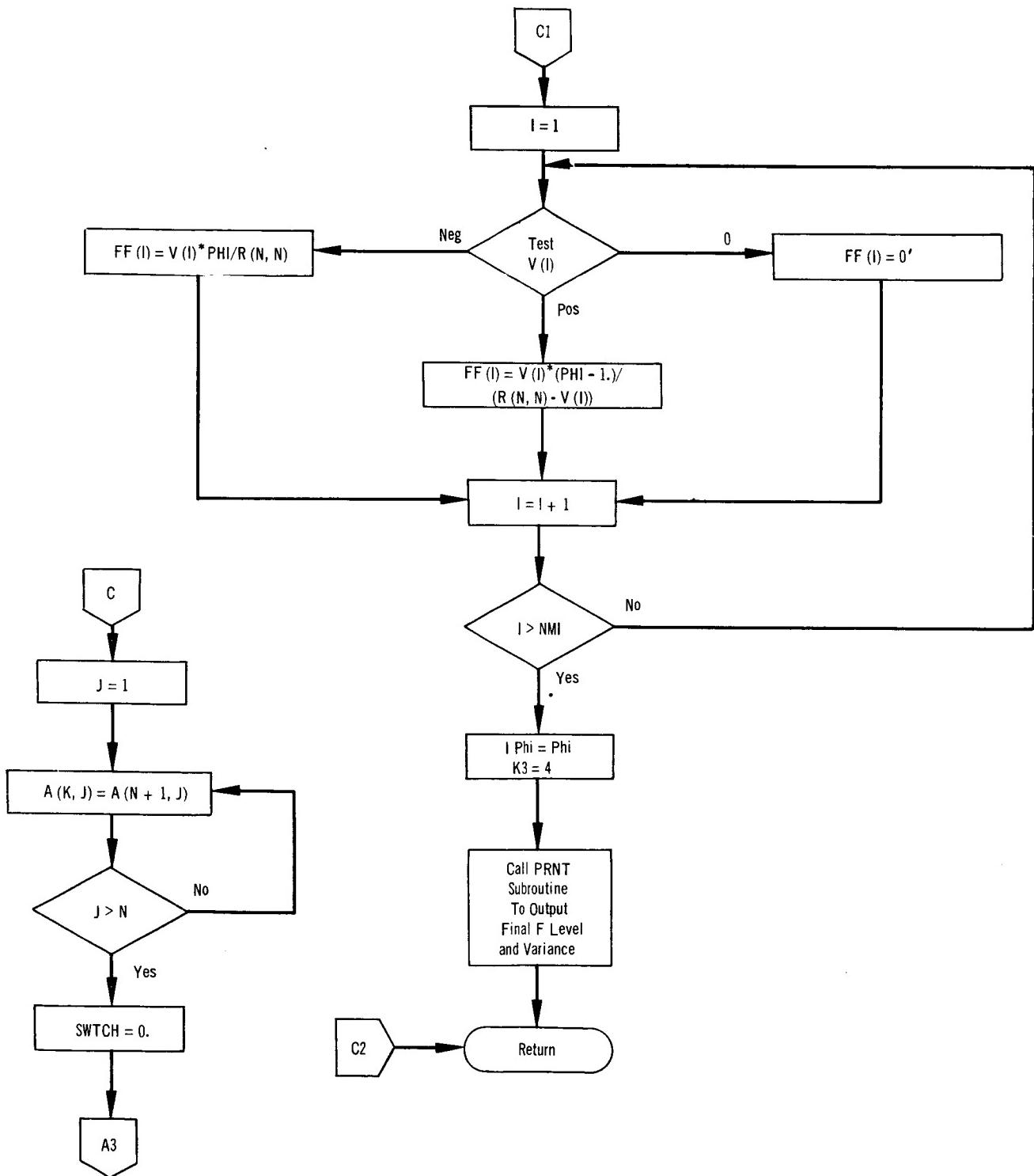
4c. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Calc (Continued)



4c. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Calc (Continued)



4c. Statistical Analysis Program Flow Chart – Subroutine Calc (Continued)



#### 4c. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Calc

```

* CARDS COLUMN
* SYMBOL TABLE
* LIST8
* LABEL
CCALC SUBROUTINE.
SUBROUTINE CALC
COMMON BUF,I,T,IF,ICD,ICARD,IFLD,IPFLD,IEFT,IFFET,NFFT,END,P,F,BLK,
1 FLP,FLR,JJ,JP,JF,JPF,IDEP,IOP,IOF,F1,F2,IND,LL,LX,LP,IBATT,I1,
2 ICNT,KCYC,IRAN
COMMON JJL,ICYC,R,BETA,SWTX,LCYC,MCYC,L,I,J,NRAN,IBAT,NBAT,L1,L2,
1 L3,K,KK,K2,K3,NOVAR,NOBS,NCYC,X,XBAR,SIGMA,SB,V,NM1,EMSQ,M,SUMWT,
2 TOL,SWTCH,SITCH,PHI,ISTP,SY,VMIN,VMAX,NMAX,NMIN,BETAZ,RHUL,JUMP,
3 FINK,FF,IPHI,II,JJN
COMMON LSCYC,YSY,ANN,TEMP,TEM,TEM2,IDT,IFL,IN,IO,IR,NLOC,NPS,
1 RHED,HED,RBETA,RSB,END,OUT,PP,JA,IP,LC
DIMENSION BUF(4500),IT(42),IF(42),ICD(42),ICARD(1200),IFLD(42),
1 IPFLD(16),IEFT(42),IFFET(42),NFFT(42),IRAN(19)
DIMENSION JJL(42),ICYC(20),R(50,50),S(50,50),A(50,50),B(50,50),
1 C(50,50),X(50),XBAR(50),SB(50),SWTX(50),IBU(4500),BETA(50)
DIMENSION V(50),SIGMA(50),FF(50),HED(50),RHED(50),RBETA(50),
1 RSB(50),END(26),OUT(15),PP(16)
EQUIVALENCE (END,IEND),(FLP,IFLP),(FLR,IFLR),(F,KF),(P,KP),
1 (BLK,IBLK)
EQUIVALENCE (BUF,IBU), (R,S,A,B,C) , (X,XBAR), (SWTX,SB)
C.... CALCULATE VARIANCE - COVARIANCE MATRIX.
100 M = NOBS
SUMWT = M
N = NOVAR
EMSQ = SUMWT**2
DO 110 I = 1,NOVAR
DO 110 J = I,NOVAR
110 S(I,J) = (SUMWT * S(I,J) - SWTX(I) * SWTX(J)) / EMSQ
C.... CALCULATE MEAN.
DO 120 I = 1,NOVAR
120 XBAR(I) = SWTX(I)/SUMWT
C.... CALCULATE STANDARD DEVIATION.
DO 130 I=1,NOVAR
130 SIGMA(I) = SQRT(S(I,I))
C.... CALL PRINT ROUTINE TO OUTPUT MEAN, VARIANCE AND STANDARD DEVIATION.
K3 = 1
CALL PRNT
C.... IS LINEAR CORRELATION DESIRED.
IF (IOP-1) 510,510,140
140 IF (IOP-4) 145,510,145
C.... CALCULATE LINEAR CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS.
145 NM1 = NOVAR - 1
DO 150 I = 1,NM1
JA = I+1
DO 150 J = JA,N
R(I,J) = S(I,J)/(SIGMA(I)*SIGMA(J))
150 R(J,I) = R(I,J)
DO 156 I = 1,NOVAR
156 R(I,I) = 1.
C.... CALL PRINT ROUTINE TO OUTPUT LINEAR CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS.
K3 = 2
CALL PRNT
C.... IS STEPWISE MULTIPLE REGRESSION DESIRED.
IF (IOP-3) 510,161,160

```

#### 4c. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Calc (Continued)

```

160 IF (IOP=6) 510,161,510
161 TOL = 0.001
162 SWTCH = 0.0
170 SITCH = 1.0
171 PHI = SUMWT - 1.0
172 ISTP = 1
C.....STANDARD ERROR OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE.
180 SY = SIGMA(N) * SQRTF(R(N,N) * SUMWT / PHI)
181 IF (SWTCH) 190,181,190
182 YSY = SY
190 I = 1
191 VMIN = 10.0E20
192 VMAX = 0.0
193 NMIN = 0
194 NMAX = 0
200 IF (A(I,I) = TOL) 260,260,210
210 V(I) = (A(I,N) * A(N,I)) / A(I,I)
211 IF (V(I)) 240,260,220
220 IF (V(I)-VMAX) 260,260,230
230 VMAX = V(I)
231 NMAX = I
232 BETA(I) = 0.
233 GO TO 260
C.....COEFFICIENTS OF INDEPENDENT VARIABLES.
240 BETA(I) = (B(I,N) * SIGMA(N)) / SIGMA(I)
C.....STD. ERR. OF COEFFICIENTS.
241 SB(I) = SY * SQRTF( C(I,I) / SUMWT ) / SIGMA(I)
242 IF (ABSF(V(I)) = ABSF(VMIN)) 250,260,260
250 VMIN = V(I)
251 NMIN = I
260 IF (I = (N-1)) 270,280,280
270 I = I+1
271 GO TO 200
280 BETAZ = 0.
281 DO 290 I = 1,NM1
290 BETAZ = BETAZ + (BETA(I)* XBAR(I))
C.....CONSTANT TERM.
291 BETAZ = XBAR(N) - BETAZ
C.....DAVES INSERTION.
292 IF (SWTCH) 300,310,300
C.....MULTIBLE R.
300 RMUL = SQRTF (1. - R(N,N))
C.....CALL PRINT ROUTINE FOR STEPWISE REGRESSION OUTPUT.
301 K3 = 3
302 CALL PRNT
303 ISTP = ISTP + 1
304 IF (.SITCH) 310,460,310
310 F = ABSF(VMIN) * PHI / R(N,N)
311 IF (F-F2) 320,330,330
320 K = NMIN
321 PHI = PHI +1.
C.....VARIABLE IS LEAVING.
322 JUMP = 2
323 GO TO 360
330 IF (NMAX) 332,331,332
331 NMAX = -1
332 GO TO 460
333 PHI = PHI -1.

```

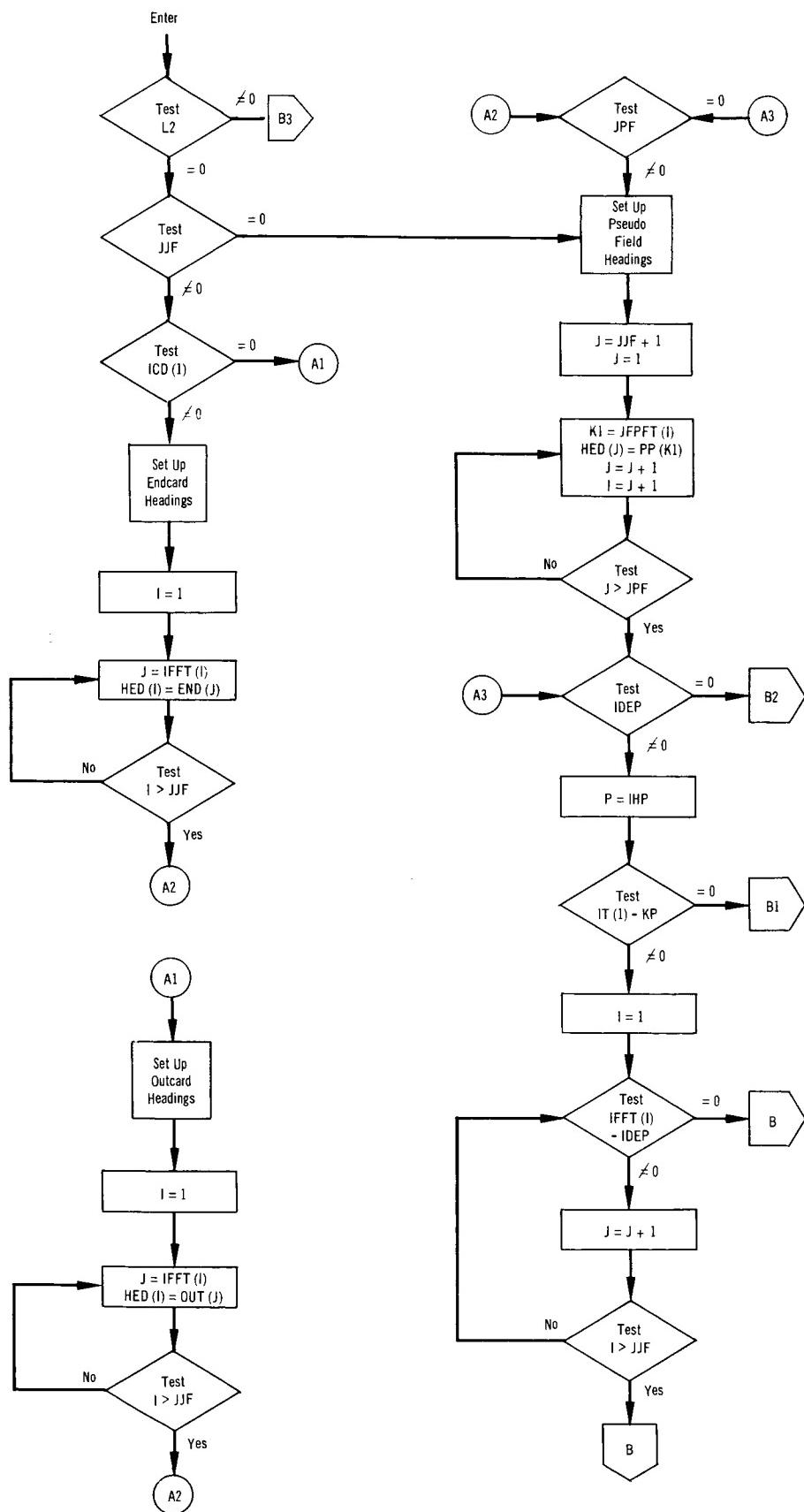
#### 4c. Statistical Analysis Routine Source Statements - Subroutine Calc (Continued)

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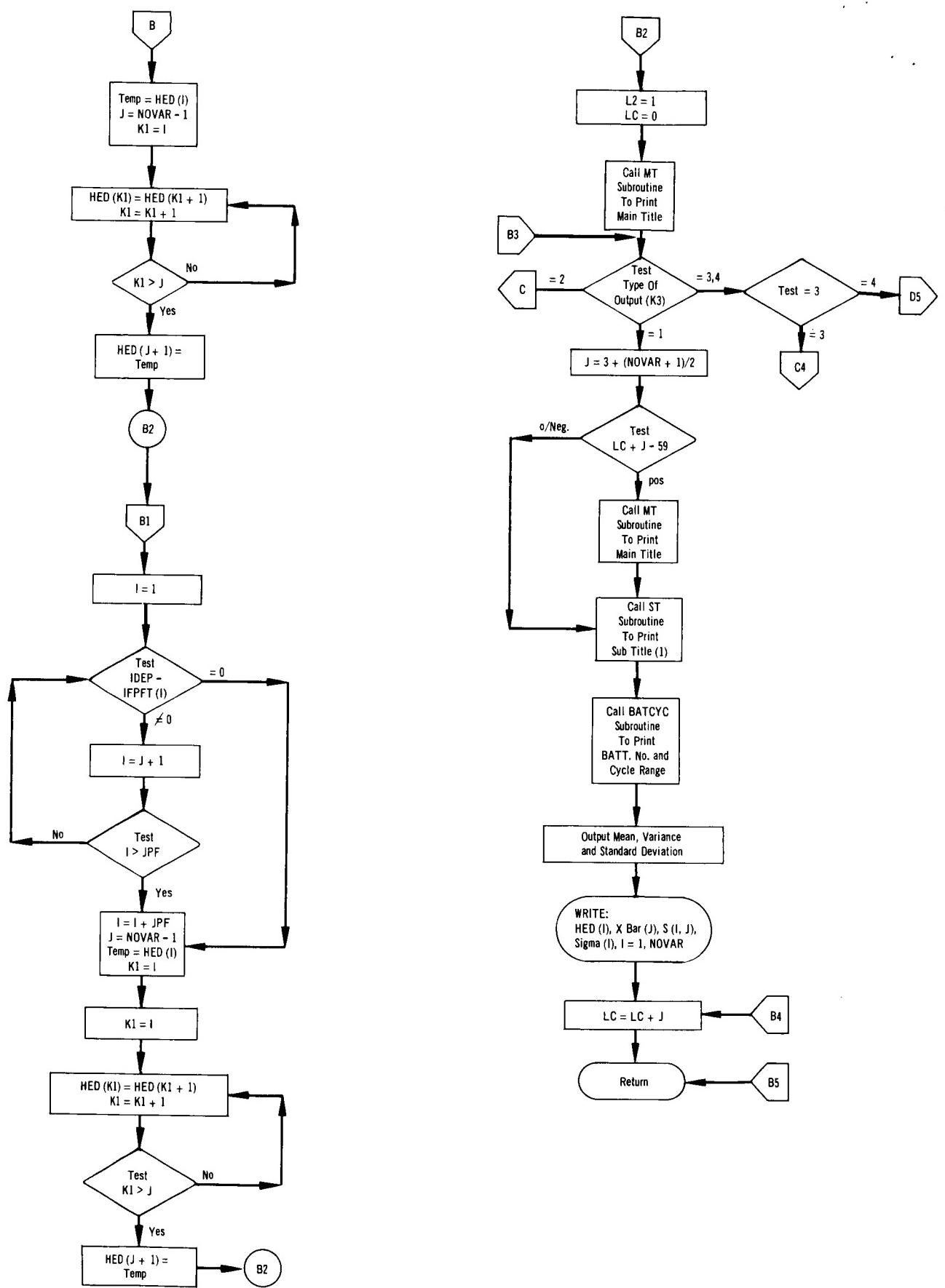
C.....F LEVEL
FINK= VMAX*PHI/(R(N,N)-VMAX)
IF (FINK - F1) 340,350,350
340 PHI = PHI + 1.
GO TO 460
350 K = NMAX
ANN = N
SITCH = SUMWT- PHI - ANN
C.....VARIABLE IS ENTERING
JUMP = 1
360 DO 430 I=1,N
DO 430 J=1,N
IF (I-K) .370,.380,.370
370 IF (J-K) .390,.400,.390
380 IF (J-K) .410,.420,.410
390 A(I,J) = ((A(K,K)*A(1,J))-(A(I,K)*A(K,J)))/A(K,K)
GO TO 430
400 A(I,N+1)= (-1. *A(I,K)/A(K,K))
GO TO 430
410 A(N+1,J) = A(K,J)/A(K,K)
GO TO 430
420 A(N+1,K) = 1.0 /A(K,K)
430 CONTINUE
DO 440 I=1,N
440 A(I,K) = A(I,N+1)
DO 450 J=1,N
450 A(K,J) = A(N+1,J)
SWTCH = 1.0
GO TO 180
C.....FINAL VARIANCE CONTRIBUTIONS. FINAL F LEVELS.
460 DO 500 I = 1,NM1
IF (V(I)) 470,480,490
470 FF(I) = V(I) * PHI/R(N,N)
GO TO 500
480 FF(I) = 0.
GO TO 500
490 FF(I) = V(I) *(PHI-1.)/(R(N,N)-V(I))
500 CONTINUE
IPHI=PHI
K3 = 4
CALL PRNT
510 RETURN
END

```

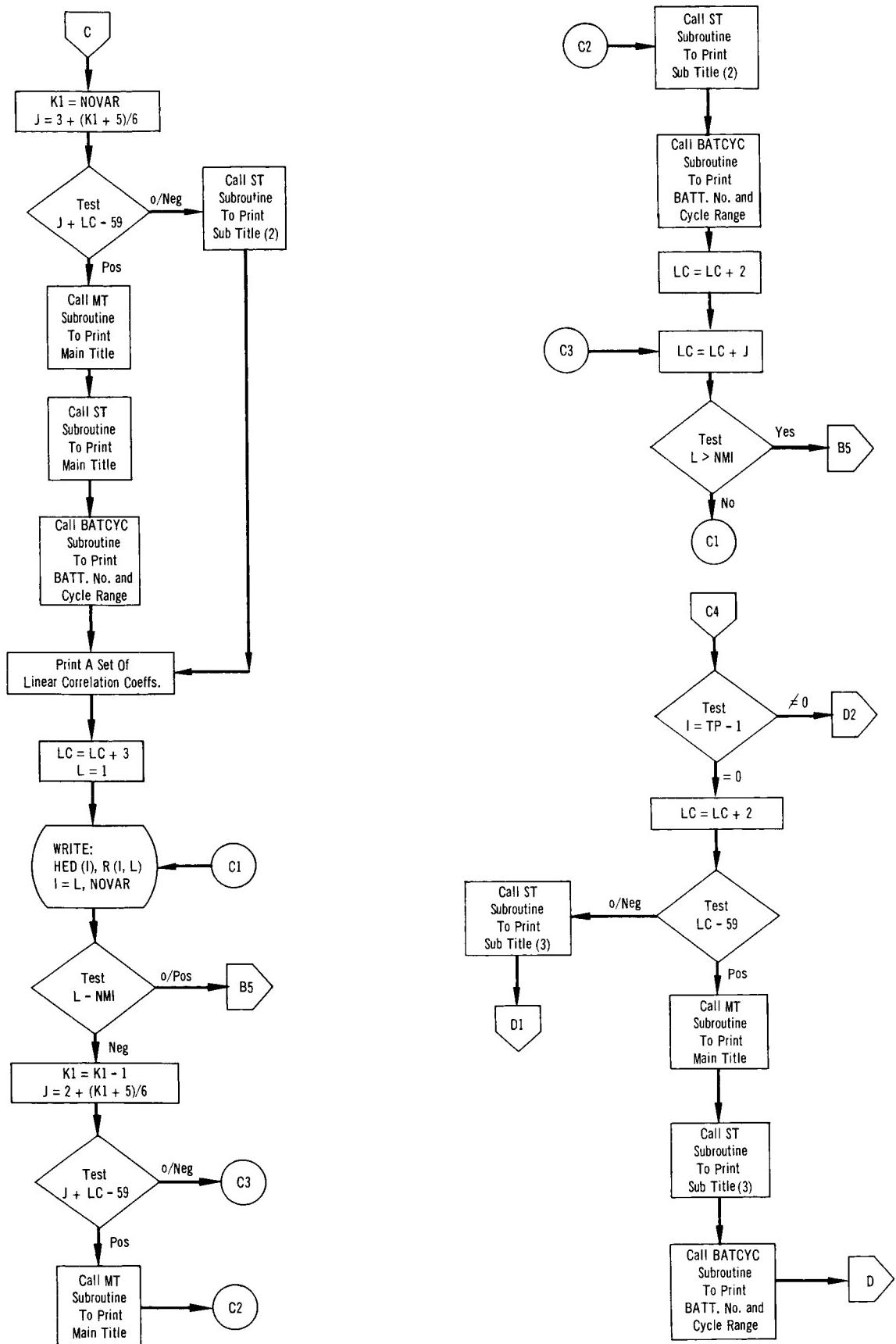
#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutine PRNT



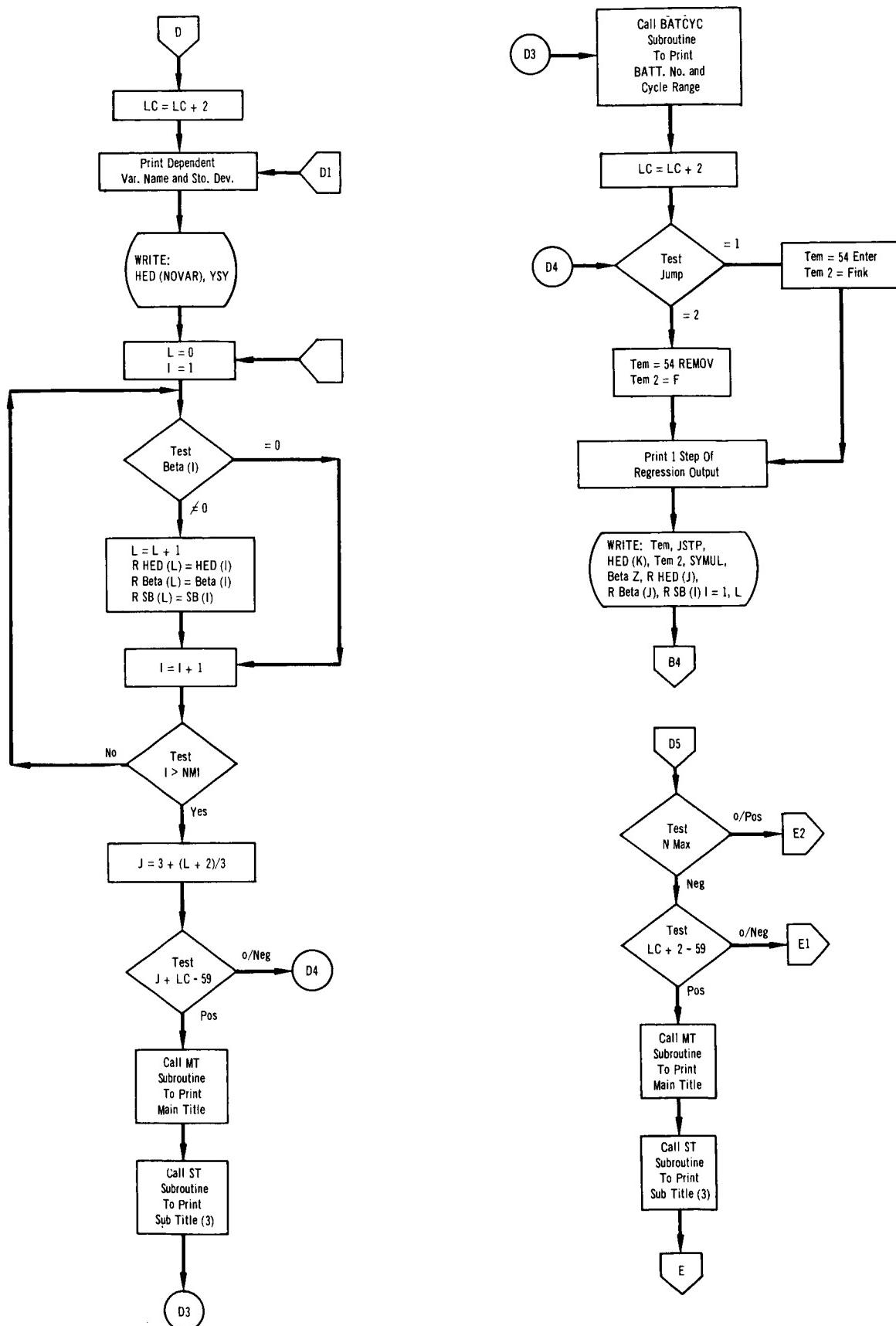
4d. Statistical Analysis Routine – PRNT Sub-Routine (Continued)



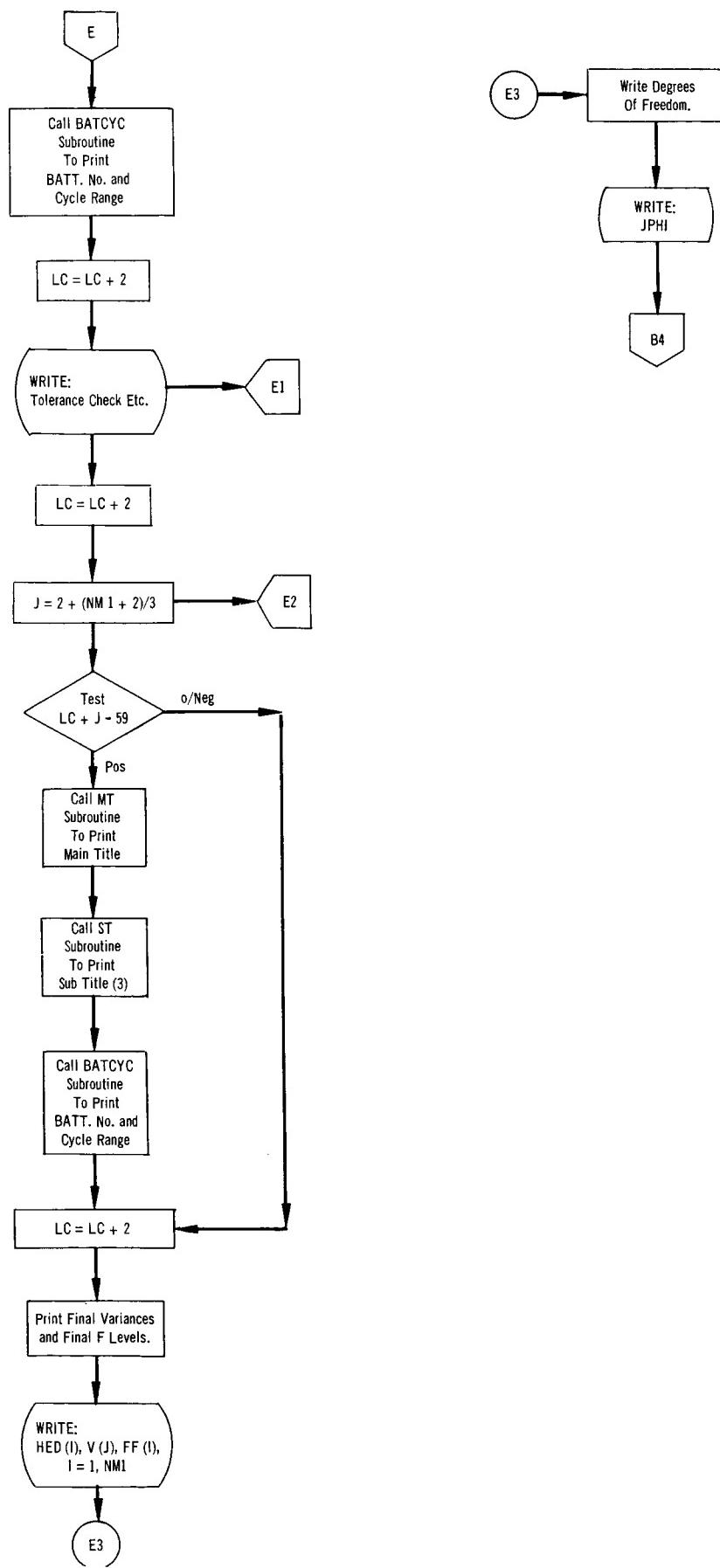
#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutine PRNT (Continued)



#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutine PRNT (Continued)



4d. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutine PRNT (Continued)



#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine - Source Statements

```
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* SYMBOL TABLE
* LABEL
CPRNT PRINT ROUTINE.
SUBROUTINE PRNT
COMMON BUF,IT,IE,ICD,ICARD,IFLD,IPFLD,IFFT,IFPFT,NFFT,END,P,F,BLK,
1 FLP,FLR,JJ,JP,JJF,JPF,IDEF,IOP,IOF,F1,F2,IND,LL,LX,LP,IBATT,I1,
2 ICNT,KCYC,IRAN
COMMON JJL,ICYC,R,BETA,SWTX,LCYC,MCYC,L,I,J,NRAN,IBAT,NBAT,L1,L2,
1 L3,K,KK,K2,K3,NOVAR,NOBS,NCYC,X,XBAR,SIGMA,SB,V,NM1,EMSQ,M,SUMWT,
2 TOL,SWTX,SITCH,STCH,PHI,ISTP,SY,VMIN,VMAX,NMAX,NMIN,BETAZ,RMUL,JUMP,
3 FINK,FF,IPH1,I1,JJN
COMMON LSCYC,YSY,ANN,TEMP,TEM,TEM2,IDL,IFL,IN,IO,IR,NLOC,NPS,
1 RHED,HED,RHETA,RSB,END,OUT,PP,IA,IP,IC
DIMENSION BUF(4500),IT(42),IF(42),ICD(42),ICARD(1200),IFLD(42),
1 IPFLD(16),IFFT(42),IFPFT(42),NFFT(42),IRAN(19)
DIMENSION JJL(42),ICYC(20),R(50,50),S(50,50),A(50,50),B(50,50),
1 C(50,50),X(50),XBAR(50),SB(50),SWIX(50),IBU(4500),BETA(50)
DIMENSION V(50),SIGMA(50),FF(50),HED(50),RHED(50),RBETA(50),
1 RSB(50),END(26),OUT(15),PP(16)
EQUIVALENCE (END,IEND),(FLP,IFLP),(FLR,IFLR),(F,KF),(P,KP),
1 (BLK,IBLK)
EQUIVALENCE (BUF,IBU), (R,S,A,B,C) , (X,XBAR), (SWTX,SB)
C....TEST IF THIS THE FIRST TIME THRU THE PRINT ROUTINE.
IF (L2) 190,100,190
C....SET UP FIELD AND PSEUDO FIELD HEADINGS.
100 IF (JJF) 110,141,110
110 IF (ICD(1)) 120,130,120
C....ENDCARD HEADINGS.
120 END(1)= 6HTI DUR
END(2)= 6HAMP MI
END(3)= 6HWAI MI
END(4)= 6H E EFF
END(5)= 6H AMP H
END(6)= 6H WAT H
END(7)= 6HAV CUR
END(8)= 6HMI CUR
END(9)= 6HMX CUR
END(10)= 6HAV PWR
END(11)= 6HMI PWR
END(12)= 6HMX PWR
END(13)= 6H C EFF
END(14)= 6HE/I R
END(15)= 6HCYC 0
END(16)= 6HCYC 1
END(17)= 6HCYC 2
END(18)= 6HCYC 3
END(19)= 6HCYC 4
FND(2)= 6HCYC 5
END(21)= 6HCYC 6
END(22)= 6HCYC 7
END(23)= 6HCYC 8
END(24)= 6HCYC 9
END(25)= 6HIX VAR
END(26)= 6HR TIME
C....SET UP HEADINGS FOR REQUESTED FIELDS.
DO 121 I =1,JJF
```

#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
J = IFFT(I)
121 HED(I) = END(J)
      GO TO 140
C.....OUTCARD HEADINGS.
130 OUT(1) = 6H TIME
      OUT(2) = 6HD TIME
      OUT(3) = 6HAV PWR
      OUT(4) = 6H CUR
      OUT(5) = 6HPRESS
      OUT(6) = 6H V 0
      OUT(7) = 6H V 1
      OUT(8) = 6H V 2
      OUT(9) = 6H V 3
      OUT(10)= 6H V 4
      OUT(11)= 6H V 5
      OUT(12)= 6H V 6
      OUT(13)= 6H V 7
      OUT(14)= 6H V 8
      OUT(15)= 6H V 9
C.....SET UP HEADINGS FOR REQUESTED FIELDS.
DO 131 I= 1,JJF
      J = IFFT(I)
131 HED(I) = OUT(J)
C.....WERE PSEUDO FIELDS REQUESTED.
140 IF (JPF) 141,150,141
C.....PSEUDO FIELD HEADINGS.
141 PP(1) = .4H P1
      PP(2) = 4H P2
      PP(3) = 4H P3
      PP(4) = 4H P4
      PP(5) = 4H P5
      PP(6) = 4H P6
      PP(7) = 4H P7
      PP(8) = 4H P8
      PP(9) = 4H P9
      PP(10)= 4H P10
      PP(11)= 4H P11
      PP(12)= 4H P12
      PP(13)= 4H P13
      PP(14)= 4H P14
      PP(15)= 4H P15
      PP(16)= 4H P16
C.....SET UP HEADINGS FOR REQUESTED PSEUDO FIELDS.
J = JJF + 1
DO 142 I = 1,JPF
      K1 = IFPFT(I)
      HED(J1) = PP(K1)
142 J = J + 1
C.....IS THIS A MULTIPLE REGRESSION RUN.
150 IF (IDEP) 151,180,151
C.....YES - SET DEPENDENT VARIABLE LAST IN ARRAY OF HEADINGS.
151 P = 1HP
      IF ( IT(1) = KP) 160,170,160
160 DO 161 I = 1,JJF
      IF (IFFT(I)=IDEP) 161,162,161
161 CONTINUE
162 TEMP = HED(I)
      J = NOVAR-1
```

#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```

    DO 163 K1=I,J
163  HED(K1)= HED(K1+1)
    HED(J+1)= TEMP
    GO TO 180
170  DO 171 I =1,JPF
    IF (IDEP- IPFPT(I)) 171,172,171
171  CONTINUE
172  I = I + JJF
    J = NOVAR+1
    TEMP = HED(I)
    DO 173 K1 = I,J
173  HED(K1) = HED(K1+1)
    HED(J+1) = TEMP
180  L2 = 1
C.....INITIALIZE PAGE COUNT.
    LC = 0
C.....PRINT MAIN TITLE.
    CALL MT (LC)
C.....TEST FOR TYPE OF OUTPUT
190  GO TO (191,240,310,420),K3
C.....MEAN,VARIANCE,STD. DEV.
191  J = 3 + (NOVAR+1)/2
C.....TEST LINE COUNT VS. LINES TO BE PRINTED.
    IF (LC + J - 59) 210,210,200
200  CALL MT (LC)
210  CALL ST(1)
C.....PRINT BAT. AND CYCLE RANGE
    CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LBCYC,LCYC)
C.....PRINT MEAN VAR.,STD. DEV.
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,1009,(HED(I),XBAR(I),S(I,I),SIGMA(I),
    1 I = 1,NOVAR)
1009 FORMAT( 2(5X,5HFIELD,10X,4HMEAN,12X,8HVARIANCE,8X,9HSTD. DEV.,1X)/
    1 (5X,A6,5X,1PE12.5,5X,E12.5,5X,E12.5,5X,A6,5X,E12.5,5X,E12.5,5X,
    2 E12.5 ))
220  LC = LC + J
230  RETURN
C.....LINEAR CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS.
C.....
C.....CALC. NO. OF LINES TO BE PRINTED FOR A SET.
240  K1 = NOVAR
250  J = 3 + (K1+5)/6
    IF (J + LC - 59) 270,270,260
260  CALL MT (LC)
    CALL ST (2)
    CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LBCYC,LCYC)
    GO TO 280
270  CALL ST (2)
280  LC = LC + J
C.....PRINT A SET OF COEFFICIENTS.
    DO 300 L = 1,NM1
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,1010, (HED(I),R(L,L),I=L,NOVAR)
300  FORMAT(7(1X,5HFIELD,6X,6HCoeff.,4X)/(1X,A6,2X,1PE12.5,2X,A6,2X
    1 E12.5,2X,A6,2X,E12.5,2X,A6,2X,E12.5,2X,A6,2X,E12.5
    2 ))
C.....DOES ANOTHER SET OF DATA EXIST.
    IF (L-NM1) 281,230,230
C.....TEST IF ANOTHER SET MAY BE PRINTED ON THIS PAGE.
    281  K1 = K1-1

```

#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

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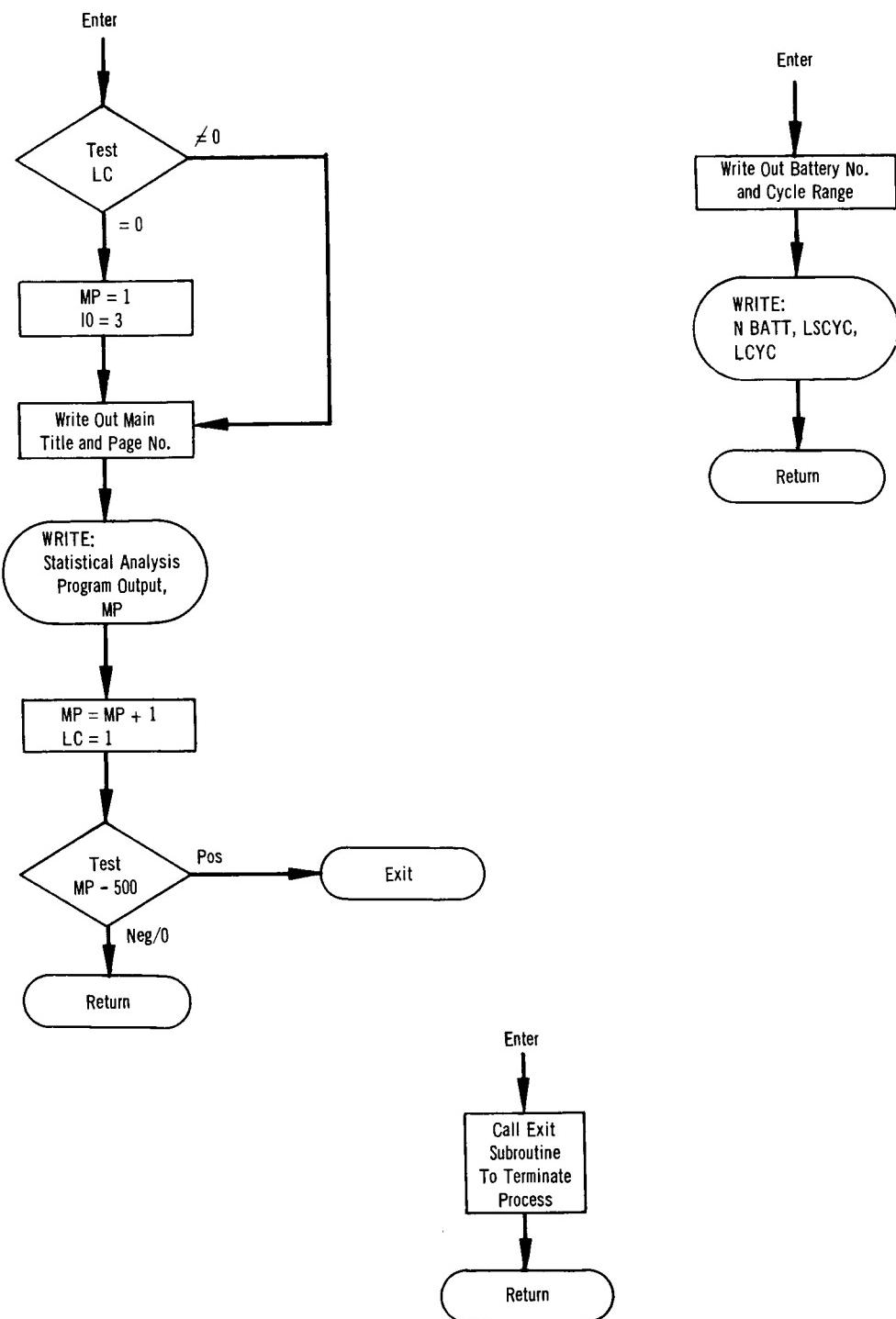
..... J = 2 + (K1+5)/6
..... IF (J +LC -59) 300,300,290
290 CALL MT (LC)
CALL ST(2)
CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
LC = LC + 2
300 LC = LC + J
GO TO 230
C.....STEPWISE REGRESSION.
C.....
C.....CALC. NO OF LINES TO BE PRINTED.
310 IF (ISTP-1) 350,320,350
320 LC = LC + 2
IF (LC - 59) 340,340,330
330 CALL MT (LC)
CALL ST (3)
CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
LC = LC+2
GO TO 350
340 CALL ST (3)
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1111,HED(NOVAR),YSY
1111 FORMAT(41X,9HDEP. VAR.,2X,A6,12X,10HSTD. ERROR,2X,1PE12.5)
350 L = 0
DO 360 I = 1,NM1
IF (BETA(I) ) 351,360,351
351 L = L +1
RHED(L) = HED(L)
RBETA(L)= BETA(I)
RSB(L) = SB(I)
360 CONTINUE
J = 3 + (L+2)/3
IF ( J + LC - 59) 380,380,370
370 CALL MT (LC)
CALL ST (3)
CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
LC = LC + 2
380 GO TO (390,400),JUMP
390 TEM = 5HENTER
TEM2 = FINK
GO TO 410
400 TEM = 5HREMOV
TEM2 = F
410 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1112, TEM,ISTP,HED(K),TEM2,SY,RMUL,BETAZ
1112 FORMAT(12X,4HSTEP,6X,5HVAR. A5,2HED,10X,7HF LEVEL,8X,22HSTD. ERR.
10F DEP. VAR.,6X,10HMULTIPLE R,10X,13HCONSTANT TERM /12X,I4,10X,A6,
24(10X,1PE12.5))
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1113, (RHED(I),RBETA(I),RSB(I),I=1,L)
1113 FORMAT(3(5X,5HFIELD,5X,11HCOEFFICIENT,6X,10HSTD. ERROR )/
1 (5X,A6,4X,1PE12.5,4X,E12.5,4X,A6,4X,E12.5,4X,E12.5,4X,A6,4X,E12.5
2,4X,E12.5))
GO TO 220
C.....TOLERANCE CHECK.
420 IF (NMAX) 421,424,424
421 IF (LC+2-59) 423,423,422
422 CALL MT (LC)
CALL ST (3)
CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
LC = LC + 2

```

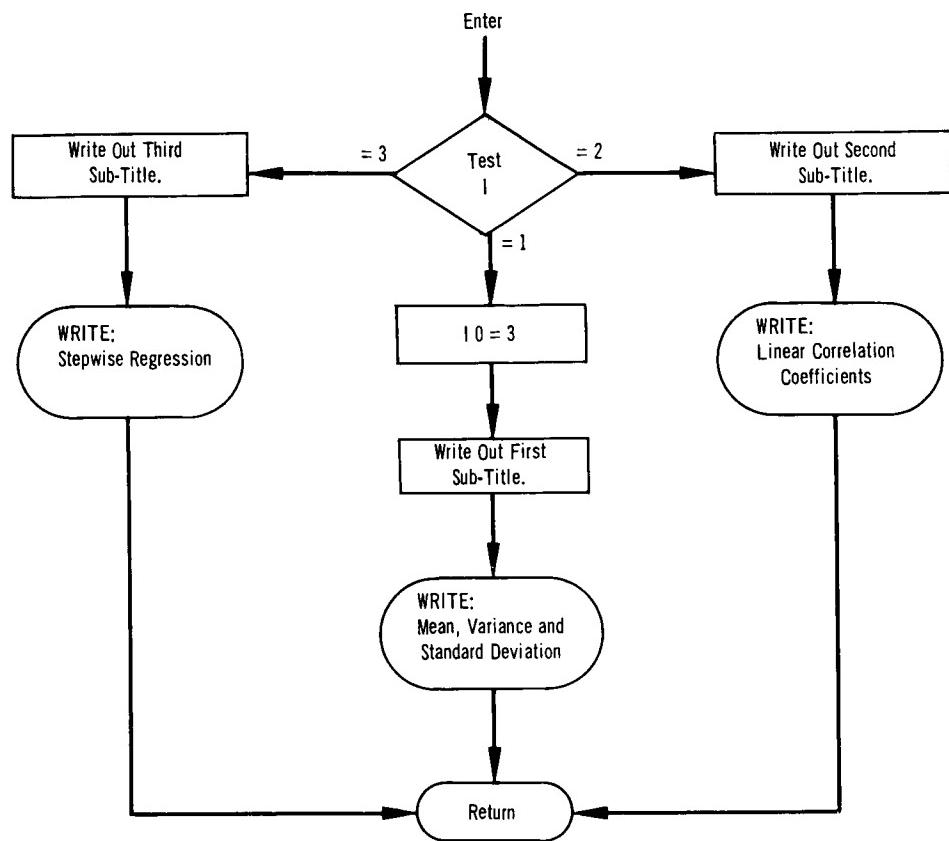
#### 4d. Statistical Analysis Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
423 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1116
1116 FORMAT(111HOTOLERANCE CHECK....REMAINING IND. VARS. HAVE TOO HIGH
1A CORRELATION WITH VARS. ALREADY IN REGRESSION EQUATION. )
LC = LC + 2
C.....FINAL VARIANCE CONTRIBUTION AND FINAL F LEVELS.
424 J = 2 + (NM1+2)/3
IF (LC + J - 59) 440,440,430
430 CALL MT (LC)
CALL ST (3)
CALL BATCYC (NBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
LC = LC + 2
440 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1114,(HED(I),V(I),FF(I),I=1,NM1)
1114 FORMAT(1H0,3(4X,5HEFIELD,4X,14HFFINAL VARIANCE,2X,13HF LEVEL)/
1 (5X,A6,4X,1PE12.5,4X,E12.5,4X,A6,4X,E12.5,4X,E12.5,4X,A6,4X,E12.5
2,4X,E12.5 ))
C.....WRITE DEGREES OF FREEDOM.
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1115, Iphi
1115 FORMAT (22H0 DEGREES OF FREEDOM = I5 )
GO TO 220
END
```

4e. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutines MT, BAT-CYC, ST, and FINI



4e. Statistical Analysis Routine – Subroutine MT, BAT-CYC, ST, and FINI (Continued)

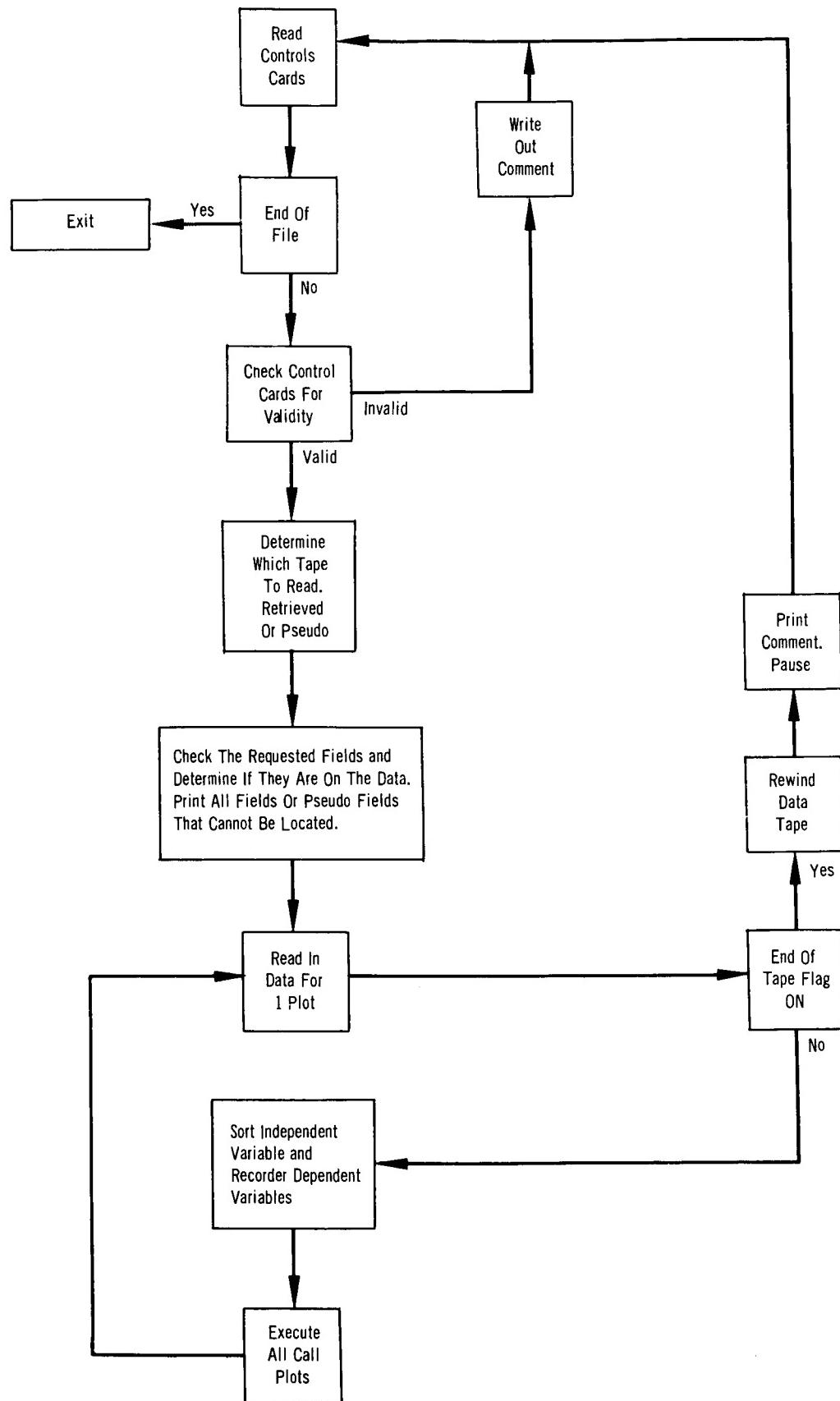


#### 4e. Statistical Analysis Routine - Subroutines MT, BAT-CYC, ST, and FINI (Continued)

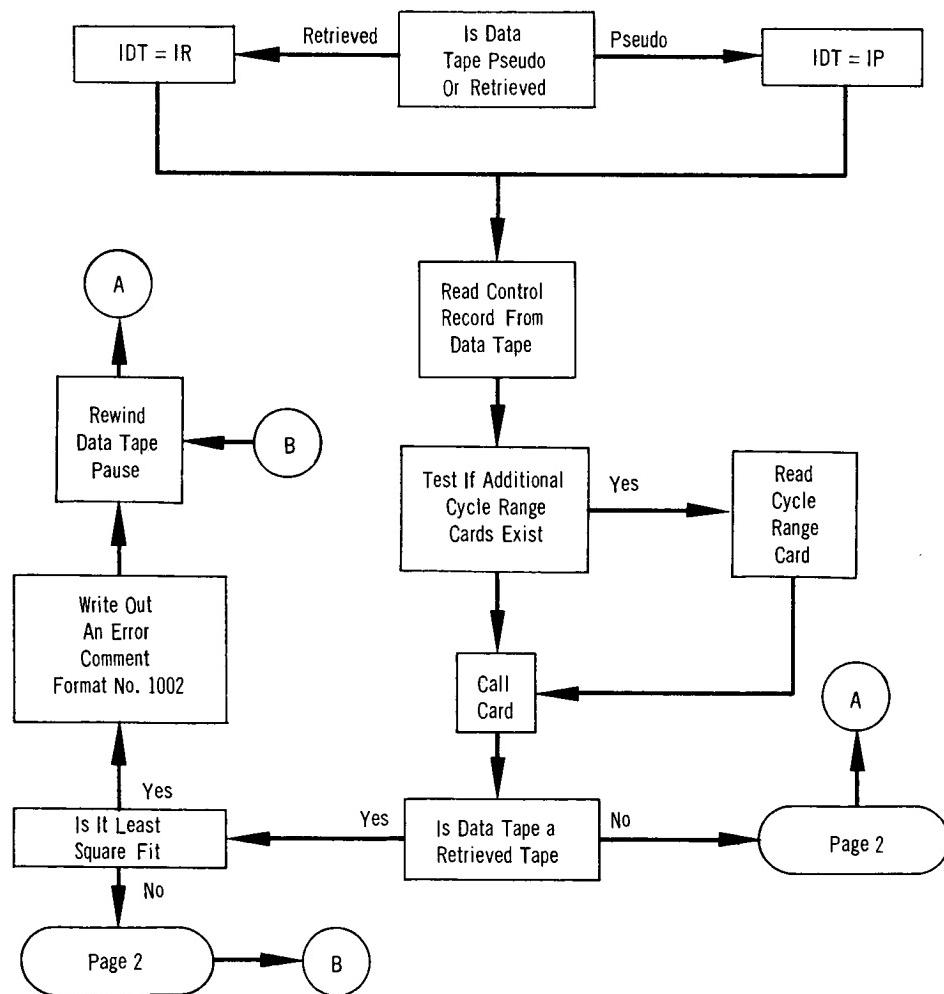
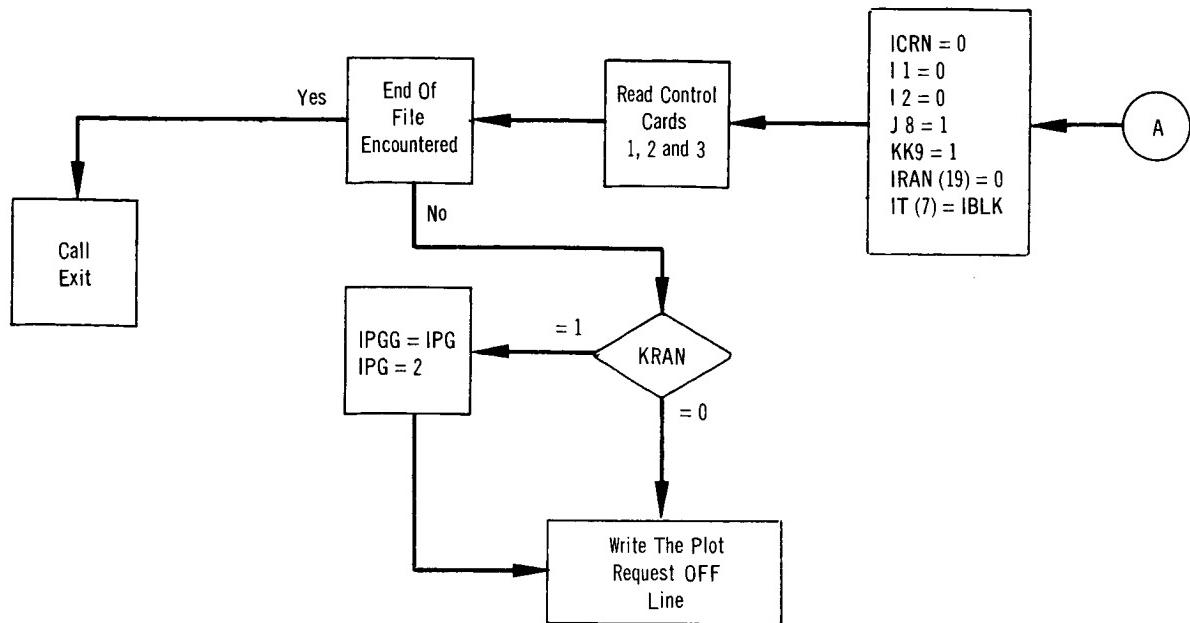
```
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* LABEL
CMT - MAIN TITLE ROUTINE.
SUBROUTINE MT (LC)
IF (LC) 2,1,2
1 MP = 1
IO = 3
2 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 3, NP
3 FORMAT(1H1,27X,72HS T A T I S T I C A L   A N A L Y S I S   P R
10 G R A M   O U T P U T ,21X,5HPAGE 15.)
MP = MP + 1
LC = 1
IF (MP=500) 5,5,4
4 CALL FINI
5 RETURN
END
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* LABEL
CST - SUBTITLE ROUTINE.
SUBROUTINE ST (I)
GO TO 1,3,5,I
1 IO = 3
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,2
2 FORMAT(25X,77HMEAN, VARIANCE AND STANDA
1 RD DEVIATION)
GO TO 7
3 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,4
4 FORMAT(32X,63HLINEAR CORRELATION COEFFI
1 CIENTS)
GO TO 7
5 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,6
6 FORMAT(46X,38HSTEPPWISE REGRESSION)
7 RETURN
END
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* LABEL
CBATCYC - BATTERY NO. CYCLE RANGE ROUTINE.
SUBROUTINE BATCYC (IBAT,LSCYC,LCYC)
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3,1,IBAT,LSCYC,LCYC
1 FORMAT(45X,7HRATTERRY 12,10X,11HCYCLE RANGE,15,1H-,14 )
RETURN
END
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* LABEL
CFINI
SUBROUTINE FINI
CALL EXIT
RETURN
END
```

## **5. Printed Plot Routine**

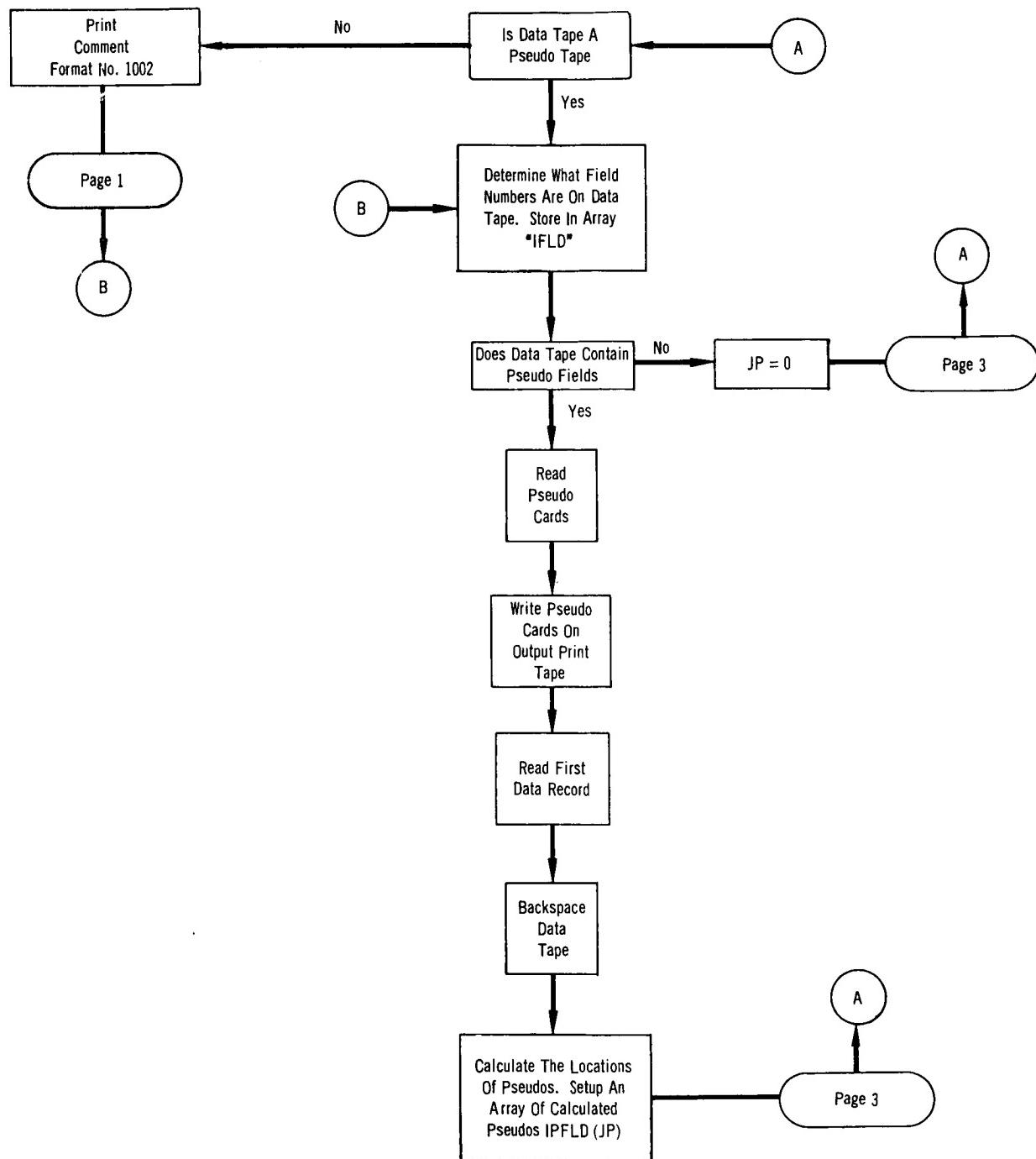
## 5. Printer Plot Routine – General Flow Charts



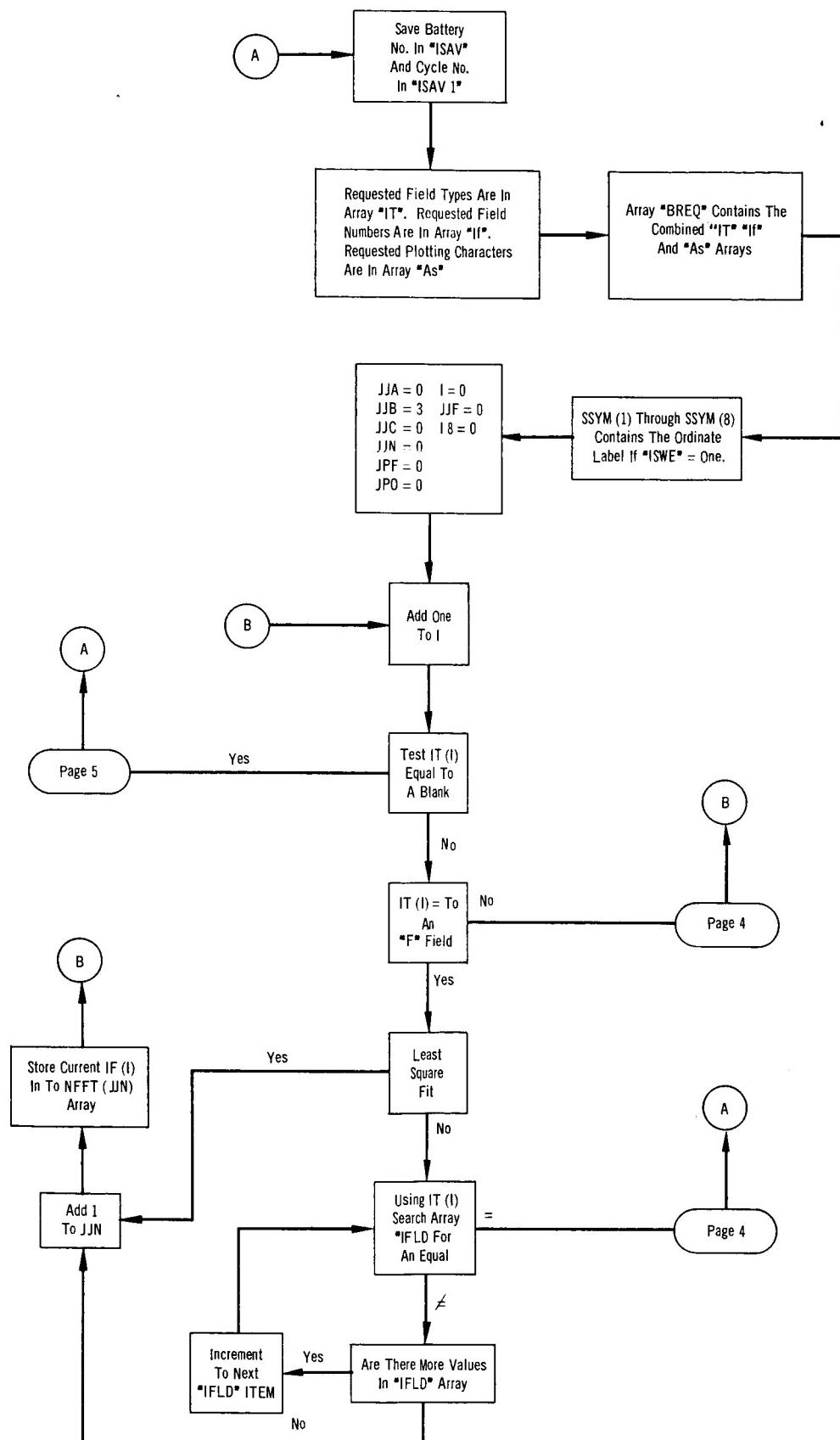
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts



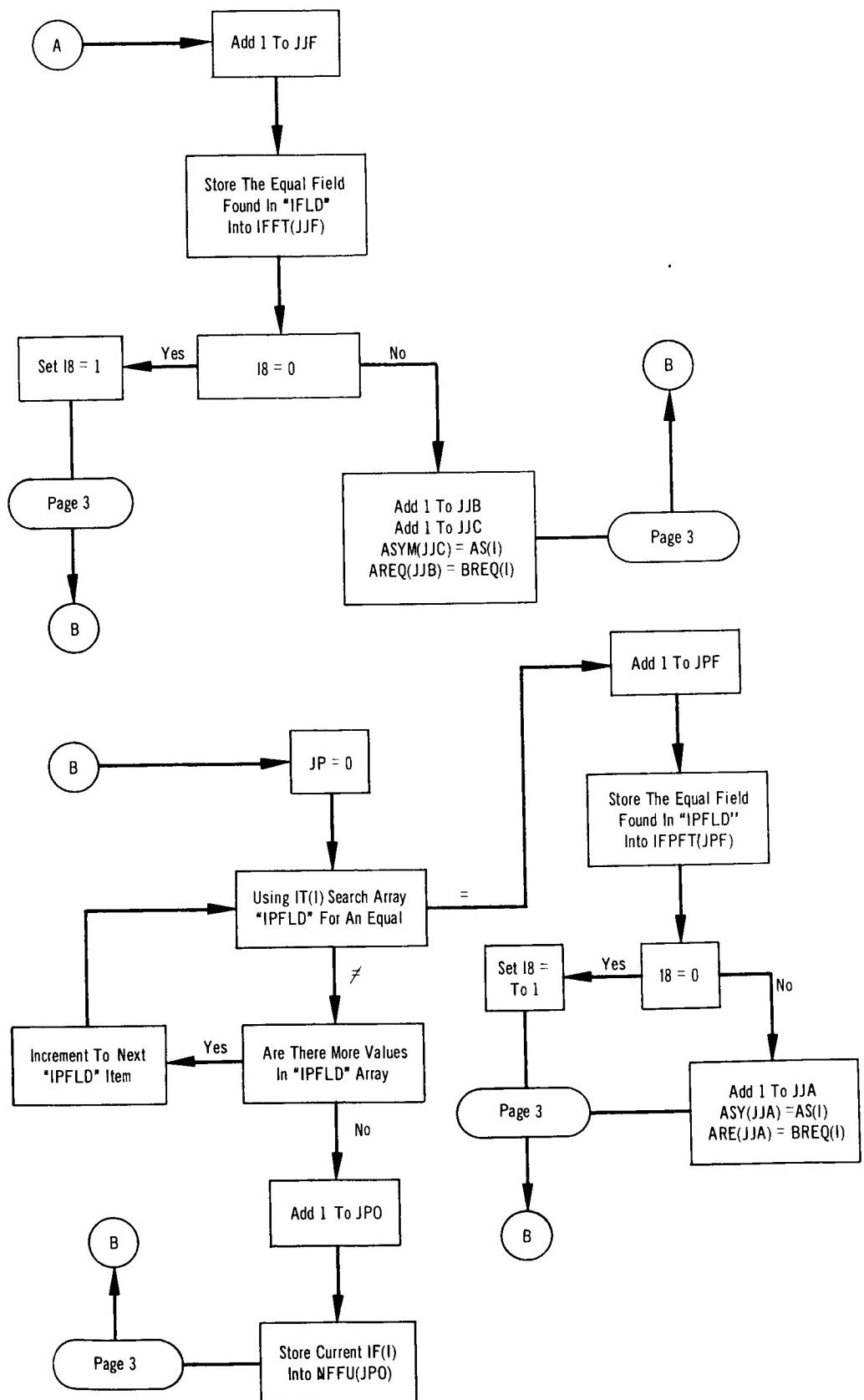
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



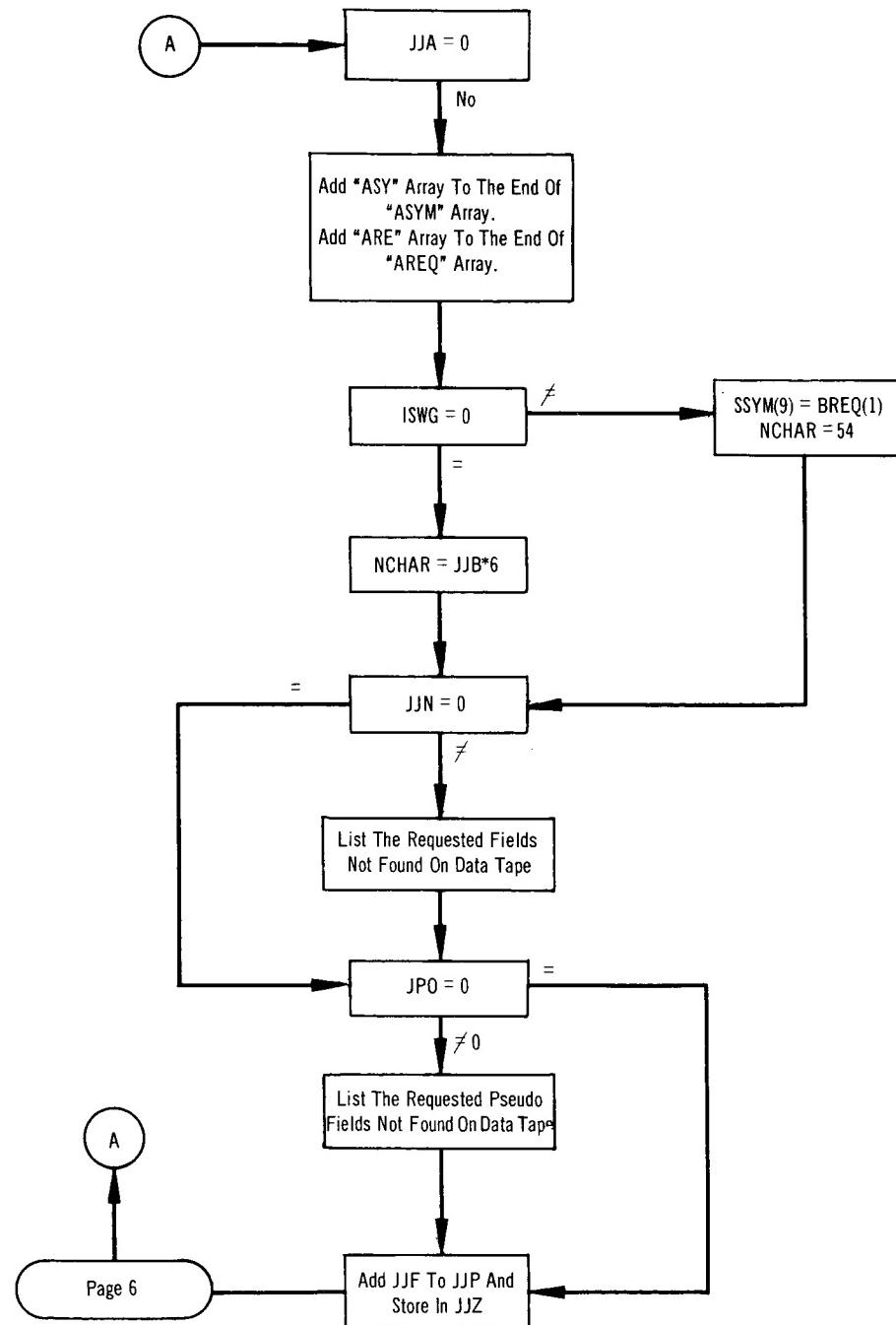
## 5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



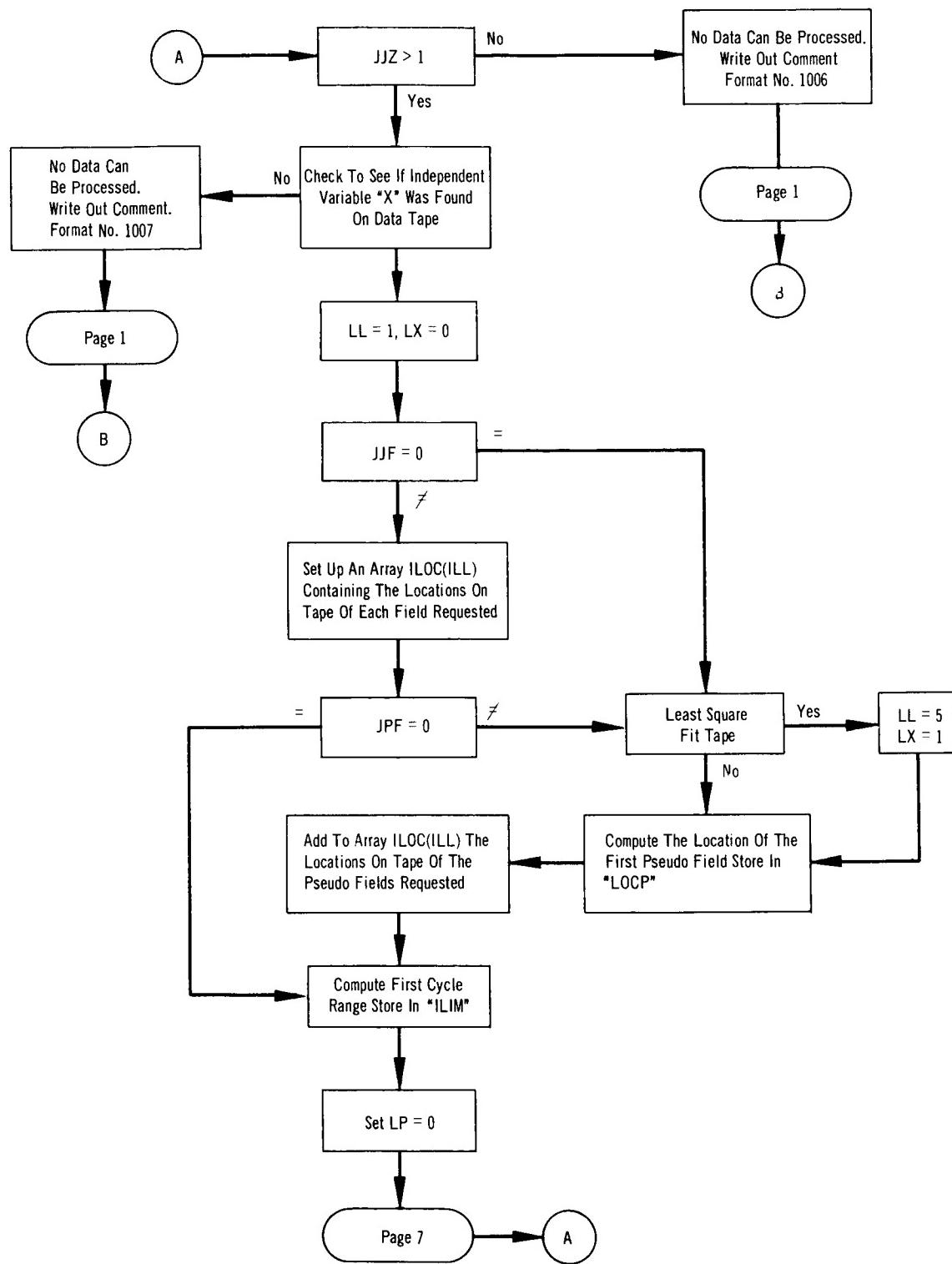
5a. Printer Plot Routine - Flow Charts (Continued)



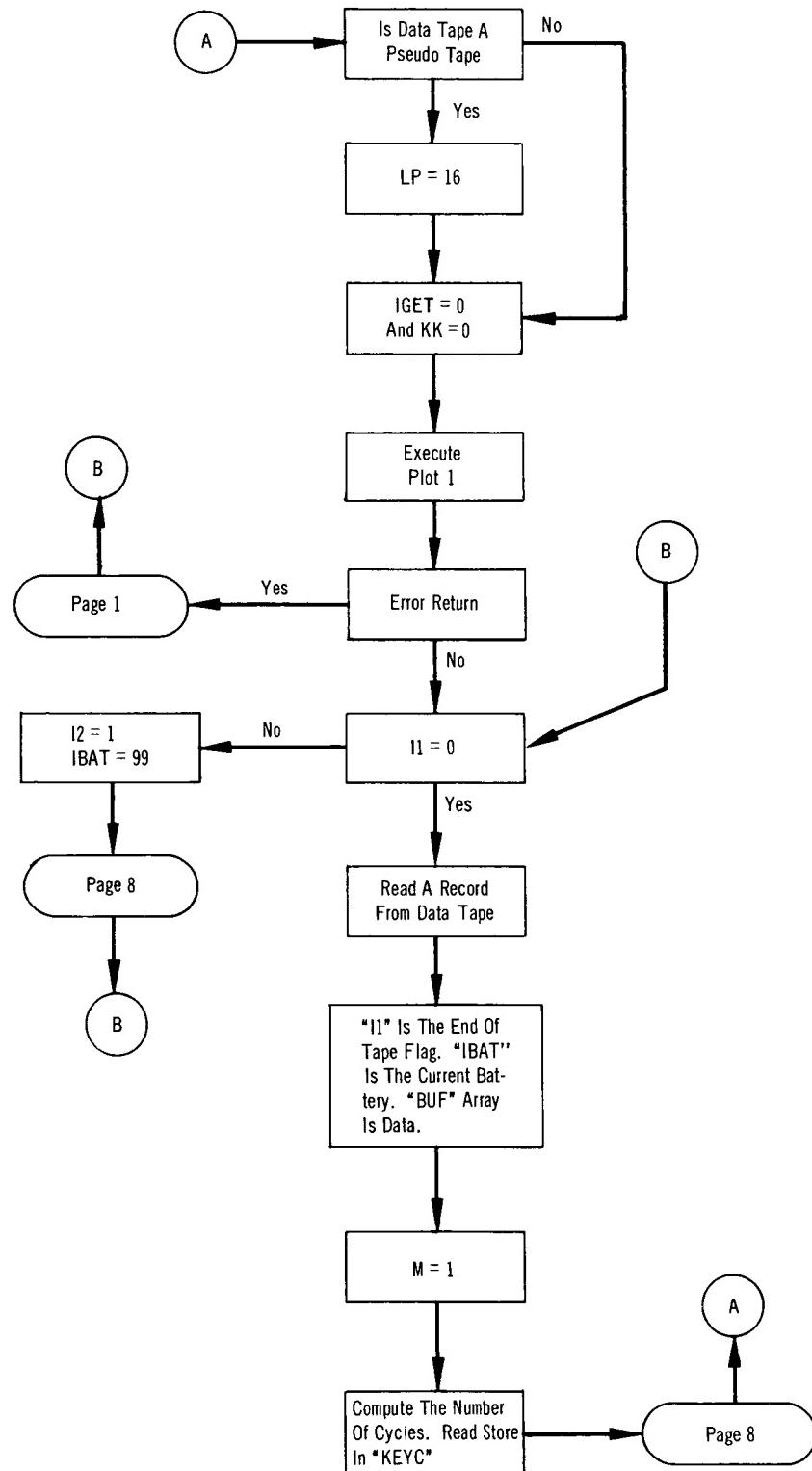
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



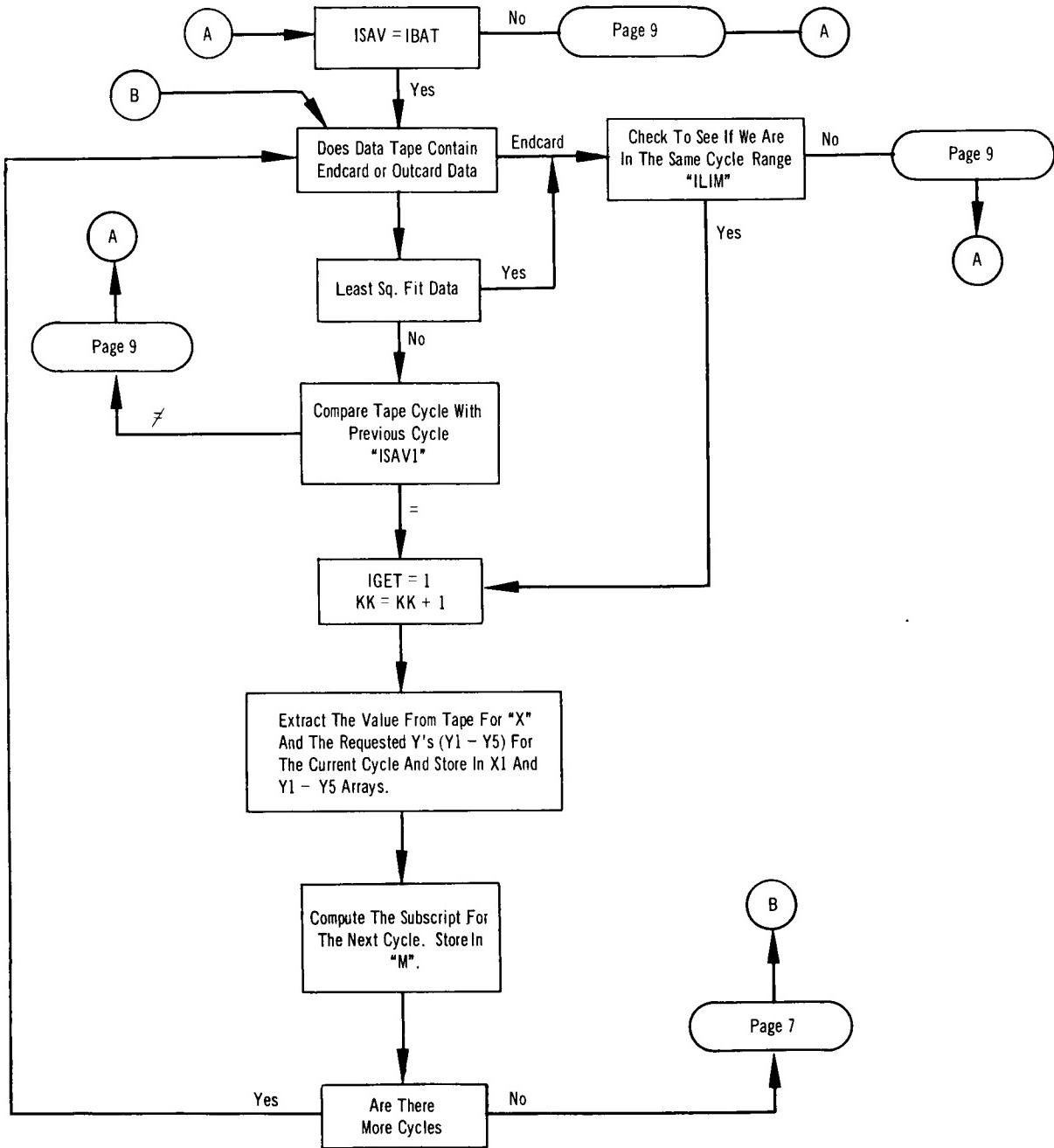
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



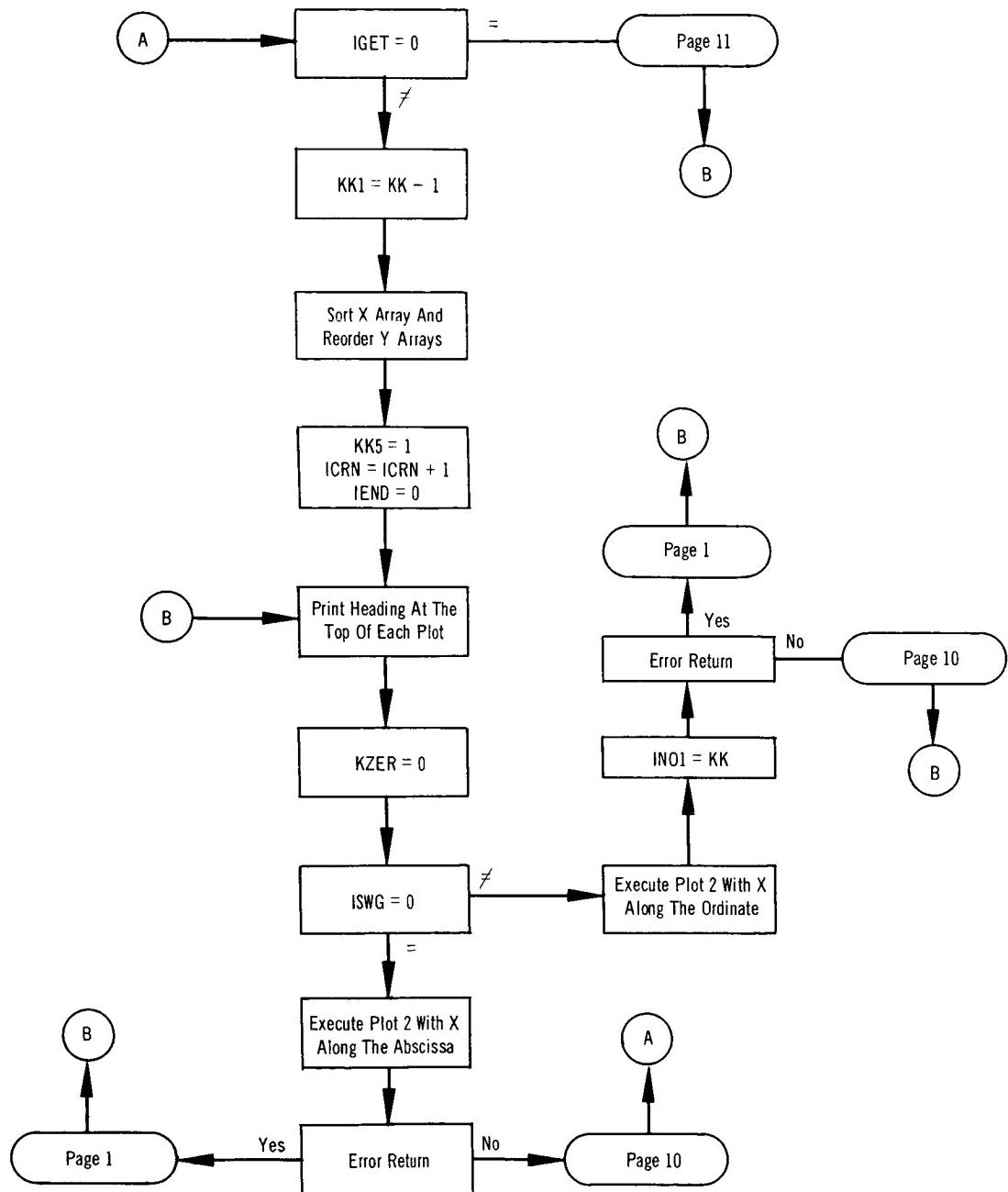
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



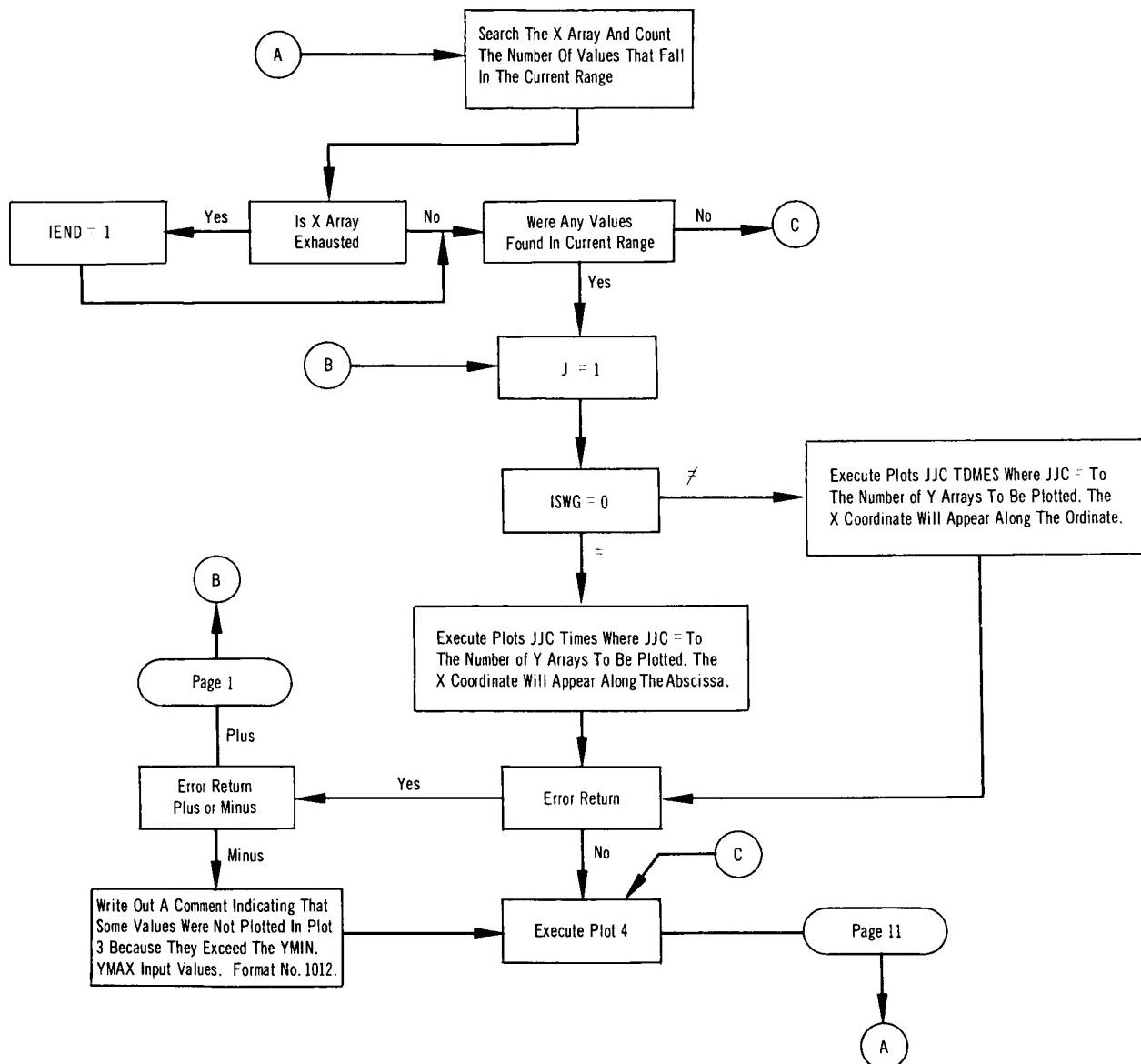
5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



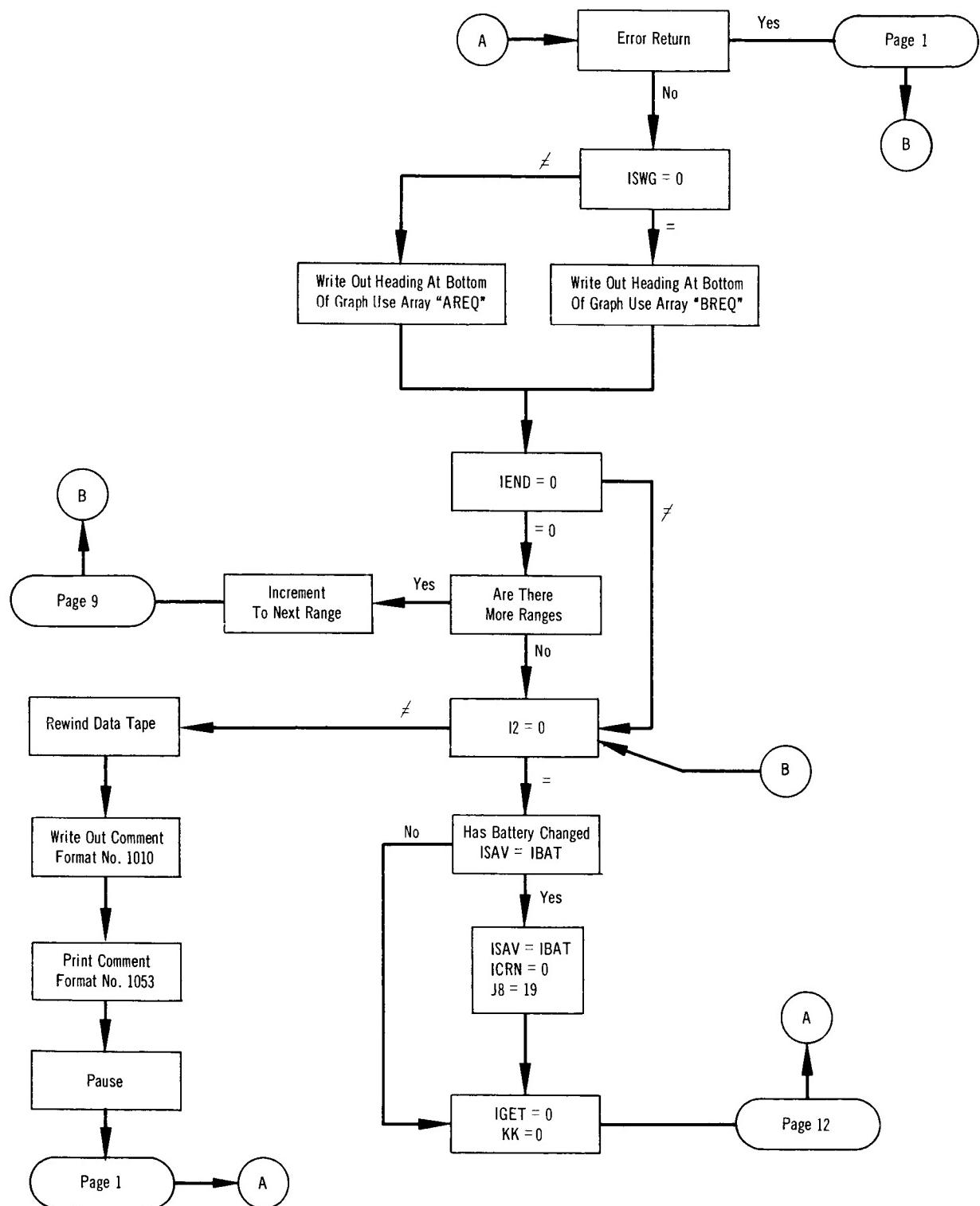
### 5a. Printer Plot Routine - Flow Charts (Continued)



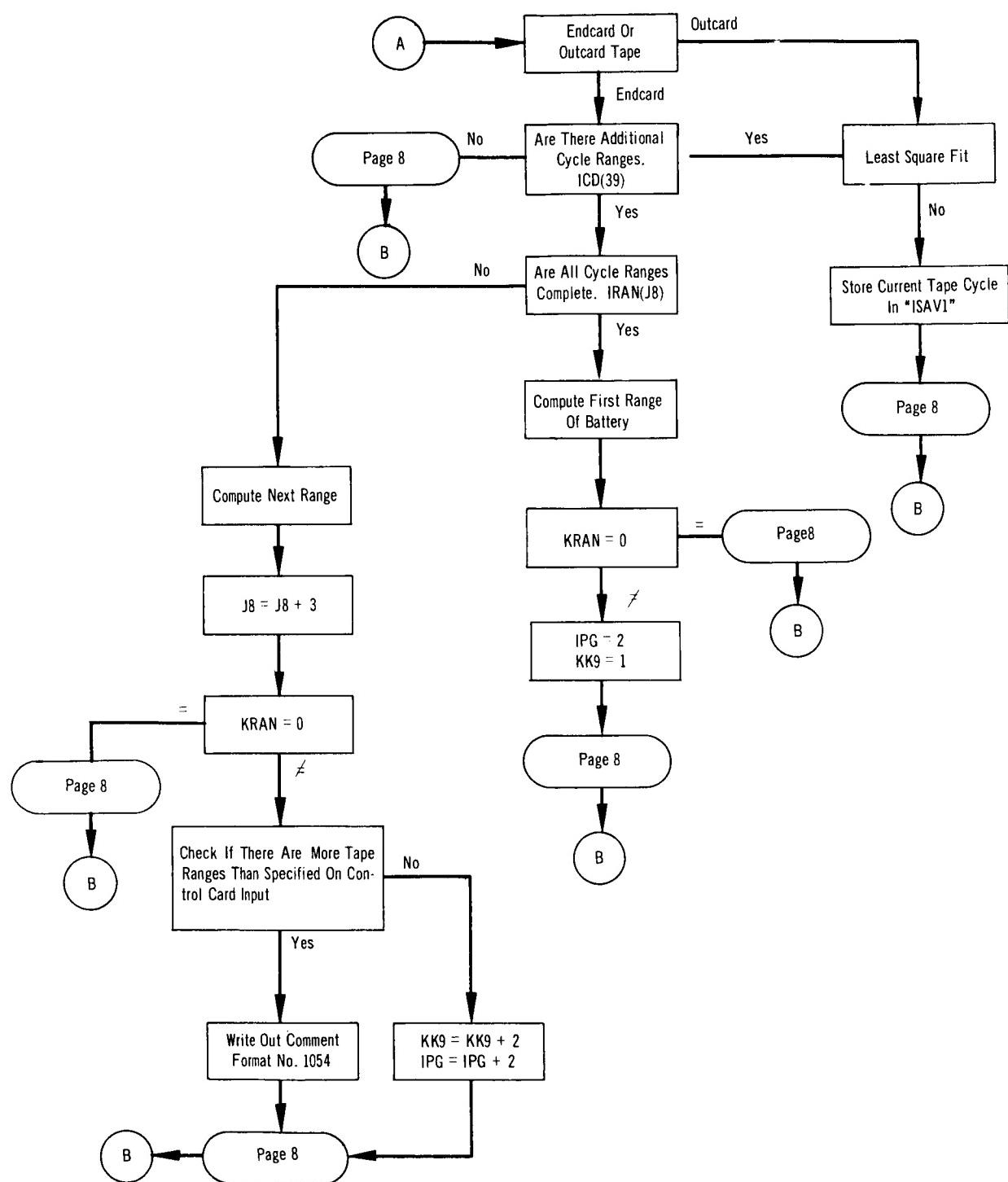
5a. Printer Plot Routine - Flow Charts (Continued)



5a. Printer Plot Routine – Flow Charts (Continued)



### 5a. Printer Plot Routine - Flow Charts (Continued)



## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements

```

SLOG 000403
* BATTERY TEST DATA PLOT ROUTINE      LRL P13P (A. F.)
* LRL. (AL FLINN)  P13P BLDG. 1
* PAUSE
* SYMBOL TABLE
* CARDS COLUMN
* LIST8
* FORMAP
* LABEL
CBPP   BATTERY TEST PRINTER PLOT ROUTINE
DIMENSION IMAGE(7000),PUE(4500),ICARD(1200),ICD(42),IRAN(19),
1 AS(6),IF(6),IT(7),NSCALE(5),ARE(5),BREQ(6),ASYM(5),NFFU(6),
1 IEPFT(6),IPFLD(16),ASY(5),AREU(8),ILOC(6),NFFT(6),IFFT(6),
1 IFLD(26),X1(500),Y1(500),Y2(500),Y3(500),Y4(500),Y5(500),
1 IBUL(1),XGRD(500),SSYM(9)
EQUIVALENCE (F,KF),(P,KP),(BLK,IBLK),(RUE,THU),(FLR,IFLR),
1(FLP,IFLP)
C SET UP TAPE NOS.
IO = 3
IN = 2
IP = 17
IR = 19
FLR = 6H$$$$$R
FLP = 6H$$$$$P
F = 1HF
P = 1HP
BLK = 1H
ATT=6HTHE
ATT1=6H..X .. X
ATT2=6H .. VA
ATT3=6HRIABLE
ATT4=6H FIELD
ATT5=6H..IS
SSYM(1) = BLK
SSYM(2) = BLK
SSYM(3) = ATT
SSYM(4) = ATT1
SSYM(5) = ATT2
SSYM(6) = ATT3
SSYM(7) = ATT4
SSYM(8) = ATT5
10 ICRN = 0
I1=0
I2=0
JB = 1
KK9 = 1
IRAN(19) = 0
IT(7)= IBLK
C READ CONTROL CARD
READ INPUT TAPE IN,1000,IOP,(NSCALE(I),I=1,5),NHL,NSBH,NVL,NSBV,
1 IT(1),IF(1),(IT(J),IF(J),AS(J),J=2,6)
1000 FORMAT(6I1,4(1X,I2),1X,A1,I2,5(A1,I2,A1))
BACKSPACE IN
READ INPUT TAPE IN,1013,(BREQ(I),I=1,6)
1013 FORMAT (19X,A3, 5A4 )
C.... READ IN MIN. AND MAX. VALUES FOR Y
READ INPUT TAPE IN,1050,YMIN,YMAX,IPG,ISWG,KRAN
1050 FORMAT ( 2E10.4,I2,2I1)

```

## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
C..... READ IN GRID RANGES
      READ INPUT TAPE IN,1051,(XGRD(I),I=1,IPG)
1051 FORMAT(6F10.4)
C     WRITE OUT CONTROL CARD
C     TEST IF IGRD ARRAY IS FOR COMPLETE RANGE OR IF EACH PAIR IS A RANGE
      IF(KRAN) 501,500,501
501   IPGG = IPG
      IPG = 2
500   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,1001, IOP,IT(I1),IE(I1), (IT(J1),IE(J1),ASL(J1),
      1 = 2,6)
1001 FORMAT(1H16X,25HDATA PLOT REQUEST, OPTION,I2,28H           X    VAR,
      1 FIELD IS ,A1,I2,56H.          Y    VARIABLE FIELDS WITH PLOTTING CHAR
      1ACTERS ARE,/7X,5(A1,I2,A1,3X))1
      AREQ(1) = BLK
      AREQ(2) = BLK
      AREQ(3) = BLK
C     DETERMINE IF DATA TAPE TO READ IS B9 OR B7
      IF( IOP - 1) 51,50,51
50   IDT=IP
      GO TO 52
51   IDT=IR
C     READ FIRST CONTROL RECORD FROM DATA TAPE
52   READ TAPE IDT, IFL,ICD
C     TEST IF ADDITIONAL CYCLE RANGE CARD EXISTS
      IF(ICD(39)) 53,54,53
53   READ TAPE IDT, (IRAN(I),I=1,18)
C     WRITE CONTROL LINEO ON OUTPUT TAPE
54   CALL CCARD(ICD,IRAN)
C     RETRIEVED TAPE WITH L.S.F. IS AN ERROR REQUEST
      IF (IFL - IFLR) 300,55,300
55   IF(ICD(18)-1)57,56,57
C     CANNOT PROCESS THIS TAPE
56   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 10,1002
1002 FORMAT (73HINPUT DATA TAPE IS OUTCARD LEAST SQ. WITHOUT PSEUDO FI
      1ELDS. CANNOT PLOT.)
68   REWIND IDT
      PAUSE
      GO TO 10
300  IF( IFL - IFLP) 301,57,301
301  PRINT 1020
1020 FORMAT (57H INPUT TAPE IS NOT A RETRIEVED OR PSEUDO TAPE. SCRAP R
      1UN)
      GO TO 68
C     DETERMINE WHAT INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE ON IDT
57   IF(ICD(41))59,58,59
58   J = 20
      GO TO 60
59   J=21
60   JJ =0
      IF (ICD(J)) 61,64,61
61   DO 63, I=J,38
      IF(ICD(I)) 62,71,62
62   JJ = JJ +1
63   IFLD(JJ) = ICD(I)
      GO TO 71
C     DETERMINE IF ENDCARD OR OUTCARD
64   IF(ICD(1)) 65,66,65
65   JJ = 26
```

## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```

      GO TO 67
66   JJ = 15
67   DO 70 I=1,JJ
70   IFLB(I) = I
C DETERMINE IF IDT IS L.S TYPE
71   LL =1
LX =0
    IF(ICD(18)=1) 72,72,73
72   LL= 5
    LX= 1
C DOES DATA TAPE CONTAIN PSEUDO FIELDS
73   IF(IFL = IFLP) 83,75,83
C READ PSEUDO EQUATIONS
75   READ TAPE IDT, I, (ICARD(K),K=1,I)
C WRITE OUT PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS
      SMITL OUTPUT IOW 1003, (ICARD(K),K=1,I)
1033 FORMAT (25HC PSEUDO EQUATION CARDS // (1X,12A6))
C READ ONE RECORD FROM IDT AND SET UP PSEUDO FIELD TABLE (IPFLD)
      READ TAPE IDT, I1,ICNT,IBAT, (BUF(I),I=1,ICNT)
      ISAV = IBAT
      ISAV1= XAESF(IBU)
      BACKSPACE IDT
C CALCULATE LOCATIONS OF PSEUDOS
      NLOC = (JJ * LL) + LX +2
C GENERATE A TABLE OF CALCULATED PSEUDOS
      JP = 0
DO 81 82 I=1,16
      IF(BUF(NLOC) = 1.F36) 81,82,81
81   JP = JP+1
      IPFLD(JP) = I
82   NLOC = NLOC +1
80   CONTINUE
      GO TO 84
83   JP =0
84   JJA= 0
      JJB = 3
      JJC = 0
      JJN = 0
      JPF = 0
      JPO = 0
      I=0
      JJF=0
      I8 = 0
94   I=I+1
      IF(IT(I) = IBLK) 90,101,90
90   IF(IT(I) = KF) 95,91,95
91   IF(ICD(18)=1) 85,96,85
85   DO 93 J=1,JJ
      IF (IF(I) = IFLD(J)) 93,92,93
92   JJF = JJF +1
      IFFT(JJF) = IFLD(J)
      IF(I8) 87 ,86, 87
86   I8 = 1
      GO TO 94
87   JJB = JJB +1
      JJC = JJC +1
      ASYM(JJC)= AS(I)
      AREQ(JJB)= BREQ(I)

```

## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
      GO TO 94
93  CONTINUE
26  JJN = JJN +1
    NFFT(JJN) = IF(I)
    GO TO 94
95  IF(JP) 98,100,98
98  DO 99   J=1, JP
    IF (IF(I) - IPFLD(J)) 99,97,99
97  JPFL = JPFL+1
    IFPFT(JPFL) = IPFLD(J)
    IF(I8L .89,88,89
88  I8 =1
    GO TO 94
89  JJA = JJA+1
    ASY (JJAJ = ASY(I)
    ARE (JJJA) = BREQ(I)
    GO TO 94
99  CONTINUE
100  JPO = JPO +1
    NFFU(JPO) = IF(I)
    GO TO 94
C     ADD ASY AND ARE ARRAYS TO ASYM AND AREQ ARRAYS
101  IF(JJA), 103,108,103
103  DO 104   I =1, JJA
    JJB = JJB +1
    JJC = JJC +1
    ASYM(JJC) = ASY(I)
    AREQ(JJB) = ARE(I)
104  CONTINUE
C     ARE WE SWITCHING X,Y, COORDINATES
C     CALCULATE THE NO. OF CHAR. FOR ORDINATE LABEL IN PLOT 4
108  IF(ISWG) 120,109,120
120  SSYM(9)=BREQ(11)
    NCHAR=54
    GO TO 102
109  NCHAR=JJB * 6
C     LIST THOSE FIELDS NOT FOUND
102  IF (JJN) 105,106,105
105  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1004, (NFFT(I),I=1,JJN)
1004 FORMAT (63H0 THE FOLLOWING FIELDS WERE NOT FOUND ON THE INPUT DATA
1  TAPE.../ 6I4)
C     LIST THOSE PSEUDOS NOT FOUND
106  IF(JPO) 107,110,107
107  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 1005, (NFFU(I),I=1,JPO)
1005 FORMAT (70H0 THE FOLLOWING PSEUDO FIELDS WERE NOT FOUND ON THE INP
1UT DATA TAPE.../ 6I4)
C     CAN ANY DATA BE PROCESSED
110  JJZ = JJF + JP
    IF(JJZ-1) 111,111,112
C     NO DATA CAN BE PROCESSED
111  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1006
1006 FORMAT(43H0 DATA CANNOT BE PROCESSED. RUN TERMINATED.)
    GO TO 68
C     CHECK TO SEE IF INDEPENDENT VARIABLE X WAS FOUND ON IDT
112  IF(IT(1) - KF) 115,113,115
113  IF (IF - IFFT) 114,116,114
114  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 1007
1007 FORMAT (56H0 INDEPENDENT VARIABLE CANNOT BE LOCATED. RUN TERMINATE
```

### 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
1D)
GO TO 68
115 IF (IIF - IFPFT) 114,116,114
C SETUP AN ARRAY CONTAINING THE LOCATIONS ON TAPE OF EACH FIELD
C REQUESTED.
116 LL=1
LX=0
ILL =0
C WERE FIELDS REQUESTED
IF (JJF) 130,140,130
130 IF (IT - KF ) 135,132,135
135 ILL = 1
132 DO 134 I=1,JF
ICNT = 0
DO 131 I=1,11
ICNT = ICNT +1
IF(IFFT(I) - IFLD(J)) 131,133,131
133 ILL = ILL +1
ILOC(ILL) = ICNT
GO TO 134
131 CONTINUE
134 CONTINUE
C PSEUDO FIELDS REQUESTED
IF (JPF) 143,150,143
140 ILL=1
C SETUP LOCATIONS FOR PSEUDO FIELDS IN ARRAY ILOC
143 IF(ICD(18)-1) 142,141,142
141 LL = 5
LX =1
142 LOCP = JJ * LL + LX
J=1
IF(IT-KF)127,126,127
127 ILOC = IFPEI + LOCP
IF(JPF - 1) 150,150,128
128 J=2
126 DO 145 I=J,JPF
ILL = ILL +1
ILOC(ILL) = IFPFT(I) + LOCP
145 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE FIRST RANGE
150 ILIM = ICD(14) + ICD(15) * (ICD(16)-1)
C
146 LP = 0
IF(IFL - IFLP) 129,147,129
147 LP = 16
129 IGET = 0
KK = 0
R = PLOT1(NSCALE,NHL,NSBH,NVL,NSHV)
IF(R) 149,149,68
149 I1 = 0
148 IF(I1)215,151,215
215 I2=1
IBAT=99
GO TO 213
151 READ TAPE 1DT,I1,ICNT,IBAT,(BUF(I),I=1,ICNT)
M=1
C COMPUTE THE NUMBER OF CYCLES READ
KCYC = ICNT / (( JJ * LL) +1 + LX + LP)
```

## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
C... EXTRACT DATA TO PLOT AND STORE SEPARATE ARRAYS.
C... HAVE WE CHANGED HATTERYS
213 DO 250 I=1,KCYC
      IF(ISAV-IBAT) 200,214,200
214 IF(ICD) 153,136,153
C... ARE WE IN THE SAME CYCLE RANGE(ENDCARD)
153 IF(XABSF(IBM)-ILIM) 154,154,200
C... ARE WE IN THE SAME CYCLE (OUTCARD)
C... CHECK LEAST SQ. FIT
136 IF(ICD(16)-1) 137,153,137
137 IF(XABSF(IBM)-ISAV1) 200,154,200
154 IGET = 1
      KK = KK +1
      J = 1
      IAD = ILOC(J) + N
      X1(KK) = BUF(IAD)
      J = J+1
158 IAU=ILOC(J) + N
      Y1(KK)=BUF(IAU)
163 IF (J - ILL) 164,190,164
164 J = J+1
      IAD=ILOC(J) + N
      Y2(KK) = BUF(IAD)
168 IF(J - ILL) 170,190,170
170 J = J+1
      IAD=ILOC(J) + N
      Y3(KK) = BUF(IAD)
174 IF(J - ILL) 175,190,175
175 J = J+1
      IAD=ILOC(J) + N
      Y4(KK) = BUF(IAD)
179 IF(J - ILL) 180,190,180
180 J=J+1
      IAD=ILOC(J) + N
      Y5(KK) = BUF(IAD)
C... COMPUTE SUBSCRIPT FOR NEXT CYCLE
190 M = M +(JJ * LL) +1 + LX + LP
      GO TO 250
C... X AND Y ARRAYS ARE SETUP FOR A COMPLETE RANGE IF ENDCARD OR A
C... COMPLETE CYCLE IF OUTCARD
C... SORT X ARRAY AND REORDER Y ARRAYS
C... CHECK TO SEE IF ANY CYCLES WERE EXTRACTED
200 IF(IGET) 202,240,202
202 KK1 = KK -1
      DO 205 L1 =1, KK1
      L4 =
      XX1 = X1(L1)
      L2 = L1 +1
      DO 206 L3= L2,KK
      IF (X1(L3) - XX1) 207,206,206
207 L4 = L3
      XX1 = X1(L4)
      CONTINUE
      IF(L4) 201,205,201
201 J = 2
      X1(L4) = X1(L1)
      X1(L1) = XX1
      XX1 = Y1(L4)
```

**5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)**

```

Y1(L4) = Y1(L1)
Y1(L1) = XX1
IF( J = ILL) 208,205,208
208 J = J+1
XX1 = Y2(L4)
Y2(L4) = Y2(L1)
Y2(L1) = XX1
IF (J = ILL) 209,205,209
-- 209 J = J+1
XX1 = Y3(L4)
Y3(L4) = Y3(L1)
Y3(L1) = XX1
IF (J = ILL) 210,205,210
210 J = J+1
XX1 = Y4(L4)
Y4(L4) = Y4(L1)
Y4(L1) = XX1
IF (J = ILL) 211,205,211
211 XX1 = Y5(L4)
Y5(L4) = Y5(L1)
Y5(L1) = XX1
205 CONTINUE
204 KK5=1
ICRN=ICRN+1
IEND = 0
DO 254 K = KK9,IPG,2
C PRINT HEADING AT THE TOP OF EACH PLOT.
IF(ICD(18)-1) 212,227,212
212 IF(ICD) 227,228,227
227 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1008,ISAV,ICRN
1008 FORMAT (1H145X,7HBATTERY,I4,12H CYCLE RANGE,13//)
GO TO 405
228 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1009,ISAV,ISAV1
1009 FORMAT (1H145X,7HBATTERY,I4, 6H CYCLE,15//)
405 KZER =0
IF(ISWG) 451,450,451
450 R=PLOT2(IMAGE,XGRD(K+1),XGRD(K),YMAX,YMIN)
IF(R) 406,406,68
451 R=PLOT2(IMAGE,YMAX,YMIN,XGRD(K+1),XGRD(K))
INO1=KK
452 IF(R) 411,411,68
406 DO 410 J=KK5,KK
IF(X1(J) = XGRD(K+1)) 408,408,409
409 INO1 = J - KK5
IMAX1 = KK5
KK5 = J
GO TO 415
408 KZER = 1
410 CONTINUE
IEND = 1
INO1 = KK - KK5 +1
IMAX1 = KK5
C CHECK TO SEE IF ANY VALUES WERE FOUND IN CURRENT RANGE. CHARGE
415 IF(KZER) 411,226,411
411 J = 1
IF(ISWG) 454,453,454
453 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),X1(IMAX1),Y1(IMAX1),INO1)
GO TO 455

```

## 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
454 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),Y1,X1,IN01)
455 IF(R) 232,233,68
232 L50 = 1
    GO TO 270
233 IF(IJC-J) 222,226,222
222 J = J+1
    IF(ISWG) 457,456,457
456 K=PLOT3(ASYM(J),X1(IMAX1),Y2(IMAX1),IN01)
    GO TO 458
457 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),Y2,X1,IN01)
458 IF(R) 234,235,68
234 L50 = 2
    GO TO 270
235 IF(IJC -J) 223,226,223
223 J= J+1
    IF(ISWG) 460,459,460
459 K=PLOT3(ASYM(J),X1(IMAX1),Y3(IMAX1),IN01)
    GO TO 461
460 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),Y3,X1,IN01)
461 IF(R) 236,237,68
236 L50 = 3
    GO TO 270
237 IF(IJC -J) 224,226,224
224 J = J+1
    IF(ISWG) 463,462,463
462 K=PLOT3(ASYM(J),X1(IMAX1),Y4(IMAX1),IN01)
    GO TO 464
463 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),Y4,X1,IN01)
464 IF(R) 238,239,68
238 L50 = 4
    GO TO 270
239 IF(IJC -J) 225,226,225
225 J = J+1
    IF(ISWG) 466,465,466
465 K=PLOT3(ASYM(J),X1(IMAX1),Y5(IMAX1),IN01)
    GO TO 467
466 R=PLOT3(ASYM(J),Y5,X1,IN01)
467 IF(R) 251,226,68
251 L50 = 5
    GO TO 270
226 IF(ISWG) 469,468,469
468 R=PLOT4(NCHAR,AREQ)
    GO TO 470
469 R=PLOT4(NCHAR,SSYM)
470 IF(R) 253,253,68
C   WRITE OUT FIELD HEADING FOR INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
253 IF(ISWG) 471,472,471
472 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1011,BREQ(1)
1011 FORMAT(1H0,40X,34HTHE VARIABLE FIELD IS ,A3)
    GO TO 473
471 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1052,(AREQ(J),J=1,JIB)
1052 FORMAT(1H0,25X,8A6)
473 IF(IEND) 240,254,240
270 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1012, ASYM(J)
1012 FORMAT(6X,44H PLOT3 FAILED TO PLOT ALL POINTS FOR SYMBOL ,A1)
    GO TO (233,235,237,239,226),L50
234 CONTINUE
C   ALL PLOTS FOR A CYCLE OR RANGE ARE COMPLETED. SETUP FOR NEXT SET
```

### 5b. Printed Plot Routine - Source Statements (Continued)

```
C HAS BATTERY CHANGED
240 IF(I2) 260,244,260
244 .IF(ISAV-IBAT) 241,242,241
241 ISAV = IBAT
ICRN=J
J8 = 19
242 IGET.=0
KK = 0
C ENDCARD OR OUTCARD
IF(ICD) 243,248,243
C ENDCARD
C ARE THERE ADDITIONAL RANGES
243 .IF(ICD(39)) 245,214,245
C ARE ALL RANGES COMPLETE
245 .IE(IRAN(J8+1)-246,247,246
C NO. SETUP NEXT RANGE
246 .ILIM = IRAN(J8) + IRAN(J8+1) * (-IRAN(J8+2),-1)
J8 = J8+3
IE(KRAN) 502,214,502
502 IF(IPG = IPGG) 505,504,504
504 .WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,1054
1054 FORMAT (1H1,10X,66HRUN TERMINATED. TAPE RANGES EXCEED INPUT RANGES
1. ON CONTROL CARD 31
GO TO 68
505 .KK9=KK9+2
IPG = IPG +2
GO TO 214
C SETUP UP FIRSTRANGE
247 .ILIM = ICD(14) + ICD(15) *(ICD(16)-1)
J8 = 1
IE(KRAN) 503,214,503
503 IPG = 2
KK9 = 1
GO TO 214
248 .IF(ICD(18)-1) 249,243,249
249 ISAV1= XABSF(IBU(M))
GO TO 214
250 CONTINUE
GO TO 148
C TAPE COMPLETELY PROCESSED
260 REWIND IDT
.WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 1010
1010 FORMAT (1H1,10X,22HPLOT REQUEST COMPLETED)
PRINT 1053
1053 FORMAT (39H PUSH START TO CONTINUE WITH NEXT RUN)
PAUSE
GO TO 10
END
```

EOF E SY

**5b. Printed Plot Routine – Source Statements (Continued)**

```

$LOG 002292
* PAUSE
* SYMBOL TABLE
* LIST8
* CARDS COLUMN
* FORMAP
* LABEL
CCCARD
    SUBROUTINE CCARD(ICD,IRNG)
    DIMENSION ICD(43),IBAT(15),IFIELD(30),IRNG(19)
    IO = 3
    IRNG(19) = 0
    K1= 0
    DO 23 I= 2,13
    IF (ICD(I)) 24,23,24
24   K1= K1 +1
    IBAT(K1)= I-2
23   CONTINUE
C.... LOCATE FIELDS REQUESTED
    K2 =0
    IF (ICD(142)) 13,4,3
3     III=21
    GO TO 5
4     III=20
5     DO 33 I=III,36
    IF (ICD(I)) 31,32,31
31   K2= K2 +1
    IFIELD(K2) = ICD(I)
33   CONTINUE
32   IF (K2) 40,38,40
C.... ALL FIELDS ARE TO BE SELECTED
38   IF (ICD(1)) 35,34,35
C.... OUTCARD
34   J=15
    GO TO 36
C.... END CARD
35   J = 26
36   DO 37 K2 =1, J
    IFIELD(K2)= K2
37   CONTINUE
40   ICYC = ICD(14)
    IF (ICD(1)) 42,41,42
41   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 917
    GO TO 43
42   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 916
43   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 903,(IBAT(I),I=1,K1)
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 904, ICYC
    WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 905, ICD(15),ICD(16)
    IF (ICD(17)) 45,44,45
44   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 906
    GO TO 46
45   IF (ICD(17)-2) 511,510,511
510  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,949
    GO TO 46
511  WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO,907
46   IF (ICD(1)) 54,47,54
47   IF (ICD(18) - 1) 49,48, 49
48   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 908
    GO TO 54
49   IF (ICD(18)) 51,50,51
50   WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 911
    GO TO 54
51   IF (ICD(18) - 2 ) 53,52,53

```

A3

### 5b. Printed Plot Routine – Source Statements (Continued)

```
52 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 909, ICD(19)
53 GO TO 54
54 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 910, ICD(19)
55 IF(ICD(20))56,55,56
55 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 918
56 GO TO 57
56 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 912,(IFIFLD(I),I=1,K2)
57 IF(ICD(41))58,59,58
58 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 913
59 IF(ICD(42))60,61,60
60 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 914,ICD(20)
61 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 915,ICD(43)
61 IF (ICD(40)) 63,62,63
63 I = 1
63 ICR = 2
64 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE IO, 955,ICR,IRNG(I),IRNG(I+1),IRNG(I+2)
64 I = I+3
64 ICR = ICR + 1
64 IF(IRNG(I)) 64,62,64
62 RETURN
903 FORMAT (1H05X,23HATTERYS REQUESTED ARE 12I4)
904 FORMAT (6X,21HSTARTING CYCLE NO IS I4)
905 FORMAT (6X,13HINCREMENT IS I3,21H NUMBER OF INCREMENTS I4)
906 FORMAT (6X,12HCHARGE PHASE)
907 FORMAT (6X,15HDISCHARGE PHASE)
908 FORMAT (6X,36HLEAST SQUARE FIT ON REQUESTED FIELDS)
909 FORMAT (6X,6HFIRST 12,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
910 FORMAT (6X,5HLAST 12,27H PERCENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
911 FORMAT (6X,31H100 PER CENT OF CYCLE REQUESTED)
912 FORMAT (6X,16HFIELDS REQUESTED22I4)
913 FORMAT (6X,22HINVALID DATA REQUESTED)
914 FORMAT (6X,35HCELL CYCLE REQUEST ON OUTCARD FIELD15)
915 FORMAT (6X,11HEXPIRED DAYI4)
916 FORMAT (6X,22HENDCARD DATA REQUESTED)
917 FORMAT (6X,22HOUTCARD DATA REQUESTED)
918 FORMAT (6X,20HALL FIELDS REQUESTED)
949 FORMAT (6X,26HCHARGE AND DISCHARGE PHASE)
955 FORMAT (1H06X,11HCYCLE RANGEI2,16H STARTING CYCLEI5,11H INCREMEN
1T15,22H NUMBER OF INCREMENTSI5)
955 END
```

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